THE WEATHER

Local thunder showers Wednesday and Thursday, cooler Wednesday east portion.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

IT WOULD "COST LESS"

To keep your store open but three days a week—but it wouldn't pay so well. This same argument applies to "spasmodic" advertising.

VOL. XCIV—NO. 148. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 26, 1914 WHOLE NUMBER 13,739.

FATE OF FRANCE HANGS ON BATTLE NOW RAGING ALONG THE FRONTIER

Victorious Germans Still Advancing Despite Losses

Allied Armies Fall Back Along Two Hundred Mile Frant Before Determined Attack of the Germans—Abandon the Offensive and Attempt to Break Advance From Fortified Places.

MUELHAUSEN AGAIN EVACUATED BY THE FRENCH

British War Department Announces That More Than Two Thousand English Soldiers Have Been Killed in Belgium During Fight—Russian Forces Advancing Along German Border is Word From St. Petersburg

The French commander in chief has withdrawn his forces from the territory recently occupied and is massing them along with their British allies, in a strong line between Maubeuge on the north, and Donon, on the south, a distance of about 200 miles.

The allies having abandoned the offensive, according to official announcement will assume a purely defensive attitude in the hope of checking the advance of the vast masses of German troops endeavoring to break through the line.

A combined French and British force is holding the front near Givet, along the river Meuse about thirty miles below Namur while French troops command the roads out of the great forest of Ardennes.

Upon the ability of the allies to hold the Germans the French war office admits, depends the fate of France.

A British official statement announces that the position of the British troops is in every way satisfactory.

Announcement is made, however, that British casualties in the recent fighting numbered 2,000. Field Marshal Sir John French, commander of the British forces on the continent reports that the withdrawal of his troops to the new position was successfully carried out.

Earl Kitchener, secretary of war announces that the 100,000 men asked for in the first instance have joined the colors and declares that reinforcements to the British army will steadily and surely increase until there will be a British army in the field, which "in number will not be less than in quality and responsibility of the British empire."

Reports from The Hague say that the Germans who have been massed in large numbers along the Dutch forntier have disappeared and that the mobilization of the Dutch army has ceased. Muelhausen again has been evacuated by the French.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT ISSUED.

French War Office Declares Fate of France Hangs In Balance.

Paris, August 26.—The war office has issued the following official announcement:

"The commander-in-chief, requiring all available forces on the Meuse, has ordered the progressive abandonment of occupied territory, Muelhausen again has been evacuated.

"A new battle is in progress between Maubeuge (Department of Nord), and Donon, in Central Vosges. On it hangs the fate of France. Operations in Alsace along the Rhine would take away troops on which might depend victory. It is necessary that they all withdraw from Alsace temporarily, to assure its final deliverance. It is a matter of hard necessity.

"West of the Meuse, as a result of orders issued Sunday by the commanding chief, the troops which are to remain on the covering line, to take up the defensive, are massed as follows:

"The French and British troops occupy a front near Givet, which they gained by hard fighting. They are holding their adversaries and sharply checking their attacks.

"East of the Meuse our troops have regained their original positions commanding the roads out of the great forest Ardennes.

"To the right we assumed the offensive, driving back the enemy by a vigorous onslaught but General Joffre stopped pursuit to re-establish his front along the line decided on Sunday. In this attack our troops showed admirable dash. The sixth corps, notably, inflicted punishment on the enemy close to Virton.

"In Lorraine the two armies have begun a combined attack, one starting from Grand Couronne de Nancy, and the other from South of Luneville. The engagement which began yesterday (Monday), continues at the time of writing. The sound of canonading is not heard at Nancy as it was yesterday."

Returned to Battle.

The 15th corps, which suffered severely in the last fight, had the gaps in its ranks filled and formed part of one of the two armies. It executed a brilliant counter attack in the valley of Vezoux. The attitude of the troops was splendid effacing all memories of their conduct on August 20th.

"Notwithstanding the fatigue of the three days battle and the losses they have undergone, the morale of the troops is excellent and they are anxious to resume fighting. The outstanding incident Sunday was the fight between Algerian and Senegalex riflemen and the Prussian guard. Our African soldiers hurled themselves with unbridled fury on this solid body and the attack became a hand-to-hand combat, in which the guard suffered heavily. The German Emperor's uncle, General Prince Adelbert, was killed and his body taken to Charleroi.

"Our arms will continue their magnificent effort in the knowledge that they are fighting in the cause of civilization. All France follows the struggle calmly and with strong heart. The sons of France are supported by the heroic Belgians, who have re-captured Malines, and the courageous English army. Meanwhile the Russians are marching along the roads of West Prussia and the invasion of Germany is progressing.

"In the north detachments of German cavalry, which appeared Sunday in the neighborhood of Lille, Roubaix and Tourcoing, were observed yesterday near Douai. This cavalry cannot advance much further without the risk of falling into the English lines,

(Continued on Page Two.)

IS AUSTRIA TO WAR ON JAPAN?

London, August 26.—A dispatch from Vienna to the Reuter Telegram company, by way of Amsterdam, gives the official announcement that the Austrian government on Tuesday handed his passports to the Japanese ambassador.

The Austrian ambassador at Tokio, it is also announced has been recalled.

WAR BULLETINS

Rotter (via London), August 26.—Reports from The Hague say Germans who had been massed along the Dutch frontier have disappeared and that mobilization of the Dutch army has ceased. Whether the mobilization will be continued it has been impossible to ascertain.

London, August 26.—The official news bureau says: "The German papers of August 22 and 4, publish orders that boys of from 16 to 19 years of age shall be put through a course of musketry and military training. Retired officers will be engaged as instructors."

London, August 26.—A dispatch to the Reuters Telegraph Company from Nish, Servia, says:

"The latest information received here is that the bombardment of Belgrade still is most severe. Shells of large calibre are doing immense damage. Hardly a building remains undamaged. The palace has been partly burned."

London, August 26.—The Exchange Telegraph Company's Rome correspondent says that as a result of the Austrian government having ordered the cruiser Kaiserin Elizabeth to join the German fleet at Tsin-Tau the Austrian government momentarily is expecting a declaration of war by Japan.

London, August 25.—A dispatch to The Times from Ostend sent today, says that thirty thousand Germans are attacking Malines, a Belgian city, 13 miles southeast of Antwerp. Skirmishing is general in Northwest Flanders.

London ,August 25.—Germans in the north appear to be resuming the offensive, according to an official statement sent from Paris by the Reuter correspondent. The statement adds, however, that this movement was stopped by the French army in conjunction with the British yesterday.

The Belgian troops, making a surprise sortie from Antwerp, drove the German advance guard beyond Malines.

London, August 25.—An Antwerp dispatch to the Reuter Telegraph Company says that early today 2,000 Germans bombarded Malines, 14 miles southeast of Antwerp. Two hundred houses were partly destroyed. The Belgians made an energetic counter attack and drove the Germans back as far as Vilvorde to the south. Losses on both sides were considerable.

London, August 25.—A dispatch to the Times from Rome says the Italian Premier Saladra, assured a committee of deputies that no mobilizatio nwas imminent in Italy and that if it did occur later it would not mean any abandoment of Italian neutrality.

New York, Aug. 25.—The Potsdam cleared from New York for Rotterdam and her sailing orders did not call for a stop at any port between New York and Rotterdam. The agents of the Holland-American Line, to which the ship belonged, have received no word of her arrival at Falmouth and express their ignorance of the circumstances that led her to an English port. It is surmised here that she was spoken at sea by one of the British patrol ships and when the presence of Austrian and German reservists on board was discovered she was convoyed into an English port.

Paris, Aug. 25.—The Journal this afternoon says it has obtained from an authorized source the news that in a battle fought yesterday, an uncle of Emperor William, commanding the Imperial Guard, was killed

Emperor William of Germany, has no living paternal uncle. An uncle on his maternal side, being of English origin (the Emperor's mother having been a British Princess) naturally would be opposed to the Germans in the present war.

SMITH LEADING FIELD; BLEASE CLOSE SECOND

Meager Returns From Yesterday's Democratic Primary in South Carolina Show Senator Smith and Governor Cole Blease Leading for Senate—Will Be Days Before Bubernatorial Contest is Decided

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 25.—Returns late tonight from the Democratic primary held throughout South Carolina today indicated the re-nomination of United States Senator E. D. Smith over Governor Cole L. Blease, W. P. Pollock and L. D. Jennings. With about half the vote heard from Smith has a lead of 8,200. The vote at midnight stood:

Smith 36,722; Blease 28,519; Jennings 922; Pollock 833.

For Governor, a second race is a certainty, with Richard I. Manning the leader in the returns up to midnight, and Robert A. Cooper and John G. Richards as his opponents.

The vote at midnight stood: Manning 11,361; Cooper 10,799; Richards 10,300; Clinkscales 8,444.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 25.—Candidates for nomination as Governor, United States Senator, Congress and various State offices, voted for at today's Democratic primary in South Carolina, late tonight still were in doubt as to the outcome of their campaign.

Scattered and incomplete returns from various points indicated that Senator Ellyson B. Smith and Governor Cole L. Blease were leading both L. D. Jennings and W. P. Pollock in the race for the senatorial nomination, and will participate in the second primary, September 8th. Interest was chiefly centered about this contest. Governor Blease has based his claims for nomination largely upon an anti-negro platform. He has promised that he will, if elected, oust all negro Federal employes from office in South Carolina. Senator Smith has attacked the various official acts of Governor Blease and has repeatedly announced that he was "running on his record."

Because of the heavy vote polled, the length of the ballot and the necessary delay in receiving returns from the rural districts, it was impossible late tonight to determine which two of the 11 candidates for Governor would enter the second primary.

It was stated here tonight that several days probably would be required to compile the official returns in the above contests as well as those for Congress and State officers.

SMITH CARRIES SPARTANBURG.

Gets a Majority of Votes Cast in That County—Blease Second.

Spartanburg, S. C., Aug. 25.—Returns in today's primary from 50 out of 86 boxes in Spartanburg county give for Senator:

Blease 2,105; Jennings 69; Pollock 12; Smith 2,655.

For Governor the same boxes give: Clinscales, 2,372; Cooper 349; Irby, 1,127; Richards 546; Manning 1,660.

MAJORITY IN ANDERSON.

Senator Smith Leads With More Than Half of Votes Cast.

Anderson, S. C., Aug. 25.—Early returns in Anderson county indicate that Senator Smith will have a majority. Out of 31 boxes the vote stands as follows: Blease 2,404; Smith 2,511.

In the race for Governor 13 boxes give the following results: Irby 499; Manning 735; Richards, 548; Clinkscales 655; Cooper 600.

In the race for governor two years ago Blease carried Anderson county by 2,600, and this was regarded as one of his strongholds.

IN GREENVILLE COUNTY.

Early Returns Show Smith Leading Governor by Thousand Votes.

Greenville, S. C., Aug. 25.—Early returns in Greenville county, 47 out of 58 boxes for Senator: Blease 2,864; Smith, 3,885.

GOVERNMENT TO SUPPLY ALL MONEY NECESSARY

To Finance the Country's Cotton and Other Staple Crops, is the Declaration Made by Secretary McAdoo Before Conference in Washington Yesterday— Committee at Work on Warehouse Plans.

Washington, August 25.—Assured that all the currency necessary to finance the country's cotton and other staple crops will be furnished by National banks, on warehouse certificates, a committee of 18 representative planters, manufacturers, dealers and bankers and government officials tonight began working out plans for actually bringing this money into circulation. Steps toward providing safe and adequate warehouse facilities throughout the producing centers already are under way, and leaders in the movement are confident that in the course of a few weeks the emergency created by the European war will have been met.

The committee was appointed after a conference at the Treasury Department today and to co-operate with it Secreary McAdoo designed W. P. G. Hardin of the Federal Reserve Board; C. J. Brand, chief of the office of market, and T. N. Carver, of the office of markets, and rural organizations.

In an address to the conference, Secretary McAdoo emphatically condemned valorization schemes and all suggestions that State banks issue currency. He dwelt upon the dangers of an inflated currency and declared that the integrity and the financial stricture of the United States depended upon the National banks.

Against Inflated Currency.

"It is not necessary to have everybody issuing currency," said the Secretary. "The National banking system of this country, properly inspected and under Governmental supervision, should be the controlling agency for the issue of this currency in order that we may know that every dollar that is in circulation has been supervised by the Government and that it will pass current wherever it appears.

"If you turn money over to the National banks it will find its way to the State banks, inevitably.

"This is what is happening in the Treasury Department every day.. State banks are actually depositing their securities with the Natioal banks and National banks are getting the issue against those securities and turning it over to the State banks. It is perfectly simple to get it. All you have to do is to have proper security."

Mr. McAdoo again pointed out the necessity of banks desiring to obtain emergency currency joining the National Currency Associations.

Accepts Association Notes.

"I stated here yesterday," he added, "that it was my purpose to accept from the banks of those currency associations notes and obligations secured by cotton warehouse recipts, properly certificated, and issued by responsible warehouse men or warehouse companies. I do not say that those warehouses have got to be built of brick, stone, steel or anything else, or that they must be bonded. All I ask is that those warehouses shall be of such a character as to protect the cotton itself from desterioration or destruction, with adequate insurance against firse, and backed by responsible agencies so that when their warehouse recipts are issued, we know that they represent something actually in storage there, something that can be had on presentation of receipts.

"What does that mean? It means that the National banks of this country can borrow to the extent of seventy per cent. of their unimpaired capital and surplus on notes secured by warehouse receipts for staple products (not alone cotton) that I think it is safe to lend on."

The committee of 18 follows:

Producers: C. S. Barett, Union City, Ga.; F. M. Coker, Martaville, S. C.; J. O. Thompson, Birmingham, Ala.

Manufacturers: G. Gunby Jordan, Columbus, Ga.; E. Farnham Green, Boston, Mass.; Lewis W. Parker, Greenville, S. C.

Bankers: A. H. Wiggin, New York; Royal A. Ferras, Dallas, Texas; Festus J. Wade, St. Louis, Mo.

Warehouse and Transporation: S. T. Morgan, Richmond, Va.; Harry Walters, New York; B. L. Mallory, Memphis, Tenn.

Tobacco: D. Y. Cooper, Henderson, N. C.; William Elliott, Henderson, Ky.; F. G. Ewing, Cedar Hill, Tenn.

Commercial Interests: W. D. Thompson, New Orleans, La.; Richard H.

(Continued on Page Two.)

NEWS OF VICTORY OFFICIALLY TOLD

European Diplomats Visit State Department.

CONFER WITH BRYAN

Japanese Ambassador Has No Word of Action in Far East—Others Explain Why Allies Lost Battle in Belgium.

Washington, Aug. 25.—News of the victory of the German army at Namur and other points in Belgium, where it had met the allied forces, reached Washington through various official channels today.

Jules Jusserand, the French ambassador, who paid his first visit to the State Department after his return from France, thus summarized the fighting in Belgium, based on his dispatches:

"We did not succeed—that is true, but many reports as to our losses are exaggerated. Two of our divisions suffered, but the Germans suffered also, especially the Prussian guard. Our army was an offensive one. In view of possible failure, we chose a certain line of defense and on that line of defense we now stand.

"It was an offensive tact which failed, but we knew it might fail, and provided our line of occupation. Our army is virtually intact."

The German embassy made public a dispatch said to have been received by wireless via Sayville, L. I., saying the greater part of the Belgian French frontier was in German hands, and predicting a general advance, converging toward Paris.

"The German troops facing the French troops defeated them in battle from August 17th to 21st," says the message. "Numerous ensigns, more than 150 guns and 10,000 prisoners have been captured.

"Luneville has been taken and the army of General Joffre, broken up, is no more capable of action.

"The German Crown Prince's army has chased the French west of Longwy.

On to Paris.

"The army of the Duke of Wuerttenburg, marching through Belgium, has crossed the river Semois, completely crushing the advance from the French army. Numerous guns, ensigns, prisoners and several generals were captured.

"The German troops advancing west of the river Meuse towards Maubeurg defeated an English cavalry brigade.

"The river Semois, Longwy and the greater part of the Belgo-French frontier are in German hands. Concentric advance of all the German army toward Paris is probable."

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, British ambassador, and Viscount Chinda, Japanese ambassador, called at the State Department just as Mr. Jusserand was leaving. The diplomats chatted about the general situation. The British ambassador said he had no news beyond that given out in London. Ambassador Chinda was without advices as to operations around Kiao-Chow.

The British ambassador continued his discussion with State Department officials on questions of neutrality. Mr. Jusserand talked at length with Mr. Bryan on the general subject of neutrality and referring, it is understood, to the proposed purchase by the American government of ships for the trans-Atlantic trade with belligerent nations.

Mr. Bryan discussed with both the British and French ambassadors status of the peace treaties which are contemplated between the United States and Great Britain and France respectively, similar to the treaties recently ratified by the Senate.

THEIR DEATH WARRANT.

German Garrison in China So Consider Emperor's Cablegram to Fight.

Peking, August 25.—A letter received here from an American at Tsing-Tau, seaport of the German territory of Kiao-Chow, says it is considered there that Emperor William's cablegram to the garrison to resist to the utmost is individually the death warrant of every member of the force. The Germans are detaling a large number of coolies, evidently for military labor in and about Tsing-Tau.

The writer of this letter says that Horace Remillard, American vice consul at Tsing-Tau, who left before railroad communication was broken, took with him the archives of the American, British and Russian consulates.

Peking has no information of the landing of Japanese forces at Kiao-Chow. The British and French regiments which supposedly are to take part in the land operations at Kiao-Chow, are at Tien-Tsin.

The Japanese minister to China visited the foreign office yesterday and requested removal of the limitation to thirty miles on the fighting area, around Tsing-Tau fixed by China. The foreign office declined his request.

Falmouth, Eng., Aug. 25.—The Holland American liner Potsdam from New York, August 15th, arrived here this afternoon with 400 Germans and some Austrian reservists on board. The reservists were immediately made prisoners of war, and are now in the hands of military authorities.

ARMY TRANSPORTS NOT TO BE NEEDED

Regular Line Steamers Can Bring Americans Home

STRANDED IN EUROPE

Proposal of United States That Ships Engaged in Bringing Home Americans Be Regarded As Neutral Is Dropped.

Washington, August 25.—So many steamship lines are resuming operation from England and France that the Washington government may find it unnecessary to send transports from this country. Forty-one sailings have been arranged from England and Italy between now and October and more ships are being provided. Secretary Garrison, chairman of the government's relief board, gave out tonight the following statement on the transportation of Americans from Europe:

"Ambassador Herrick has arranged to transport the Americans in Switzerland by special trains from Geneva, as follows:

"One thousand Wednesday 26, 1,000 Thursday 27, 500 Friday 28, and 500 Saturday 29.

"The following ships will sail from Havre for the United States on dates not now obtainable: The Rochambeau, the Flanders, the France, the Lorraine, and one additional ship. The ambassador also has arranged to transport 140 Americans on LaChamplain sailing from Havre August 31. The Espagne sailed from Havre August 22, with 300 Americans.

"The Swiss situation appears to be much relieved.

"A wire from the Cunard Line says the Franconia, from Liverpool, left Queenstown Sunday with 553 saloon, 515 second cabin and 465 third-class passengers for Boston.

"Forty sailings from English ports to this country and Canada have been arranged by international mercantile lines between now and October 7.

"Ambassador Thomas Nelson Page cabled from Rome that the present situation did not require the sending of transports to Italy as there were plenty of Italian ships available."

Original Plan Dropped.

The proposal of the United States that the nations at war regard as neutral ships owned by a belligerent chartered exclusively to bring Americans home, has been abandoned. The subject still is being discussed through diplomatic channels, but chiefly to establish the position of the powers on article IV, of the second Hague convention.

Under that article ships engaged in a philanthropic mission were held to be exempt from capture. The United States announced it construed repatriation of Americans as such a mission and asked the powers for a declaration on the subject. Germany agreed but Great Britain accepted conditionally, asking that if German ships were chartered, American officers should man them. France rejected the proposal, but has since modified her position to the same view held by Great Britain.

Both the French and English governments now maintain that if the German liners tied up in American ports were chartered by the United States, her officers should not be permitted to sail into English or French ports where information about the fortifications of a harbor might be obtained.

As German ship owners probably would not wish to employ foreign officers to handle their ships, the plan has not met with success. Administration officials, however, said today that adequate facilities for transporting Americans have been provided.

FREIGHTER HELD UP.

British Cruiser Essex Stops Vessel Almost in New York Harbor.

New York, August 25.—Almost at the mouth of New York harbor and within sight of observers on shore, the British cruiser Essex today halted the Austrian freight steamer Ida, en route to this port from Quebec. Officers and sailors from the Essex boarded the steamer, examined her papers and after holding her an hour permitted her to proceed. The Ida, a slow steamer, sailed serenely into Halifax ten days ago with the Austrian ensign flying from her jackstaff. She had aboard a heavy cargo for Quebec and some stone for New York. The captain knew nothing of the declaration of war and first learned that his ship was liable to capture as a prize when Canadian authorities seized the vessel.

A prize court decided that as the Ida had sailed from Lisbon before war was declared, she should be permitted to discharge her cargo and continue her journey. The cargo for Quebec was discharged and the trip continued to New York. Now that the Ida has reached New York, however, the case is different. Should she leave port she would be subject to capture.

The Only Vessel.

The Ida was the only trans-Atlantic vessel to arrive here today. The Lenadores, a United Fruit liner, from Port Limon, reported that her wireless operator picked up fragments of messages indicating the North German

(Continued on Page Ten.)

CARRANZA CANNOT RULE, SAYS VILLA

Insists on Elimination of First Chief.

WANT MADERO ELECTED

Fighting General Declares That He is Not a Candidacy for Presidency and is Determined That Carranza Not Be.

Washington, August 25.—While President Wilson and other administration officials are confident the differences between Carranza and Villa will be settled without recourse to arms, details of the position assumed by Villa, as reaching here in official reports, show that the fighting general plans to insist on the elimination of Carranza from permanent power in the new Mexican administration.

Carranza has sent General Obregon to Sonora not only to smooth out local troubles in that State but to confer with Villa in an endeavor to bring him into complete harmony with the Carranza government. Villa's position, as outlined to the Washington government contains the following proposals, either one of which he will accept:

"First: A conference of military chiefs be called as agreed to at the meeting at Torreon when the first Villa-Carranza break was adjusted, one delegate representing every 1,000 men in the army; this convention would designate a man to be provisional president, who under the constitution could not succeed himself, but would call a general election.

"Second: Carranza can be designated as provisional president by the proposed convention, but he must agree to abide by the constitution and not succeed himself."

Villa would have no objection, it is learned, if Carranza retired as first chief or provisional president and became a candidate in the general elections, but Villa's followers are confident they could defeat Carranza at the polls. General Villa, it is understood from reliable sources, has let it be known that he does not wish to enter the presidential race, preferring that no military man hereafter hold the reins of power in Mexico.

It is suggested that Villa intends to propose as a candidate for the presidency, Emio Madero, a brother of the late president.

GOVERNMENT TO SUPPLY ALL MONEY NECESSARY

(Continued from Page One.)

Edomds, Baltimore, Md.; R. Goodwyn Rhett, Charleston, S. C.

Theodore H. Price, New York, Secretary.

CHICAGO OFFERS PLAN.

Urges Cotton States to Co-operate With Federal Government.

Chicago, August 25.—In an effort to preserve trade in the Southern States during stagnation of the cotton export trade, incident to the European war, Chicago wholesale merchants and bankers today started a Northern campaign to bring out the placing of cotton warehouse certificates on a negotiable basis.

A bill is before Congress to place cotton warehouse certificates on an equality with grain warehouse receipts, on which money can be borrowed and credit extended because no one but holders of the receipts can withdraw the grain.

Eight leading wholesale houses and presidents of five of the largest banks in Chicago today telegraphed an appeal to the governors of all cotton-producing States, urging State action or co-operation with the National government in bringing about this reform. One of the wholesalers said the total cotton crop of the United States was worth almost a billion dollars a year and that the export of this commodity about equalled the balance of foreign trade.

With export greatly reduced by the war, the basis of credit in the South was said by the wholesalers to demand the standardizing of warehouse receipts to enable a ready extension of credit.

EMBARGO FURTHER RELAXED.

On Shipment of Grain and Foodstuffs —Only Interesting Development.

New York, August 25.—Further relaxation of the embargo against shipment of foodstuffs was one of the few interesting developments connected with the financial situation today. From many important points along the Atlantic seaboard freer clearances of grain and other cereals were reported indicating that the railroads are earnestly co-operating in the movement.

Improvement in this situation, it is generally recognized, will go far towards disentangling the many knotty problems which have grown out of the deranged state of the foreign exchange market.

Contrary to expectations the reported German successes in the field of war failed to exert any influence either way in the narrow market for foreign exchange. There was again a small amount of business for London and Paris, but most of it was of a special character. In the domestic money market conditions were duller, with no change in the quoted rate of 8 per cent.

COLORED MEN OF NATION IN MEETING IN RALEIGH.

National Medical Association in Annual Session.

Raleigh, N. C., August 26.—The National Medical Association, colored, representing physicians, pharmacists, and dentists of the United States, met here for a three-day session tonight. There was a large meeting at the city auditorium where addresses of welcome were delivered by Governor Craig, Mayor James L Johnson and Mr. John C. Drewry, president of the Chamber of Commerce.

The first meeting was held at Shaw University. The president, Dr. A. M. Brown, of Birmingham, Ala., read his annual address and papers were read by other members.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

KITCHENER MAKES HIS FIRST SPEECH

Outlines His Policy as Minister of War in England

IN HOUSE OF LORDS

Declares That War will be strain on Empire and Will Entail Big Sacrifices Upon the People of Great Britain.

London, August 25.—Lord Kitchener made his first speech as minister of war in the House of Lords today.

He said war undoubtedly would strain the forces of the Empire and entail big sacrifices.

He laid emphasis on the fact that his position in the cabinet involved adherence to neither party. He said:

"The terms on which I am serving are the same as those under which some of the finest portions of our manhood, now so willingly stepping forward to join the colors, are engaging. That is to say my term of office is for the duration of the war or for three years if the war should last longer than that.

"It has been asked why this period has been limited.

"It is because if this disastrous war be prolonged, and no one can foretell for a certainty its duration, that after three years of war others will take our places and see this matter through.

"There will be serious conflicts which undoubtedly will strain the forces of our Empire and undoubtedly considerable sacrifices to our people will be entailed. These will willingly be borne for our honor and for the preservation of our position in the world and they will be shared by our dominions who are now sending contingents and giving assistance of every kind to the Mother Country.

Tells of Army Action.

"Our expeditionary force has taken the field on the French northwest frontier and advanced in the neighborhood of Mons (in Belgium.) Our troops already have been for 36 hours in contact with the superior forces of the German invader. During that time they maintained the best traditions of the British soldier and behaved with the utmost gallantry. The movements they have been called upon to expect have bee nthese which demanded the greatest steadiness of a soldier and skill in the commanders."

Lord Kitchener alluded to Premier Asquith's statement in the House of Commons that the British trops had greatly aided the French and had been able to maintain their positions in the face of fierce German attacks. He said he had sent a telegram to Sir John French, the commander of the British expeditonary force, reading os follows:

"Congratulate the troops on their splendid work. We are proud of them."

Continuing Lord Kitchener pointed out that the fighting in Europe would result in greater casualties than the campaigns Great Britain usually was engaged in. He said he was sure that the public was fully prepared to meet with the losses and sacrifices the country might have to face and he paid a tribute to the readiness of the expeditionary force and the invaluable aid of the press and public in preserving silence and accepting the novel situation."

Volunteers are Training.

Continuing, Lord Kitchener said: "More than 70 battalions with fine courage already have volunteered for service abroad. When they are trained and organized in larger formations they can take their places in the line.

The 100,000 men asked for in the first place already have been secured.

"The Empire with which we are at war has called to the colors almost its entire male population. The principle we shall observe is this: That while the maximum force undergoes constant diminution the reinforcements we prepare will steadily and increasingly flow until we have an army in the field which in numbers will not be less than in quality and not be unworthy of the powers and responsibility of the British empire.

"At this stage I cannot say what will be the limits of the force requiring or what measures eventually may become necessary to supply and maintain it.

"The scale of the field army which we are now calling into being is large and maw rise in the course of the next six or seven months to a total of 30 divisions, to be continually maintained in the field.

"But if the war should be protracted and if its fortunes should be varied or adverse, expertions and sacrifices beyond any which have been demanded will be required from the whole nation and Empire. And where they are required, we are sure they will not be denied to the extreme needs of th State, by parliament or the people."

PROVISION AGAINST "TYING" CONTRACTS IS RESTORED.

By Senate in Clayton Anti-Trust Bill. Eliminated by Committee.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Provisions against exclusive and "tying" contracts, eliminated from the Clayton anti-trust bill by the Senate committee, were restored by the Senate today after long debate. Under this section all contracts by which manufacturers pledged dealers not to handle the output of a keeper would be illegal.

During debate today Senator Shields of Tennessee, declared that only the penitentiary will cure "trust" magnates of the habit of violating the trust laws.

The trusts already are asking this administration "what can we do to be saved?" said Senator Thompson, of Kansas. "By voluntarily dissolving, they are accepting our policy 'the public be pleased' instead of following their former policy of the 'public be damned'."

DAVID R. FRANCIS DECLINES.

Appointment as First Ambassador to Argentina.

Washington, Aug. 25.—David R. Francis, of St. Louis, former governor of Missouri, today declined appointment as the first ambassador to Argentina. He had been selected to succeed John W. Garrett. After conferences today with President Wilson and Mr. Bryan, Mr. Francis decided not to take the place.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

GERMAN AMBASSADOR REPLIES TO CHARGES

That Dum-Dum Bullets Were Used at Liege.

Countercharge That Belgian Citizens Shot at Soldiers from Windows and Fired on Red Cross Doctors and Nurses.

New York, Aug. 25.—Count Johann Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, who arrived here yesterday from Europe, said today he planned to remain in New York until Thursday, before proceeding to Washington. The ambassador declared he wanted to get first hand information concerning the censorship the United States is exercising over the German-owned wireless station at Sayville, N. Y., and its refusal to grant the one at Tuckerton, N. J., a license.

He pointed out that with the cables to England uncensored, Great Britain's representatives in this country were at liberty to forward their government information concerning movements of German warships or any other information. Count Von Bernstorff said he wanted to be fully informed before even contemplating taking up the censorship question with the State Department.

The ambassador's attention was called to the published statement emanating from Belgium sources that German soldiers had been using dum-dum bullets.

"I refrained from discussing the so-called cases of cruelties, yesterday," he said, "because I did not care to be an instrument in creating any ill feeling. Since, however, the Belgian government has seen fit to have published additional accusations I cannot help saying that officials reports from Liege to Berlin informed us that the citizens there had fired at German troops from windows and had shot at doctors and nurses wearing Red Cross arm bands and under the Red Cross flag. Furthermore, the citizens mutilasted wounded German soldiers."

Count von Bernstorff thought there were about 12 German army corps and eight Austrian army corps aggregating about 800,000 men along the Vistula river.

The ambassador declared Germany was not to blame for going to war. He said:

"The German government told Austria to go as easy as she could with Servia and that in the meanwhile Germany would try to quiet Russia. While these peace negotiations were in progress, Russia mobilized her army."

WAR BULLETINS.

London, August 25.—The British casualties in Belgium, according to an announcement this evening, are estimated to number 2,000.

London, August 25.—Prince Arthur of Connaught, will go into active service immediately. Owing to this fact his infant son was christened this evening, receiving the name Alastair Aurthur.

War Secretary Kitchener announces that no presents of wine and spirits can be accepted for troops at the front.

London, August 25.—The British official news bureau issued the following announcement tonight:

"There has been no further general engagement. The condition of the British troops is in every way satisfactory."

Washington, August 25.—President Wilson today issued a proclamation declaring the United States neutral in the war between Germany and Japan.

Paris, August 25.—The following official announcement was made here today:

"The German offensive movement in the North which was stopped yesterday, appears today to have been resumed.

"The enemy is however, being held back by a French army acting in conjunction with an English army and a Belfian army."

Berlin, August 25.—By wirless to The Associated Press by way of Nauen, Germany, and Sayville, L. I., August 25.—On official announcement made public says that the city of Namur and five of its forts have been captured by the Germans.

The bombardment of the four other forts continues and their fall seems imminent.

London, August 25.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company from Paris says it is denied at the French capital that the eBlgian city of Namur has been taken by the Germans.

WHITLOCK HEARD FROM.

American Minister to Belgium Gets Cable to Washington.

Washington, August 25.—Brand Whitlock, American minister to Belgium, from whom nothing had been heard for several days, finally succeeded today in getting a cablegram through to the American government from Brussels which he reported in German hands but completely "surrounded by armies engaged in active oeprations."

Mr. Whitlock did not move the American legation when the Belgian seat of government was taken to Antwerp but remained behind with most of the other neutral ministers. It develope that the American minister and the Spanish persuaded the Brussels burgomaster not to make a fight because of the fatal consequences of a bombardment of the city.

HEARST NOT A CANDIDATE.

But Thinks James W. Gerard, Ambassador to Germany, Would Be. N

New York, August 25.—William Randolph Hearts issued a statement tonight disclaiming any desire to become Democratic candidate for the United States senatorship, and mentioning the name of James W. Gerard, American ambassador to Germany, as a suitable choice.

Mr. Hearst announced he would support Governor Glynn for re-nomination.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

M'LEAN SUBMITS A NEW PROPOSITION

Believes it Will Settle Cotton Situation.

IF COMMITTEE FAILS

Committee Named by McAdoo, After Two Days' Cotton Conference Without Much Progress, to Draft Plan—Notes.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., August 25.—After two days' session in which talk was the principal feature, the conference between Secretary McAdoo and representatives of the cotton interests adjourned today without making much progress. Secretary McAdoo, evidently concluding that no concrete plan could be adopted otherwise, appointed a committee to draft resolutions which it is believed will help the cotton growers of the South. D. Y. Cooper, of Henderson, was the only North Carolinian named on the committee.

A. W. McLean, of Lumberton, submitted a proposition today which he believes will quickly settle the cotton situation, if adopted. He hopes, however, the committee appointed may suggest a better plan, but should they fail, he thinks his plan would work well.

Mr. McLean's Proposition.

Mr. McLean suggests that the Legislature of North Carolina be called in extra session, and provide by legislative enactment a system of State-controlled storage warehouses operated under the direction of a commission appointed for that purpose or by the Board of Agriculture now in existence; in order to expedite the matter, that the State be not required to erect warehouses but to lease warehouses now in existence, or to be erected, owned by cotton mills or other corporations or individuals. Or, if preferred, the State, after investigation and approval, can issue a license to the operators of these warehouses instead of operating them. In either case, they should become licensed and bonded warehouses similar in character to those now operated by the United States government for the storage of whiskey and tobacco. The custodian of same should be required to give bond in such amount as may be necessary for the faithful performance of the duties of warehousemen which duties would include, of course, insuring at face value the cotton stored therein. The bond should be made liable to any person who shall suffer damage by failure of the warehousemen to faithfully and honestly perform the contract of storage.

In order to provide the funds to cover the advances made upon the cotton so stored, for which such receipts are issued, the State could issue short-term bonds bearing interest at four per cent., which bonds should be delivered to a board to be created by the act, comprised of such number of members as may be deemed best, to be known as the "Cotton Finance Board" and of which board the Governor of the State, the Secretary of Agriculture, and Treasurer and Attorney General shall be ex-officio members. The duty of this board should be to receive said bonds and exchange them for warehouse receipts of equal value with the said bonds, and also to do all other things in connection with the matter.

Mr. McLean is strongly of the opinion that the plan would be the most direct way of reaching the producers of cotton and, after all, this is what is wanted. It, too, would allow State banks to borrow money, which is impossible under any plan which has thus far been suggested.

Consternation Among Congressmen.

The Underwood resolution passed by the House today instructing the sergeant-at-arms of the House to "dock" members of Congress who are absent caused consternation among many members of that body who make "occasional visits" to Washington to see how much balance they have on the cashier's books. It can be said to the credit of the North Carolina members, however, that with but one or two exceptions they remain on duty when Congress is in session. The only absentee from the State today was Mr. Faison, of the Third district.

Congressman Page would have lost but $20.50, one day's pay; Congressmen Godwin and Webb, three days each, had the law been enforced during the present session. They have been here constantly with the above exceptions. Messrs. Pou, Stedman, Kitchin and Doughton have likewise been regular attendants. P. R. A.

$50,000 FOR WILMINGTON.

Additional Allotment and Emergency Currency for American National.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., August 25.—The Treasury Department notified Senator Overman and W. B. Cooper today that an additional $25,000 allotment will be sent the American National Bank, of Wilmington, and in addition the application had been approved for $25,000 emergency currency, making $50,000 in all.

The Treasury Department also approved the application of the Merchants National Bank, of Raleigh, for $50,000 emergency currency.

P. R. A.

FROM "PAPA WILHELM."

Emperor of Germany Wires Wife of Crown Prince of His Success.

Berlin, Aug. 25, via Copenhagen and London—Emperor William has conferred the decoration of the Iron Cross of the Second and First Class on Crown Prince Frederick William and Duke Albrecht, of Wuertemburg. He has conferred also the iron cross decoration of the second class on his son, Prince Oskar.

His Majesty has sent the following telegram to the Crown Princess:

"I thank thee with all my heart, dear child: I rejoice with thee over the first victory of Wilhelm. God has been on his side and hast most brilliantly supported him. To him be thanks and honor. I remit to Wilhelm the Iron Cross of the Second and First Class.

"Oskar also fought brilliantly with his Grenadiers. He has received the Iron Cross of the Second Class. Repeat to Ina and Marie. God protect and succor my boys. Also in the future God be with thee and all wives.

"PAPA WILHELM."

VICTORIOU GERMANS STILL ADVANCING

(Continued from Page One.)

which have been reinforced by the French troops.

ACUTE SITUATION.

Has Developed Which May Cause Rest of Europe and America to Join.

Washington, Aug. 25.—An acute situation has arisen in the Balkan States over the possible entry of Turkey into the European war, according to official advices to the American government from various sources. Turkey has not given Great Britain, France and Russia a satisfactory explanation of the entry into the Dardanelles of the German cruisers Goeben and Breslau. When it was first reported that Turkey had purchased the vessels, Great Britain, France and Russia demanded that the crews of the two ships be repatriated immediately. Today's dispatches revealed that German crews still were aboard the cruisers.

Many Washington diplomats familiar with the situation consider it practically certain that should Turkey side with Germany and Austria, Italy would abandon her position of neutrality and join Great Britain, Russia and Servia.

Turkey's troops are quietly mobilizing without a public order. Italy's order for mobilization is believed here to have been due partly to Turkey's activity.

The United States is watching the situation in Turkey particularly because hundreds of American missionaries are there. Ambassador Morganthau has made long reports on the situation which a week ago became alarming. The governor of one of the Turkish provinces had threatened to massacre Americans if Turkey and England went to war. Mr. Morganthau discussed the subject with the Turkish foreign office and received assurances that if any subordinate officials had made such threats they would be censured.

For a time the Washington government had under consideration a suggestion from Ambassador Morganthau that a warship be sent to Turkey for salutary effect, but on the receipt of reassuring advices from him the idea was abandoned. Officials here now declare there is no cause for alarm.

The cruisers North Carolina and Tennessee now in European waters on a mission of relief, would be available in case of emergencies to bring away Americans. Latest reports show that Americans feel safe and that their only difficulty is in cashing letters of credit. The North Carolina probably will visit Turkey and other countries of Southern Europe with gold for Americans.

WILL FOLLOW AGREEMENT.

Japan to Carry Out Contract With Great Britain and Promise to U. S.

Tokio, Aug. 25.—The Tokio Koksai Tsushin (International News Agency) says it is in a position to state "on authority, that it is the settled policy of Japan, approved by the Emperor, privy council, the cabinet and leading business men, that Japan under any future conditions will act strictly in accordance with the terms of the alliance with England and the treaties and agreements with America and her pledge to China."

"Japan will restore Kiao Chow" continues the statement, "and will preserve the territorial integrity of China and the terms of the ultimatum to Germany will be adhered to whether Tsing Tau is taken by force or otherwise. Japan realizes that in these suddenly-faced responsibilities she must act with the utmost circumspection, especially in view of the campaign of misapprehension and the world-wide prevailing understanding of her real motives, ambitions and policies.

"The present is perhaps the most critical moment in her history and Japan must once and for all eradicate the suspicion of her motives prevailing in America and fostered by years of anti-Japanese propaganda. The partition of China or the violation of Chinese integrity in any way is the last thing Japan plans. She most desires the friendship and confidence of Peking and the entire eradication of all roots of suspecion."

The statement continues that it has authority for the assertion that "it is to Japan's interest to co-operate with Great Britain and America in China and that it would be fatal to oppose or attempt to block the commerce of either country. With friendly co-operation Japan's trade is certain to increase, while Great Britain and America are alone able to supply the vast products and to co-operate in the great undertaking and developments in the Far East.

GERMANY'S APPEAL TO BELGIUM

And the Belgian Reply Have Been Received in Paris.

Paris, August 25.—The texts of the communication from Germany to Belgium, August 9, and the answer dated August 12, were obtained in Paris today. The German communication is addressed to the cabinet at Brussels, and reads:

"The Hague, August 9.—The Liege fortresses have been taken by storm after a courageous defence. The German government deeply regrets that owing to the attitude of the Belgian government blood has been shed. Germany does not come into Belgium as an enemy. It is entirely by force of events that she has been obliged, owing to the military measures taken by France, to enter Belgium and occupy Liege as a base for future military operations.

"Now that the Belgian army, by its heroic resistence against enormously superior numbers has maintained its honor, the German government begs the King of the Belgians and the Belgian government to spare Belgium from further horrors of war.

"The German government is ready to agree to any understanding with Belgium consistent with her differences with France. Germany moreover gives the solemn assurance that she has no intention of anhexing Belgian territory. Germany is ready to evacuate Belgium as soon as war conditions permit."

The Belgium reply follows:

"Brussels, August 12.—The proposal Germany makes to us is a repetition of the proposal formulated in the ultimatum of August 2. Faithful to her international obligations Belgium only can reiterate her answer to that ultimatum and all the more so because, since August 3 her neutrality has been violated; a distressing war has been brought to her territory and the nations which guaranteed her neutrality have loyally and immediately answered her call."

DISPATCHES FROM BERLIN.

Received in London by Wireless Tell of General Situation.

London, Aug. 25.—The following dispatches have been received from Berlin by Marconi:

"It is officially announced that the German-Austro-Hungarian consuls in Tangier were ordered to leave by the French government August 19th.

"The Italian steamer Ancona, from New York for Italian ports, was held up near Gibraltar. About 70 German conscipts on board were taken at Gibraltar as prisoners of war.

"Fourteen officers and 170 of the crew of the Austrian cruiser Zenta, said to have been sunk August 16 in an engagement with the French fleet, have sought refuge in Montenegrin territory. The press, commenting on this engagement, says the men men on the Zenta, inspired by the spirit of Tegetthoff (a noted Austrian admiral) ventured into the open sea to engage in battle a force probably 50 times stronger, with the object of doing as much damage to the enemy as possible, even though they knew that certain destruction awaited them.

"Russian prisoners including 20 officers and 300 dragoons with many guns have been brought to Lemberg, Galicia. The Russian general, Wannowsky Ivanoff, has died from injuries received in an engagement.

"The German Emperor has sent the following telegram to the King of Wurtemburg:

"'With God's gracious assistance, the Duke Albrecht and his splendid army have gained a glorious victory. You will join men in thanking the Almighty. I have bestowed on the Duke of Albrecht the iron cross, of the first and second class.'

"The Emperor has granted 5,000 marks toward the municipal fund for the relief of the unemployed in Berlin.

"Twelve guns, with gun carriages and ammunition carts, captured by the Bavarian troops from the French, have been brought to Karlsruhe and placed in the palace yard."

ATTACK ON NANCY FAILS.

French Government Issues Statement to That Effect.

London, Aug. 25.—The French embassy in London tonight issued the following statement:

"The movement begun yesterday by order of the commander-in-chief was continued today without successful opposition by the enemy. It is confirmed that a Prussian corps of guards were attacked by Algerian riflemen and in the hand-to-hand fighting the Germans suffered heavily.

"The attacks against Nancy have failed.

"The Russians are pushing forward their offensive movement in Galacia and have routed two divisions of Austrian cavalry."

CONDUCT OF THE BRITISH.

Soldiers Under Fire Was All that Could Be Desired, Is Report.

London, August 26.—The Paris correspondent of the Central News sends the following:

"I have been talking with British officers from the front, who tell of the wonderful coolness and daring of the British soldiers in the fighting around Mons.

"The shooting of the British infantry on the firing line was wonderful. Every time a German's head showed above a trench and every time the German infantry attempted to rush a position, there came a steady withering rifle fire from the men lying in extended formation along the wide battle front. Their firing was the calm and careful marksmanship of men one sees in English rifle ranges.

"When quick action was necessary the men showed no nervousness, no excitement; they showed cool, methodical efficiency for which the British army is noted.

"If the British lost heavily, the Germans must have lost terribly.

"One of the German prisoners said: 'We never had expected anythink like it. It was staggering.'

"The British troops went to their positions happily.

"As for the cavalry, the officers declare, their charges against the Germans were superb. They gave the Uhlans the surprise of their lives.

"With the close of the first series of combats between the British and Germans, the scene of interest shifted to the Paris Railway station where the injured British soldiers were being taken. The handling of the wounded was all that could be desired; everything was perfectly organized and without theatrical display."

WASHINGTON SURPRISED

That Austrian Cruiser Ordered to Join With German Fleet.

Washington, August 25.—Officials here were surprised to hear reports that the Austrian government had ordered the Austrian cruiser Kaiserin Elisabeth to join the German fleet at Tsing-Tau. Only yesterday the American government transmitted for the Austrian foreign office a message instructing the cruiser's officers to dismantle her and proceed to Shanghai. This instruction followe dnegotiations at Tokio between the Austrian ambassador and the Japanese foreign office. When the agreement was reached to dismantle the warship it was said at Tokio that danger of war between Japan and Austria had been removed. Neither nation has advised the Washington government of a change in the situation.

CONCERNING THE RUSSIANS.

Word Received from St. Petersburg of Their Advance Along Front.

London, Aug. 25.—Telegraphing fr.m St. Petersburg, the Reuter Telegram Company's correspondent says:

"The principal Russian losses in Prussia up to the present have resulted from the determination of the rank and file of the Russian army to get at the enemy. Although the mounted guards in the center have suffered heavily the infantry advances have been more than satisfactory. The enemy virtually is centered in Eastern Prussia.

"Mounted officers arriving in St. Petersburg dwell on the fear displayed by the Germans of the Russian cavalry.

"Military experts say the Germans' equipment is excellent and that their artillery is good, but that their rifle shooting is inaccurate. They add that the Japanese were infinitely superior in this respect in the Russo-Japanese war and accomplished in an hour what the Germans would require a day to do."

IN GOOD CONDITION.

Correspondent Saw British Troops in Belgium Before Coming Home.

London, August 26.—Telegraphing from Paris, the correspondent of the Reuter Telegraph Company, says:

"A special envoy of the Temps who has returned from the front, had an opportunity of seeing the English troops. He was impressed by the excellent commissary arrangements. Huge cases of sugar, tea, cocoa, tinned meats and vegetables and enormous pots of jam had been provided for the men. Everything has been done, he said, in the minutest detail.

"The correspondent remarked: 'We have in the British forces a strong disciplined, supporting army, equal to the best of our troops. I would like to see the French copy the English in the same treatment of solas.'"

"HOW MISTAH KEITH MADE GOOD"

A Brooklyn Youngster's Achievement Which Led to the American Conquest of the Tropics.

The story of how "Mistah Keith Made Good" is but one of many incidents, rich in human interest, which justify the sub-title "Romance of Big Business," which appears on the first page of Frederick Upham Adams's "The Conquest of the Tropics," just published by Doubleday, Page & Co.

It appears that the gentleman who made good was Minor C. Keith, of Brooklyn, who, at the mature age of 23, undertook to build a railroad for the Government of Costa Rica. So deadly were the swamps and jungles of the tierras calientes that four thousand men, including scores of young American engineers and three of Mr. Keith's brothers, laid down their lives in building the first twenty-five miles. Then the government failed to make payments when due, leaving the Brooklyn youngster to meet the pay rolls from his own resources. When his money was nearly gone he called his little army of fifteen hundred Jamaica negroes together, explained the situation to them truthfully and asked them if they would continue to work till he could pay them. They would.

It was a year of financial disaster throughout the world. Neither the government nor Mr. Keith could raise money. The latter contrived to feed and clothe his men for six months, but that was all. Then he again assembled the force, explained the situation and asked if they still had confidence in him. They had.

For nine months those Jamaica negroes performed their arduous labor under dangerous, difficult and disheartening conditions, serenely confident that "Mistah Keith would make good." He did. So did Costa Rica, then the thereafter.

Mr. Keith probably did not dream, when he went to Costa Rica in 1871, that nineteen years would elapse before his road would reach SanJose, less than a hundred miles from the coast. He soon realized, however, that he must secure freight for his railroad, and that it must be found in the jungle. So, in 1872, he planted some bananas. At that time the total imports of bananas aggregated 300,000 bunches. Mr. Keith's experiment was a success. The partly completed railroad afforded rapid transportation from the field to the ship, the prime requisite in banana production. In forcing the jungle to pay tribute Mr. Keith displayed business genius of a high order, which helped to found a gigantic industry that has brought prosperity and awakening to Central America.

After twenty-seven years in Costa Rica Mr. Keith was a controlling factor in three banana enterprises. Sometimes he made money, in other years hurricane, drought or flood brought loss. Up to that time no fewer than 114 companies had tried to make money out of bananas, but only 22 of them had survived. Small wonder American capitalists refused to listen when Mr. Keith tried to interest them in tropical investments.

The only man who evinced faith in the tropics was Andrew W. Preston, a Boston fruit merchant who had induced nine associates to join him in contributing $2,000 each to try banana farming along the Caribbean. The enterprise thus founded was combined with those of Mr. Keith in 1899 under the name of the "United Fruit Company."

This, says the author, "was the actual birth of the banana industry. It had taken thirty-four years of blunders, experiments, experiments, disasters, partial successes and the assumption of the innumerable risks and hardships incident to a struggle with the virgin tropics to create an enterprise fit to take advantage of the experience which had so dearly been bought. The great experiment to determine whether bananas could be produced and handled on a vastly larger scale had yet to be made; and there were many who did not hesitate to predict that the ambitious plans of the new company would end in overwhelming disaster."

Events proved that success could be attained by doing on a large scale that which had always ended in failure when done on a small scale. By opening plantations all around the Caribbean and diversifying its crops the company insured itself against local failures. The United Fruit Company produces sugar on a vast scale, as well as bananas, other fruits and tropical products and cattle.

Its international farm consists of 1,210,448 acres, of which 313,347 acres are under cultivation in nine Caribbean countries, the products of which are taken to market on 532 miles of tramways, 907 miles of railroad and a fleet of 90 steamships, owned, leased or chartered by the company. This company, formed fourteen years ago for the conquest of the tropics with a capital of $20,000,000, has paid out upward of $200,000,000 in wages, $30,819,000 in dividends, and now has assets of $82,000,000.

Besides all this it has wrought a miracle that can not be measured in dollars and cents. In early days the death rate in the disease breeding lowlands was 150 a thousand. The United Fruit Company enlisted scientists and medical men from other tropical lands to make its farms fit for human habitation. When Colonel Gorgas began his famous task at Panama the United Fruit Company was working twenty thousand men over areas aggregating more than that of the Canal zone under conditions as healthful as those in Massachusetts. Col. Gorgas merely followed methods the efficacy of which ha dbeen demonstrated by the United Fruit Company.

"The Conquest of the Tropics" reads like a fairy tale. Indeed, it is better than a fairy tale, for it is true. The publishers announce that it is the first of a series under the general title of the "Romance of Big Business," planned to describe certain big businesses whose histories and operations concern and should interest the public."

ONSLOW COUNTY MAN IS ARRESTED IN NEWBERN

Jacksonville Pastor in Germany Reported Safe

Newbern Ladies on Way Home From Europe Now—Miss Komp Catches a Shark—Dr. Foley Tells of Vera Cruz.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Aug. 25.—Under charge that he had secured goods under false pretense, Lee Morris, a young white man who came to Newbern from Jacksonville, Onslow county, some time ago and secured a position in a saw mill at James City, was yesterday afternoon placed under arrest and, failing to give a bond, was placed in the county jail until an officer can arrive from Onslow to take him back to that place to answer to the charge against him. The case is a peculiarly pathetic one on account of the fact that the man was forced to leave his wife and a small child alone when he was placed in prison.

He emphatically denies that he is guilty of any wrongdoing but claims that the charge grew out of a note which he gave a citizen of Jacksonville and which he failed to pay. However, the officers here do not believe that a warrant for his arrest would have been sworn out on so trivial a charge. Apparently Morris is a man of good habits and from his appearance one would not judge that he was a law breaker.

Rev. Mr. Von Miller Safe.

Relatives in Onslow county have received a message from Rev. R. M. Von Miller, pastor of the Baptist church at Jacksonville, who went to Germany several weeks ago for a short visit and who was in Berlin when the present war broke out, in which he states that he is in no danger so far and will return to the United States at the very first opportunity. Rev. Mr. Von Miller went to Germany to settle up the estate of his father who died a few months ago and he states that he will conclude his business before returning. The pastor has served his time in the German army and therefore cannot be forced into service again.

Mrs. Kate Spencer and Miss Eula Cole, of Newbern, who have been in Norway and Sweden, sailed from Copenhagen last Thursday and will arrive in New York next Sunday and will at once return to Newbern. At the opening of the war it was thought that these two ladies were in Russia and considerable anxiety was felt for their safety.

Miss Komp Catches a Shark.

A shark eight feet in length and which was one of the largest ever caught in that section was landed a few days ago near Morehead City by Miss Ada Komp, of Newbern, who was a member of a fishing and camping party who have been spending a week at the Wade cottage at "The Banks." The deep sea monster put up a plucky fight for his liberty after being ensnared on the hook, but was finally landed and carried ashore. This is the first time during the present season that a lady has had the good luck to land a fish of any unusual size around that section.

The Newbernians went down on board of Postmaster L. G. Daniels' handsome yacht, Alethea, and returned home yesterday.

Newbern Tobacco Market.

The Newbern tobacco warehouse, recently erected and which will be opened for the first time next Tuesday, will doubtless be the scene of unusual festivities on the opening day. A. B. Baines, who will have the place in charge during the season, has suggested that a big barbecue dinner be served on the opening day by the business men of the city and there is every probability that this suggestion will be carried out.

All over Craven, Onslow, Pamlico and Carteret counties the farmers are awaiting the opening of the warehouse and there is every reason to believe that a record-breaking sale will take place on the first day. The buyers from the various companies will arrive during the present week and will be on hand when the warehouse is opened. Considerable tobacco has been grown in this section during past seasons but the acreage in the weed at present is larger than ever before.

Returned from Vera Cruz.

During the trouble which the United States recently had with Mexico the newspaper readers in this country were amazed by some of the photographs sent from Mexico by the photographers who had been sent there by the big newspapers and feature syndicates. Many of the photographs seemingly showed actual battle scenes and the readers wondered and admired the bravery of the camera men in getting so near the firing line and endangering their lives in order to get a snap shot of some thrilling event. According to the story being told by Dr. J. F. Foley, a well known local veterinarian, who was at Vera Cruz during the whole trouble, the photographers succeeded in putting several good ones over on the public.

According to the statements made by Dr. Foley, fully 90 per cent of the thrilling scenes sent "back home" on film and plate were "staged" especially for the occasion and the photographer stood not the least danger in making them. Dr. Foley says that every picture and piece of news was censored before it was ever allowed to be sent out and that this greatly hindered the newspaper men.

"News", he says, "was scarce and the correspondent who had been sent to Vera Cruz, Tampico and Mexico City had to do some tall hustling in order to get anything for their papers. One man, who had been sent to Vera Cruz by a large daily in Chicago showed me a letter from his chief telling him to either stir up something or come home. The officers were continually besieged by the horde of correspondents and their life was made miserable unless they gave out at least ten or fifteen interviews a day."

DR. KIRK AT MONTREAT.

Begins Series of Lectures on Epistles to the Romans.

Asheville, N. C., August 24.—Dr. Harris E. Kirk, of Baltimore, and S. D. Gordon were the speakers today at the Presbyterian conference now in session at Montreat, Dr. Kirk giving the first of a series of sermons on the Epistles to the Romans, and Mr. Gordon delivering one of his original talks.

Dr. Kirk said that the letter to the Romans was a practical letter written to answer some questions asked by Roman Christians. Dr. Kirk will be heard each day until Thursday when the conferance closes.

Charters Issued

Raleigh, N. C., August 25.—The Clayton Oil Mills, Inc., of Clayton, increases its capital from $40,000 to $50,000 through an amendment to its charter just filed with the Secretary of State. E. L. Hinton is president of the corporation.

The Tuckerdale Supply Company, of Tuckerdale, N. C., received a charter today with $10,000 capital authorized and $7,000 subscribed by H. C. Tucker, Dr. A. L. Jones and others for a general mercantile business.

There is also a charter for The Charlotte Outing Club, Inc., of Charlotte, capital $5,000 authorized and $300 subscribed by J. P. Stowe, H. B. Patterson and others for maintaining club building and grounds for hunting, fishing and sports of all kinds.

MONTREAT NEWS

By Rev. E. L. Siler.

Montreat, N. C., Aug. 24.—Dr. Howard Agnew Johnston delivered the second of his addresses on Personal Work, the special subject being "Realizing God." He said in part:

"When the black clouds come upon the pathway before our feet, when God takes our loved ones back to Himself, and when calamities dash all our hopes to the ground, there is a question that always rises out of our heart, and that is 'Why?' God deals with us as with children; and there is no question more frequently on the lips of our children than this. What do we do, when they ask it? First we explain to them as much as we can, and then we say to the child you must wait till you are older. That's what our heavenly Father has done to us. After He has explained to us as much as we can understand, He says, 'It is necessary for you to wait.' 'I have other things to say unto you, but ye cannot bear them now.' When we tell our children this we expect them to love, trust and obey us, and count it reasonable for them to do so, for we have proved to them that we love them, and our children walk with us without fear. Isn't it also reasonable that God should expect the same thing of us? Many do not count it reasonable but complain when they cannot understand God's dealings with them. Mr. Moody visited a sufferer in Glasgow, but saw from his face that he needed no comfort, for his face was shining with peace. He asked him if he didn't often think that God hadn't been as good to him as to other people, and the reply was, 'Yes, the devil often suggests that to me, but I point to the cross and then the devil leaves me for a season.' That is realizing God. The only way that the ills and ailments of life can be done away with is by obeying God's laws of health. If we all obeyed His laws of purity, the millennium would be here pretty soon. God in His great love has come after us in our disobedience and sin and has tried to bring us back again.

"The way of life is not simply being sorry for sin, but forsaking it and walking in the way of obedience. The wealthiest man in the State of Oregon, was Wm. Ladd, who had overworked and disobeyed the laws of health and a stroke laid him on his bed. Seated out on the lawn one day, with head down on his shoulder and bitter, an Irishman who had worked for him and had lost both legs, came walking along on crutches and said, 'Good morning, Mr. Ladd, this is a beautiful day.' Receiving no response from the embittered man, he came in the gate and hobbling up to him said, 'Mr. Ladd, I wouldn't exchange the sunshine of my soul for all your millions, if along with the money I had to have your bitter spirit'; then turned and left him. Ladd asked God to forgive him and said that was the best sermon he had ever heard. Since then Mr. Ladd has been a changed man, and knows much of the joy of stewardship. The only way God can teach us that love is in His law is by letting us suffer the penalty for breaking His law. God has revealed himself as a God of Holiness and he can't be satisfied with anything less than obedience in us. A real artist can't be satisfied with a defect in his work. Yet, some people say, 'God loves us so much, it will be all right no matter what I do.' God in His redeeming work is aflame against impurity. Because of His love he must maintain His law in righteousness and truth. This is the reason He gave us Jesus Christ. If God's love were not in His laws, the laws would go. The reason the atonement of Christ was sufficient is that everything was accomplished by the atonement that would have been accomplished had the penalty been inflicted. The sinner is saved if he will enter into God's love as it is offered in His Son.

"This is the heart of the gospel. The only calamity is sin. If you are ready to go, there is no calamity in trial or affliction or death. God is not so much concerned about what you have, as about what you are."

He closed with an illustration about a woman who had lost her husband, and who, at the open grave, talked about how thankful she was for the beautiful ten years God had given her with her husband. He declared that this was realising God's love and holiness.

At 11 o'clock Mr. S. D. Gordon spoke again and said in part:

"You can't comprehend Jesus. He is so large and our brain so small, but you can apprehend Him. You can reach out the hand of heart and life and take hold on Him and take in all there is of Jesus. God's pathway is a human pathway, and the highest level any human life may reach is to be a road for God. Every man or woman is sent from God, like John, but many who are sent don't go. John came for a witness. You know something about Jesus, tell it and tell it with your life. He came unto His own and His own received Him not. If anyone isn't giving Him His own, there is a bit of embezzlement going on. He comes to His own today and His own put a piece of furniture up against the door lest Jesus come in and interfere with some of their plans." He concluded with the pathetic and touching story of "Laddie," not the one we know, but of the English "Laddie."

Miss Your Supper

To see "The Trey O' Hearts"—Bijou.—Advertisement.

The big real estate auction sale starts at 104 North Water, Tuesday, September 1, 10 A. M.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

FARMERS OF STATE IN ANNUAL CONVENTION

Exceptionally Large Attendance on First Day

Addresses of Welcome by President Hill, of A. & M., and Governor Craig — President Hobbs Speaks—Notes.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., August 25.—The twelfth annual session of the North Carolina State Farmers' Convention opened this morning at 10:30 o'clock with an exceptionally large attendance, for a three-day session to be devoted to practical agricultural topics and demonstrations in which the splendid agricultural equipment of the A. & M. College, where the convention is being held, will prove most valuable. There was a cordial greeting for the visiting farmers by Dr. D. H. Hill, president of the college.

Governor Craig also extended a welcome on the part of the State, congratulating the farmers on the splendid progress being made along agricultural lines and the nobility of the agricultural calling, "soldiers of progress" adding to the wealth and stability of their country in contrast with military operations that are now spreading death and destruction throughout Europe.

Maj. W. A. Graham, Commissioner of Agriculture, also welcomed the farmers and paid tribute to the agricultural progress in the State that has been so very marked in recent years.

President Hobbs Speaks.

President S. H. Hobbs, Sampson county, delivered his annual address, discussing conditions that confront the farmers and the necessity there is for united effort for the betterment of conditions and averting possible disaster for the unsettled war conditions. He congratulated the farmers on the evidences there are that the State and national administrations and the business men of the country are united in determination to conserve the interests of the farmers, thereby promoting their own interests in sustaining business conditions on the best possible basis.

Prof. C. L. Newman, of the A. & M. College, discussed the question: "Do Soils Wear Out?" giving important valuable advice as to soil conservation.

R. W. Scott, of Alamance, told in a most interesting way "How to Bring Up An Old Field." C. R. Hudson and T. B. Parker followed with valuable talks on the use of green manure, and D. T. Gray and A. L. French on soil improvement by cattle raising; C. B. Williams by the use of commercial fertilizers.

"The Resting of Land and Its Value" was discussed this afternoon by Dr. J. A. Morris. This was followed by a tramp over the college farm in field demonstration work under the direction of Prof. C. L. Newman.

Tonight there were addresses by Prof. M. L. Fisher, of Purdue University, Indiana, and by Prof. L. C. Corbitt, of the Bureau of Plant Industry, Washington, D. C.

Order for Siding.

The Corporation Commission issued an order today for the Southern Railway Company to provide within ten days a standard commercial siding at Ridgecrest, N. C., for the firm of Craven & Holman. This is the termination of a contest of long standing between the railroad company and the petitioning firm in which there were demands made by the railroad company as to expense to the firm that were not usually exacted where the Corporation Commission intervenes with orders for sidings.

Annual Report Out.

The Corporation Commission is sending out now printed copies of its 1913 report which is just from the presses of the State printers. It is the fifteenth annual report of the commission.

NEAR-RIOT AT KINSTON.

Many Negroes Armed and Very Active in "Lincoln City."

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., August 25.—Three policemen who were called to Lincoln City, a colored suburb near Southeast Kinston, at 1:30 o'clock in the morning, ran into what at first sight seemed to be a riot. Fifty negroes, most of them armed, were extremely active. The officers burst into the mob to find that the law and order element of Lincoln City had been called out to apprehend a peeping Tom who had lurked in the village, probably with a view to burglary.

A corn field on one edge of the suburb had been surrounded by the excited residents, and the man they sought was believed to have been penned in. The officers beat up the corn field in a vain effort to find him, but a sentry discovered him in another locality and the scene of operation was shifted. The pursued was too alert to be captured, and escaped with a fusillade of shots following him. No entry had been effected, but watchers had seen the stranger acting suspiciously at several homes.

Wilson, N. C., August 25.—Miss Lillie Whitfield, of Wilson, and Mr. Roscoe Jones, of Raleigh, were married Sunday afternoon and left immediately for Raleigh. Justice W. R. Wood officiated. Miss Whitfield is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Whitefield.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

Discolored or Spotty Skin Easily Peeled Off

The freckling, discoloring or roughening to which most skins are subject at this season, may readily be gotten rid of. Mercolized wax, spread lightly over the face before retiring and removed in the morning with soap and water, completely peels off the disfigured skin. Get an ounce of the wax at any druggist's. There's no more effective way of banishing tan, freckles or other cutaneous defects. Little skin particles come off each day, so the process itself doesn't even temporarily mar the complexion, and one soon acquires a brand new, spotless, girlishly beautiful face.

Wrinkles caused by weather, worry or illness, are best treated by a simple solution of powdered saxolite, 1 oz. dissolved in ½ pint witch hazel. Bathing the face in this produces a truly marvelous transformation.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South."

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares. —from— WILMINGTON

NEW YORK	$26.00
PHILALELPHIA	22.80
BALTIMORE	18.00
WASHINGTON	16.00

On sale Daily until September 30, limited returning October 31.

RALEIGH, N. C.	$4.20

On sale August 17, 18, 23, 24, 25 and 26, limited returning August 29.

COLUMBIA, S. C.	$2.50

On sale for special train leaving Wilmington 7.00 A. M., August 25, limited returning on special train leaving Columbia 8.00 P. M., August 26.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.	$26.75

On sale August 25 and 26, limited returning September 2.

DETROIT, MICH.	$29.75

On sale August 27, 28, 29 and 30, limited returning September 15.

LOUISVILLE, KY.	$30.55

On ale August 28, 29 and 30, limited returning September 8.

PHILADELPHIA, PA	$18.00

On sale September 5, 6 and 7, limited returning September 18.

RICHMOND, VA	$10.70

On sale September 6 and 7, limited returning September 16.

BALTIMORE, MD.	$14.05

On sale September 5, 8 and 10, limited returning September 19.

BOSTON, MASS. (All Rail)	$30.80
Via New York and Steamer	$29.60

On sale September 11, 12 and 13, limited returning September 24.

DALLAS, TEX.	$40.75

On ale Sept. 18, 19 and 20, limited returning October 2.

RICHMOND, VA.	$8.10

On sale October 10, 11 and 12, limited returning October 20.

ATLANTA, GA.	$13.85

On sale October 4, 5 and 6, limited returning October 17.

On sale October 13 and 14, limited returning October 24.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.	$35.60

On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.

ATLANTA, GA.	$13.85

On sale November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning November 23.

Summer Excursion Tickets are on sale to Many Mountain, Lake, Seashore and Pleasure Resorts.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"The Progressive Railway of the South."

Bulletin of Special Rates in Effect Daily

Limited returning to October 31st.

WASHINGTON	$16.00
BALTIMORE	18.00
PHILADELPHIA	22.80
NEW YORK	$26.00

Summer Excursion fares are on sale to all Principal Mountain and Seashore Resorts.

RALEIGH, N. C.	$4.20

On sale August 23, 24, 25, 26, limited returning August 29th.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.	$35.60

On ale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.

DETROIT, MICH	$29.75

On sale August 27, 28 and 29, limited returning September 15.

LOUISVILLE, KY.	$30.55

On sale August 28, 29 and 30, limited returning September 8.

BALTIMORE, MD.	$14.05

On sale September 5, 8 and 10, limited returning September 19.

DALLAS, TEX.	$40.75

On sale Sept. 18, 19 and 20, limited returning October 2.

PHILADELPHIA, PA.	$18.00

On sale September 5, 6 and 7, limited returning September 18.

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On sale September 6 and 7, limited returning September 16.

BOSTON, MASS. (all rail)	$30.80
Via New York and Steamer	$29.60

On sale September 11, 12 and 13, limited returning September 24.

RICHMOND, VA.	$8.10

On sale October 10, 11, 12, limited returning October 20th.

ATLANTA, GA.	$13.85

On sale October 4, 5, 6, limited returning October 17th.

ATLANTA, GA.	$13.85

On sale October 13 and 14, limited returning October 24.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.	$35.60

On sale October 17 and 18, limited returning October 31.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

SUMMER SCHEDULE STEAMER WILMINGTON
—to—
CAROLINA BEACH AND SOUTHPORT
Effective Tuesday, June 2nd, 1914.
Daily Schedule:
To Carolina Beach, 9 A. M. and 2:45 P. M.
To Southport, 9 A. M.
Sunday Schedule:
To Carolina Beach, 9 A. M., 2:30 and 7:30 P. M.
To Southport, 9 A. M. and 7:30 P. M.
Returning 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.
Special Notice Will Be Given of Extra Excursion Schedule.
Fare, Round Trip, to Carolina Beach, 25c.
NEW HANOVER TRANSIT CO.
Jos. J. Loughlin, Secretary and Treasurer.
J. B. Fox, Agent.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST.

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv. Richmond	2:10pm	6:40pm	11:00pm
Ar. Louisville	11:00am		7:30pm
Ar. Cincinnat	8:20am	10:30am	5:00pm
Ar. Chicago	5:30pm	7:35pm	7:10am
Ar. St. Louis	7:18pm	7:18pm	7:45am

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.
Quickest and Best Route.
The line to the Celebrated Mountain Resorts of Virginia.
For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations, address
JNO. D. POTTS, G. P. A.
C. & O. Ry., Richmond, Va.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective June 1, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. ! 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 14:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 1:15 A.M.
No. 51. • 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. •12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ! 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ! 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. • 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. • 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. • 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford, commencing June 15. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.	No. 52. • 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. ! 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. !12:50 P.M.
No. 57. • 6:20 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Conway and Intermediate stations.	No. 58. • 9:55 A.M.
No. 55. • 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah, All Florida Points, Columbia, Asheville and the West. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta, and Atlanta and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. •12:50 P.M.
No. 59. • 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. •10:15 A.M.
No. 42. • 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains, with Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. •10:00 A.M.
No. 68. b7:30 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 69. b 10:15 A.M.

• Daily. ! D Daily except Sunday. b Sunday only. a Daily except Monday.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Reach

BASE BALL GOODS
Make Famous Players
USED BY THE
World's Champions
EXCLUSIVELY
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
J. W. Murchison & Co.
WHOLESALE HARDWARE

Bids For Street Work

Sealed proposals for grading and paving certain streets in and for the City of Wilmington, N. C., will be received by the Councilmen, at the City Hall, up to 12 o'clock, noon, September 1st, 1914, and at that time they will be opened and publicly read, addressed to B. A. Merritt, Councilman of Streets, and endorsed "Proposal for Paving Streets."

The work for which proposals are invited consist approximately of 18,000 square yards of Bithulithic Pavement.

Each proposal must be acompanied with a certified check in the sum of five (5 per cent) per cent of the contract price, made payable to the Mayor of the City of Wilmington.

Specifications and blank forms of proposals can be obtained by application to the Councilman of Streets, and a full set of plans can be seen atthe office of the Engineer, or of the Councilman. The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

F. F. PILLET, City Engineer. B. A. MERRITT, Councilman of Streets.

Big Excursion From Wilmington and Intermediate Points

—TO—

COLUMBIA, S. C.

VIA THE ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
TUESDAY, AUGUST 25TH, RETURNING WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26TH
AT 8:00 P. M. Train will leave here at 7:00 A. M.

Round Trip Only $2.50

Separate cars will be provided for white and colored passengers.

This excursion offers a splendid opportunity to visit Columbia at a most delightful period.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
T. H. KNIGHT Advertising Distributor.
WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA.

J. E. HATCH
House Decorating and Sign Painting
WALL PAPERS, INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR PAINTING, FRESCO AND PLASTER RELIEF.
Office Phone 1336-W; Residence Phone 808.
107 North Third Street.

And they asked me how I did it, and
I gave 'em the Scripture text,
"You keep your light so shining a
Little in front o' the next!"
They copied all they could follow,
But they couldn't copy my mind,
And I left 'em sweating and stealing
A year and a half behind.
—Kipling.

TO THE BEACH

Suburban Schedule

In Effect Saturday, June 6, 1914

WEEK-DAYS

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
6:25 A. M.	6:05 A. M.
6:55 A. M.	7:10 A. M.
7:25 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
8:00 A. M.	8:15 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
5:30 P. M.	5:45 P. M.
6:10 P.M.	6:25 P. M.
6:30 P. M.	6:50 P.M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7:15 P. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P. M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
9:30 A. M.	12:15 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
7:00 P. M.	8:15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M.; and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

SUNDAYS

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
7:00 A. M.	7:15 A. M.
8:30 A. M.	7:45 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9:15 A. M. and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 P. M.	11:45 P.M.
12:00 P. M.	

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials stop only at 5th, 7th and 9th streets in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach
11:00 A. M.	12:15 P. M.

Freight Depot Open: 10 to 11 A.M.

Telephone 667 for information about train movements and matters connected with Railway department.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Premier Carrier of the South.

LOW ROUND TRIP SUMMER TOURIST TICKETS NOW ON SALE TO

"Land of the Sky"

Asheville, Waynesville, Toxaway, Hendersonville, Brevard, Hot Springs. And All Other Western North Carolina Points.

Spend your vacation in the Cool Mountains of Western North Carolina.

Week-end and Sunday Excursion round trip tickets on sale to Morehead City, Beaufort, Wrightsville, Wilmington, and various other Summer Resorts.

For illustrated booklets, complete detailed information, ask your agent, or communicate with

O. F. YORK, Traveling Passenger Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH."

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows

No. 13—3:00 P. M.—For Local Stations. Parlor car for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and intermediate points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and all points North and South, at Hamlet.

No. 23—5:00 P. M.—Through Pullman Sleeping car service between Wilmington and Atlanta. Through train for Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg and Hamlet, connecting with all trains North and South, at Hamlet.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt. Agt., Wilmington, N. C. JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, August 28
Steamship Navahoe, Friday, Sept. 4

Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Navahoe, Monday, August 24
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, August 31

Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Navahoe, Sat., August 29.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., September 5.

Both Steamers Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES, Commercial Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

N. & W. Ry. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.
Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb. Rails.
Schedule in Effect May 10, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	8:50 a.m.	8:00 p.m.	
Lv. Petersburg	11:00 a.m.	10:40 p.m.	
Lv. Durham	7:00 a.m.	5:30 p.m.	
Lv. Lynchburg	2:45 p.m.	2:30 a.m.	
Ar. Cincinnati	7:20 a.m.	6:25 p.m.	
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a.m.	7:00 p.m.	
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p.m.	8:00 a.m.	
Ar. St. Louis	6:32 p.m.	8:30 a.m.	

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars, N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the city at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city at 60c per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months; $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, policital meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61. Call either, if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26, 1914.

Hoch der neutrality.

Be an optimist. Have a heart for every fate.

It's not half so bad as it appears. We are not in it.

Be of good cheer. You can't help it. We can help ourselves.

The question is whether the censorship has been scuttled.

If "a looker-on in Vienna" saw it all coming, he quit looking and began hitting the grit.

During all this noise, a knocker must painfully realize what a small part of it is made by him.

Sometimes when a man is robbed of sleep the probability is that a nightmare goes along with it.

The more money a man has the less he cares to go to war when he can hire somebody to go in his stead.

America has every reason to be proud of the towering Woodrow Wilson and the lofty William Jennings Bryan.

The rule is for every fellow to hoe his own row but now and then some fellow quits hoeing his to dig at somebody else.

We ought to build plenty of good roads so good people who want to quit Europe can have some inducements to settle in North Carolina.

The worst is yet to come—in the news reports of the struggles in Belgium—when the curtain of censorship is lifted and the whole truth is told.

The Americans who have all the war they want are those refugees who were caught in European countries which became hostile camps in almost an instant.

That ancient South Carolina ditty entitled "Sifting Sand," would be the proper tune for a man who is hurrying out of a battle so he won't be in it.

The dispatches say "the Germans have captured Nancy." Nancy should have been more careful with herself than to have let the invaders catch her napping.

When a man is refused a hearing he can either hire a hall for his own use or write a book if any publisher is shown enough long green to put it in print.

One swallow does not make a summer, nor does the result of one battle necessarily indicate the final outcome of a great conflict involving half a dozen great nations.

One of the latest unconfirmed rumors is that Colonel Roosevelt made some sort of speech, somewhere, on some subject. Inasmuch as it wasn't of bulletin board importance nobody cares two straws.

The British and French war departments had prepared the people of their countries to expect reverses in Belgium this week, so they should not have been surprised by the news from the front Monday.

Says the Knoxville Journal and Tribune: "Woman is as competent to do a man's work as man is to do woman's work." Vain is the task of a man in the matter of working himself into a chronic state of hysterics.

The European war will have far-reaching consequences but they won't reach far enough to catch a North Carolinian who prefers to be let alone in the enjoyment of his liberty of thought and his freedom of speech. Every one has his say about the situation.

The British people at home knew Monday why the whole nation was more deeply moved than it had been. The balance of the world knew yesterday morning. The French war office told part of it. The German war office might have told the balance, if it had had means of communication.

WAREHOUSE AND MORATORIUM LEGISLATION.

In view of the fact that Texas will produce nearly 5,000,000 bales of cotton this season, the legislature of that State met in extra session on Monday to consider legislation to take care of the State's interests by providing a plan to hold cotton off the market. A bill has been introduced to provide for a warehouse system in Texas as the absolutely sure means of financing the surplus crop.

A mass meeting will be held at Bennettsville, S. C., tomorrow, and at various places in the state, so the cotton growers and business men can express themselves on the subject of an extra session of the General Assembly for the purpose of passing a warehouse bill. At the last session of the South Carolina legislature, former Senator John Lowndes McLaurin and Representative McQueen, members of the legislature, introduced a warehouse bill that was laid over. Now the emergency has arisen for just such legislation, whereas action then would have been the wisest thing the general assembly could have done.

Senator McLaurin, in an article in the Pee Dee Daily, published in Bennettsville, states that the bill introduced in the Texas legislature is almost a duplicate of the McLaurin-McQueen bill. He not only urges the extra session to pass a warehouse bill, but a moratorium act as well to suspend the law for legal procedure upon debtors for settlement of debts. Says Senator McLaurin:

"I believe that the emergency which confronts us will require legislation more far reaching. The warehouse bill will be valuable in that it will convert cotton into a negotiable security, which can be discounted under the new currency law. This new law, however, will not be in operation for several months, leaving the emergency currency act of 1908 as our only dependence.

"The warehouse bill should be passed, and in addition, every legislature in the South enact a general moratorium, which will protect the great mass of the debtors as opposed to the class of creditors who, with the legal power to enforce the collection of debts, can if permitted in this crisis to exercise it, acquire most of the property at very depreciated prices.

"During the operation of the moratorium, debtors could warehouse their cotton and allow creditors to use the warehouse certificates for discount through the banks, rendering the creditor secure and furnishing collateral to obtain sufficient money to keep the wheels of business moving."

Senator McLaurin goes at length into the legal questions involved in a moratorium act, and he submits that it was just that principle carried out during the panic of 1907 (the Roosevelt panic) when the banks refused to give depositors money on their checks. He thinks that in such an emergency as this, other debtors should have the same protection as banks.

By the way, the Georgia legislature, already in session, is considering the warehouse and moratorium questions in separate bills.

MUST STORE 3,000,000 BALES.

It is estimated that out of this year's cotton crop of some 13,000,000 to 14,000,000 bales, there will be need of financing the holding of at least 3,000,000 bales that necessarily would be forced on the market and cause a slump in the price. It is the "distress" cotton which has to be taken care of, the crop of the man who would otherwise be compelled to sell at whatever price he could get.

Many cotton growers are quite able to hold their own cotton off the market and it is reasonable to suppose that they will do it. Meanwhile there will be demand for at least 8,000,000 bales of cotton on the part of the mills and manufacturers of the United States, Canada and other portions of the world, even in some of the countries engaged in war. The South's burden is an embarrassing surplus of 3,000,000 bales and it is believed that it can be easily held by the South's producers, business men and financiers.

Twelve Southern cities following the lead of St. Louis would settle the matter at once. From the St. Louis Globe-Democrat of August 22, it is learned that St. Louis has decided to store and finance 250,000 bales, and will loan $35 a bale on the cotton stored. That is about 7 cents per pound credit for the stored staple. That course was decided upon at a special meeting of the business men's league of St. Louis, and it is that city's contribution to the solution of the present cotton situation.

Action also was taken on the matter of communication with and urging other cities to follow the lead of the Missouri metropolis. The business men's league took stock of itself and put up the money for the deal in cash or bank credits that are good as gold. That solution was sprung by Mr. J. Festus Wade at the meeting of the business men and it was heartily approved and prompt action taken. Speaking for the banks, Mr. Wade said that St. Louis banks would gladly advance $35 on each bale stored in a warehouse under their supervision. Since St. Louis long ago constructed ample warehouses for attracing the shipment of cotton to that city, she is ready for cotton to be sent in just as fast as it suits those who want a loan.

Mr. Wade, who fathered the plan, predicted that the United States and foreign countries not closed to imports would use 11,000,000 bales of this year's crop, and he declared that Southern business centers could easily take care of 3,000,000 bales on storage, since the plan could be carried out for $105,000,000. St. Louis' share of that would be $8,750,000 and so it was pledged. One St. Louis compress company offered storage for 100,000 bales and to care for the other 150,000 bales manufacturers and wholesalers agreed to shift goods stored in their warehouses so as to leave one or two floors or compartments for cotton. A committee was appointed to carry out the plan.

St. Louis took this action to protect its business interests. Already large orders to wholesalers had been cancelled on account of the war, and Mr. Joseph W. Lewis, a compress man, urged quick action as necessary to the self-preservation of St. Louis' business interests and not merely as an act of sympathy for the cotton growers. He emphasized the fact that business of every description, wholesale, retail, big and little, suffers when cotton growers are pinched for money.

A good investment for any city of commercial importance would be a warehouse capable of serving for the storage of cotton and for merchandise and manufactures intended for distribution.

THE NATIONS AND THEIR GAME.

Tolstoi's realistic and startling vision was a good guess. He did not foresee a world war coming. His marvelous foresight and classic prophesy was but a logical conclusion that it was not only possible but inevitable that there should be such a war as Europe is now having.

The siren of commercialism years ago lured and beckoned on the nations of the world. Meanwhile the green-eyed monster rose up out of the depths of the sea and raucus Jealousy got on the job like Ransey Sniffles who ever gloried in provoking a fight. Jealousy became the mistress of Envy. Envy begat strife. Therefore:

The cause of the world's strife: Commercialism.

The reason for war: Any old trifling incident to kindle the fires of dormant animosity.

The sum and substance: War for dominancy in the world's affairs.

Result: Civilization "held up" by dreadnoughts and mobilized armies.

The ministering angel of Chaos: Christianity.

The world's Good Samaritan who shall come to the rescue of the stricken nations: "Grape Juice Diplomacy."

If the German war office had given out a statement "fully setting forth" the facts regarding the results of Sunday's and Monday's clash with the allies, it would no doubt have been quite different from that given out by the French war office. Then if the two statements had been added together and the result divided by two, the truth of the matter might have been approached, at least.

There is no guile in the diplomacy of the Wilson administration. Chicanery has no part in it. It frowns upon intrigue. No Machiavelli is given ear around the counsel table where Woodrow Wilson presides and William Jennings Bryan names the beverage.

Those "leading" dispatches from Paris and London in yesterday's Star were significant of much more than they told. In fact, their importance from the news standpoint lay not so much in what they told as in what they signified.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Those counties that get more from the State Treasury than they pay into it will perhaps be satisfied for things to remain as they are.—Durham Herald.

France has declared that she will not regard as neutral foreign ships chartered by this government to bring Americans home. Yet we venture the assertion that if such ships were convoyed by the cruiser North Carolina, with shotted guns and the intention of blowing out of the water the first French vessel that interferred, France would reconsider her hasty decision. Still, there are other ways of getting our citizens home, so why stir up the animals?—Greensboro News.

The Star reminds the business people of the timeliness of building bonded warehouses in that city. Wilmington is quite well equipped with storage warehouses, but it would seem to be the interest of the export trade of that commercial center to provide abundant bonded facilities. Wilmington has been standing close to New Orleans and Galveston in the matter of cotton exports and with facilities for handling cotton through the bonded wharehouse, would find it easy to hold her place and probably draw up a little closer. As matters stand, New Orleans, has a fair chance of running far ahead of all Southern ports in the volume of cotton handled. To be well prepared for the opportunities offered by the Panama Canal, Wilmington should have more docks, more ships and more warehouses.—Charlotte Observer.

If Republicans in Congress think they are going to make political capital for themselves by introducing resolutions designed to embarrass the administration in its conduct of the foreign relations of this country they are very much mistaken. Senator Gallinger is the latest offender. He would have Congress adopt resolutions that in effect would question the good faith of Japan's assurances to the United States with regard to China and the Pacific. The American people are in no mood to permit politicians to trifle with the delicate international relations of this country in this great crisis. What Japan has declared her intention of doing is wholly within her rights. We may not agree with Japan's contention that Germany's China leasehold is a menace to the peace of the Far East, but she has done nothing, and contemplates nothing, that jeopardizzes any American interest. If there is one thing upon which the people of the United States are determined it is that this country shall not be drawn into war or into serious complications with any nation. They will make short shirft of politicians in carrying out a polcy of neutrality and peace.—New York Herald.

The occasion of Japan's war on Germany is her British alliance. Its moving spirit is revenge for German's ousting her from the Liaotung peninsula in 1895. Its unavowed purpose and probable effect is trade and military advanage. Americans are not called upon to idealize a campaign so void of any excuse of self-defense. The onslaught of the Japanese in overwhelming force upon an enemy's outpost will win no such praise as the heroic stand of the Belgians for their own homes; it simply shows how the flames of war, once lighted, run round the world. That the field of Japan's activities will be confined to the China Sea, except for the chase of German ships, we are assured by Japan's ally, Great Britain. Our State Department has noted with satisfaction Japan's own expressed intent to restore Kiao-Chow to China eventually and to respect meanwhile China's sovereign rights over the leased territory. Both Japan and England have thus shown their desire to avoid causing uneasiness to other powers fronting the Pacific. The Chinese, who would seem to have a better right to Kiag-Chow than either of the nations fighting for it, are putting in no claim for possion by the sword, but keeping their troops away from the line to avoid even accidental encounters. There seems to be no great danger of Japan's act further embroiling neutral nations on the Pacific. Questions may arise if later she shows no readiness to surrender the territory to China; but they are distant. The colossus for whose splendid port Japan is attacking Germany is waking up; she may be able to enforce her rights without assistance.—New York World.

WAKE FOREST WILL SEND DOWN FOUR DOZEN MEN.

To Take Examination Before Supreme Court—New Faculty Members.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wake Forest, N. C., Aug. 25.—The 1914 summer school of law class at Wake Forest is the largest in the history of the college. Fifty-eight members are registered; about 48 of these will take the Supreme Court examination next Monday. This is the first class since the summer work was made a part of the college proper.

The fall term will open Tuesday, September 1st, with four new members of the faculty:

Dr. Herbert Douglass Taylor, a graduate from Johns Hopkins University, was elected by the trustees to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Dr. John Brewer Powers. Dr. Taylor has been serving as superintendent of the dispensary at Johns Hopkins University for some time. He will teach pathology and bacteriology here.

Dr. John William Nowell, Ph. D., Johns Hopkins University, 1912, who has been assistant in chemistry at the North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, will be assistant in chemistry here. He will also have classes in biology, mineralogy, geology and elementary physiology.

Prof. Herbert Philip McCutcheon, who received his master's degree at Harvard University, will have charge of the English department in the absence of Dr. Sledd and Prof. Hubbell. Prof. McCutcheon has been connected with the University of Minnesota for some time.

Dr. Clarence D. Johns, who has been connected with the University of Chicago for four years, will have a class in history; will also be assistant instructor in German.

ONE NEGRO KILLED AND ANOTHER FATALLY WOUNDED

In Gambling and Shooting Affair at Elm City.

(Special Star Coreespondence)

Elm City, N. C., August 25.—The rock quarry near here was the scene of a shooting affair Saturday night in which a negro man, Elijah Dancey, was killed and Jim Howadr another negro was fatally wounded. From the reports the shooting followed a gambling game and probably little would be known of the trouble but for the fact that Dancey, after being shot went to the house of Ada Hagan, crawled on the bed and died in a short time. Several other negroes were wounded and they charge John Taylor and Bill Martin as the guilty parties. Both of these men have disappeared. Sheriff Rowe was notified and is making a search.

WARSAW TOBACCO MEN EXPECTING BIG SALES.

Look for Total of Four to Five Million Pounds This Year.

Warsaw, N. C., Aug. 24.—As a result of the boosters' trip through the county on the 15th and 22nd, by the prominent business men of this town, they now feel that between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 pounds of tobacco will be sold on this market this year, instead of 2,000,000 pounds as they at first expected, and against 2,080,000 pounds last year. They feel that the trips have opened up new fields to them in every way, and are now looking forward to one of the best business periods for this fall that they have ever experienced.

Wm. H. Williams, Jr., lost a large barn of tobacco on Saturday night by fire. The barn was valued at $350, and was filled with a large amount of a very fine grade of the bright leaf. The origin of the fire was unknown by Mr. Williams, when seen this morning by your correspondent.

EXPECT GOOD TOBACCO PRICES.

Tobacconists Return From a Trip Through South Carolina Belt.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., August 25.—R. A. Bailey and R. E. Grimes, tobacconists of Robersonville, have returned from an extended trip through the South Carolina tobacco belt, where they studied conditions. Dillon, Mullins and Latta were among the markets visited.

Messrs. Bailey and Grimes say every indication points to good prices all throughout the season. The South Carolina crop, they aver, is of inferior quality, but such of it as has been marketed so far has brought good prices. A comparison of the splendid crop in the North Carolina bright belt and that around Dillon, Mullins and the other Palmetto centers is not at all complimentary to the latter, and the Robersonville tobacco men believe the prices here will be relatively better.

ALL RESERVE BANKS TO OPEN ON SAME DATE.

Reserve Board Rapidly Getting Things in Readiness for Organization.

Washington, Aug. 24.—After many days' consideration the Federal Reserve Board has decided that it will open all 12 Federal Reserve banks at the same time, and launch the new banking system simultaneously all over the country.

The board is expected to take up tomorrow the selection of "class C" directors of the 12 banks. This may take several days, but enough probably will be chosen in each district before the end of the week to make organization of the banks possible.

Invigorating to the Pale and Sickly. The Old Standard general strengthening tonic, GROVE'S TASTELESS chill TONIC, drives out Malaria, enriches the blood, and builds up the system. A true Tonic. For adults and children. 50c.

(Advertisement.)

SPECIAL REDUCTION

On Mosquito Nets for this week and just at the time when most needed, these last days of August and all of September is when the deadly mosquito gets busy. The hot, rainy season and when we are all most susceptible to malaria. A few dollars spent now for nets may save you a heavy doctor's bill and many weeks of sickness.

Turn-over Canopies to hang from ceiling—

$1.50 size ..... $1.19 $1.75 size $1.39

$2.00 size ..... $1.69 $2.25 size $1.89

$3.50 Perfection Spring Canopies made of heavy copper wire; full size net at.. $2.97

Mason's Screw Top Fruit Jars, 1 pint jars, per dozen 59c; 1 quart jars, per doz, 69c; 2 quart jars, per dozen, 98c.

Extra jar top, rubber, per dozen, 5c and 10c.

Sure Seal Jars, pints and quarts.

Clearance of Summer Dresses, Waists and Skirts. Pretty little frocks, greatly reduced.

SHOWING OF NEW FALL APPAREL

Pretty Coat Suit for early fall. Misses and young ladies' going off to school will do well to see our display before going away.

We are showing the new ideas in the new Fall Hat.

Boys' and Youths' New Fall Clothing have arrived. The styles and colors are very catchy. Come in and make your selection before your size has been taken up.

New Fall Styles of Crawford's Shoes are here

J. H. Rehder & Co. THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

Few Palm Beach Suits to close out at cost. Come and see.

A Hint for Coming Maternity

In a little book designed for expectant mothers more complete instruction is given in the use of "Mother's Friend." This is an external embrocation applied to the abdominal muscles for the purpose of reducing the strain on ligaments, cords and tendons.

In thus bringing relief and avoiding pain great good is accomplished. It serves to ease the mind, indirectly has a most beneficial effect upon the nervous system and thousands of women have delightedly told how they were free of nausea, had no morning sickness and went through the ordeal with most remarkable success. "Mother's Friend" has been growing in popular favor for more than forty years. In almost every community are grandmothers who used it themselves, their daughters have used it and they certainly must know what a blessing it is when they recommend it so warmly. Strictly an external application it has no other effect than to ease the muscles, cords, tendons and ligaments involved hence is perfectly safe to use by all women. It is used very successfully to prevent caking of breasts.

"Mother's Friend" is prepared in the laboratory of Bradfield Regulator Co., 404 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

A. B. Croom, Jr., Company

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Wilmington, N. C.

SPECIALTIES:

Flour, Rice, Coffee, Molasses, Cakes, Candy and Drug Specialties.

Write for prices and call to see us, when in city.

APPENDICITIS, HEADACHES, CAUSED BY TORPID LIVER

Polk Miller's Liver Pills Safe to Remove the Cause.

Biliousness and torpid liver very often cause severe headaches or appendicitis. Go to any druggist and get a 10c box of Polk Miller's Liver Pills, take a few doses, note the immediate relief and the after invigorating feeling. They may save you a costly operation if taken in time. They act directly on the liver, removing the deadly bile and secretions—the entire system is rapidly toned up. Calomel, so-called salts and many liquids are dangerous. Refuse them. Ask your druggist or general store for Polk Miller's Liver Pills. They are safe. Free 24c coupon in each box. Free sample sent on request by writing to Polk Miller Drug Company, Inc., Richmond, Va.

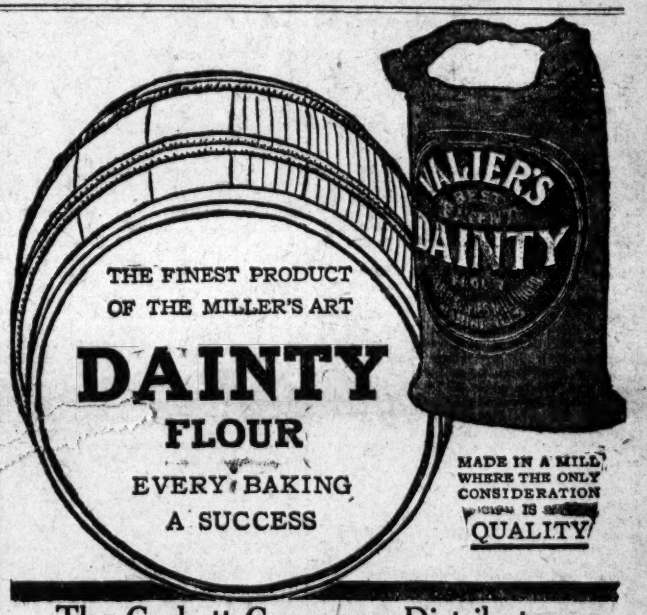
CURED ECZEMA

With Saxo Salve After 10 Years Suffering

Darby, Pa.—"For 10 years I suffered from eczema. My face was covered with pimples and so raw I could not go on the street. I went to the Hospital for treatment and tried ointments without help. My druggist told me about Saxo Salve and after using it my eczema disappeared."—Mrs. JOHN EGEE, Darby, Pa.

If we can't cure your skin trouble with our Saxo Salve and Saxo Soap we will buy back the empty tube.

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist.



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"ASK THOSE WHO USE IT"

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," said a wise man. We believe him, and so do you, but do you practice your convictions? With all the known methods of sanitation at your command, and a strict adherence to them, you are then sometimes sick. Did you ever seriously question why? Perhaps it is the Ice you are using. Be certain that it is not. Use Plate Ice. No serious consequences.

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PLATE ICE COMPANY

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We are now prepared to make prompt deliveries of

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A Southern College of liberal arts with an established national reputation for high standards, noble traditions, and progressive policies. Its large endowment fund makes possible its first-class equipment and large faculty of well trained and carefully chosen teachers. Student fees low. Comfortable, inexpensive rooms in carefully supervised hygienic dormitories.

Classical and scientific courses leading to the bachelor's degree. Graduate courses in all departments. Schools of Engineering, Education, and Law.

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East Carolina Teachers Training School

A State school to train teachers for the public schools of North Carolina. Every energy is directed to this one purpose. Tuition free to all who agree to teach. Fall term begins September 22, 1914. For catalogue and other information address,

Robt. H. WRIGHT, President,
Greenville, N. C.

BINGHAM SCHOOL'S central purpose for 121 years has been to make Men of Boys. Organization Military. Alone among N. C. private schools Bingham's Commandant is a West Point graduate, detailed from the U. S. Army. Within a year A Million Dollar Hotel and U. S. Government Summer Camp for Military Instruction have come to Asheville. Why? Lake for Swimming. Tuition and Board $160 per Half Term. Col. R. Bingham, R. F. D. Box 23 Asheville, N. C.

FUNERAL OF BISHOP STRANGE AT ST. JAMES

Services Conducted by Distinguished Clergymen

Immense Congregation Present at the Interment—Body Lay In State Throughout Day—Simple Rites of Church Used.

In the presence of a vast concourse of people of all ranks, the funeral of Rt. Rev. Robert Strange, D. D., Bishop of the Diocese of East Carolina, who died at the Episcopal residence in this city Sunday afternoon, was conducted from St. James' Church yesterday afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. The simple burial service of the Protestant Episcopal Church was used and the interment was beneath the chancel of the church, beside the remains of the late lamented Bishop Atkinson.

The service was conducted by Bishop Joseph Blount Cheshire, of Raleigh, Bishop of the Diocese of North Carolina, assisted by Bishop W. A. Guerry, of the Diocese of South Carolina; Bishop J. M. Horner, of the District of Asheville, and Bishop Beverly D. Tucker, of the Diocese of Southern Virginia.

Body Lies In State.

The body of Bishop Strange was removed from Episcopal residence yesterday morning and lay in state during the day until 4 o'clock. There were many who called at the church during the day to take a last look at the face of the Bishop. Prior to the removal of the body at 8:30 o'clock the Sacrament of the Holy Communion was celebrated with the members of the family, the service being in charge of Rev. Thos. P. Noe, rector of the Church of the Good Shepherd, assisted by Rev. Dr. Mm. H. Milton, rector of St. James' Church, and Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Church.

The doors of the church were closed at 4 o'clock to make the final arrangement for the funeral. When the doors were opened again at 4:30 o'clock there were already many people who had gathered to attend the service.

The Funeral Procession.

The funeral procession was formed promptly at 5:30 o'clock in St. James' Parish House in the following order:

The choir followed by the clergy of the Diocese and the visiting clergy and next the four Bishops of the church followed by the honorary pallbearers and then came the active pallbearers. Next came the members of the family and intimate friends. These passed through the front door of the church to seats that had been reserved for them, all the clergy occupying seats within the chancel.

The members of the Wilmington Ministerial Association attended the service in a body, having met at the Y. M. C. A. at 5 o'clock at the request of Rev. G. T. Adams, president of the association.

There were many beautiful floral tributes of varied designs, the casket being covered with flowers, while the rear of the chancel was also banked with floral wreaths and flowers.

Everything was in entire keeping with the simplicity for which Bishop Strange's life was noted. There was not evident deep mourning but rather a spirit of triumph, a feeling that a servant of the church had laid down the burdens of this earthly life after a cereer of great usefulness to mankind to enter into rest.

Many Clergymen Attend.

Clergy of the Diocese of East Carolina present at the service were Rev. Nathaniel Harding, Washington, N. C.; Rev. N. C. Duncan, Hope Mills; Rev. W. R. Noe, Windsor; Rev. C. Prentice Parker, Hertford; Rev. M. E. Bethea, Williamston, secretary of the Diocese of East Carolina; Rev. J. H. Griffith, Kinston; Rev. C. A. Ashby, Elizabeth City; Rev. B. F. Huske, Newbern, president of the standing committee of the Diocese; Rev. C. D. Malone, Washington, N. C.; Rev. J. H. Dickinson, Goldsboro; Rev. J. L. Showell, Clinton; Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, Rev. W. E. Cox, Rev. Thos. P. Noe and Rev. E. deF. Heald, Jr., and Rev. W. C. Avant, colored, of Newbern, and Rev. Griffith, colored, of Wilmington.

The visiting clergy were Rev. George Williams Lay, rector of St. Mary's, Raleigh; Rev. Walter J. Smith, superintendent of the Thompson Orphanage, Charlotte; Rev. Frederick deRosset, Charleston, S. C.; Rev. Armand deR. Meares, Baltimore, Md.; Rev. N. C. Hughes, venerable archdeacon, Raleigh.

The Pallbearers.

The honorary pallbearers were: Hon. Francis D. Winston, of Windsor; Mr. Richard A. Meares, Ridgeway, S. C.; Dr. Geo. G. Thomas, Capt. Thos. D. Meares, Prof. Washington Catlett and Messrs. J. Allan Taylor, J. W. Murchison, William Latimer, Geo. O. Gaylord, J. H. Burriss, Geo. W. Kidder, D. D. Barber, Wm. A. Williams and Iredell Meares.

The active pallbearers were Dr. R. H. Bellamy and Messrs. W. D. MacMillan, Jr., John D. Bellamy, Jr., W. G. Pulliam, W. M. Atkinson, A. B. Skelding and J. V. Grainger, of this city, and Geo. C. Royall, of Goldsboro.

Besides the laymen from other places named above there were Messrs. F. R. Rose, Fayetteville, and P. Harvey Myers and Edmund Harding, of Washington, N. C.

Among the relatives of the family outside the city present at the service were Mr. and Mrs. Sam Strange, cousins of Bishop Strange; Mr. John Strange, Mr. Robert McNeill and Mr. Benj. F. Huske, Jr., all of Fayetteville; Mr. E. P. Buford, of Lawrenceville, Va., brother of Mrs. Strange, and her sister, Mrs. Robert P. Martin, of Petersburg, Va., accompanied by her husband, Dr. Robert P. Martin.

A selected choir from the choirs of St. James' Church, St. John's Church and the Church of the Good Shepherd, sang the hymns.

Hertford Pays Tribute.

Hertford, N. C., August 25.—An appropriate memorial service for Bishop Robert Strange, of the Eastern Carolina Diocese, was held by the congregation of Holy Trinity Episcopal Church Sunday evening.

The Rev. Clarence P. Parker had announced the evening service to be held in the church ward at 6 P. M. Benches had been placed beneath the trees, the congregation assembled and the rector was just about to open the service when handed a message telling of the Bishop's death. Instead of the regular evening service a memorial service was conducted.

Bishop Strange was well known and loved by this congregation and it was a touching, though an appropriate tribute that they should be found assembled for worship in the resting place of those who had gone before when the news of the Bishop's death arrived.

RULES FOR CONVICT CAMPS

Regulations Now In Effect Posted In All the Camps and Prisons In the County.

Rules and regulations applying to the convict camps and prisons of the county, recently revised and added to by the Board of County Commissioners, have been printed on large placards and posted prominently in each of the county convict camps.

Most of the regulations have been in force for some time, while others have been added only recently. The rules are designed for the purpose of standardizing the conduct of the convict camps, and for the guidance of the foremen and guards in charge of the prisoners.

The regulations, in detail, are as follows:

Prison quarters must be cleaned and thoroughly swept out every day. Fumigated when needed.

Spitting on the floor, positively forbidden. To do so may spread disease.

The use of profane or vulgar language will not be permitted in or around this camp.

No visitors allowed in prison camp without written order from the superintendent or from a commissioner. Regular loafers should be kept away at all times.

Report cases of sickness to county physician without delay, so that patient may get prompt treatment.

The food for this camp should be carefully prepared, cooked well, and served in clean dishes. The steward in charge must be very careful and see that each prisoner is given sufficient food at meals. The food should be screened from flies.

Make a careful examination of groceries and other supplies received at this camp. If goods are not fresh and in good condition report same to auditor at once.

Prisoners must not be permitted to sleep in same clothing that they work in.

Blankets must be washed regularly and never allowed to get in a dirty or filthy condition. This is important.

When prison house or cage is overcrowded, notify the superintendent at at once, so that arrangements can be made to accommodate all prisoners comfortably.

Report escapes immediately to the superintendent, also to commissioners' office, court house.

No prisoner (trusty) is permitted to leave this camp without a special order from the foreman in charge, and in company with an officer from this camp.

The guards are instructed to make a full weekly report to the court house, showing conditions at the camp and reporting all complaints.

EXPENSES OF CITY FOR PAST TWO MONTHS.

Itemized Amounts Paid During June and July by Departments.

Capt. Thos. D. Meares, city clerk and treasurer, yesterday completed a statement of the expenditures of the different departments of the city during June and July. The totals for various departments are given below:

General Expense Account—Appropriation for year $26,130; audited $5,082.72; unexpended $21,047.28.

Police—Appropriation for year, $41,421; audited, $12,738.23; unexpended, $28,914.89; overdrawn, $232.12 on item for auto patrol wagon.

Fire—Appropriation for year, $39,070; audited $8,001.20; unexpended, $31,165.82; overdrawn, $98.02; on repairs to houses.

Streets and Wharves—Appropriation for year $48,358; audited $15,562.98; unexpended $32,910.65; overdrawn $124.65; $107.13 on item for material for repairs and $17.50 on street flusher.

Street Lighting —Appropriation for year $18,019; audited $2,816.49; unexpended $15,202.51.

Health and Hospitals —Appropriation for year $26,679; audited, $5,934.27; unexpended $20,744.73.

Markets—Appropriation for year, $1,850; audited, $166.68; unexpended, $1,683.32.

Coupon and Interest Account—Appropriation for year $98,000; audited $13,012.50; unexpended $84,987.50.

Grand Totals—Appropriation for year $299,527; audited $63,315.07; unexpended $236,201.93.

Other items have been audited as follows: Water and sewerage (operating), $15,346.10; sewer construction, $5,253.40; incinerator, note $6,000; Fourth street paving $1,787.94; street construction, $20.45; miscellaneous, $25; tax refund, $102.88; scavenger, $2,948.64; sidewalks, $144.29. Total amount audited, $98,943.77.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Several Papers Filed for Registration Yesterday.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Solomon Sternberger and wife to John Turner, Jr., for $400 and other considerations, lot on north line of Ann, 90 feet west of Fourteenth street, 30x89 feet in size; Geo. Walter Irving and wife, of Charleston, S. C., to Henry L. Heweitt and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on east line of Sixth, 142 feet north of Castle, irregular in size; L. W. Moore and wife to F. R. Mallard and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot 165 feet north of northwest corner of Sixth and Queen streets, 33x165 feet in size; J. L. Brown and wife to W. K. Allen, for $1 and other considerations, tract in Harnett township, on east line of Wilmington-Wrightsville road.

FUNERAL OF MRS. WALKER.

Services from Sixth Street Advent Church Yesterday Morning.

The funeral of Mrs. S. E. Walker, who died at her home in this city Monday, was conducted from Sixth Street Advent Christian churches yesterday morning at 10 o'clock by Rev. J. P. King, pastor of the church. There were many friends present at the service and many beautiful floral tributes. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. John Thomas, J. F. Hudson, W. C. Moore, M. Ed Keathley, S. J. King and G. T. Crandall.

Mr. E. F. Fales Assigns.

By deed of trust filed for record yesterday, Mr. E. F. Fales, proprietor of a mercantile business located at Eighth and Wooster streets, makes an assignment, naming Mr. John L. Roderick as trustee. The trustee is directed to take charge of the business, close it up and devote the proceeds, less the exemption allowed by law and the expense of the assignment proceedings, to the claims of the various creditors.

BAPTIST SCHOOLS TO MEET

Interesting Programme Prepared for Annual Session at Willard This Week.

The annual meeting of the Baptist Sunday School Union of the Wilmington Association, which will be held at Willard on Friday, Saturday and Sunday of this week, promises to be largely attended by leaders of Sunday school work all over the association. An interesting and instructive programme has been prepared which will include addresses by some of the best known Baptist Sunday school workers in the State. All phases of Sunday school work will be discussed.

The counties included in the Wilmington Association are New Hanover, Onslow, Pender and Duplin. It is expected that there will be many pastors from these counties who will attend the meeting.

Following is the programme for the meeting which begins Friday and continues through Sunday:

Friday.

10 A. M.—"It is the Duty of the School to Hear the Gospel"—Rev. T. J. Baker.

11 A. M.—"A Teacher Should Know the Bible and be a Christian."—Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster.

1:30 P. M.—"A Teacher Should Know the Pupil and be a Christian."—Rev. S. B. Wilson.

2:30 P. M.—"A Teacher Should Know the Method of Teaching and be a Christian"—Prof. P. E. Shaw.

8 P. M.—"Periods of Bible History"—(New Manual)—Rev. C. V. Brooks.

Saturday.

9:45 A. M.—Prayer and song service—Led by Rev. W. G. Hall.

10:30 A. M.—"The Value of the School to Civic and Social Righteousness"—Rev. J. A. Sullivan.

11:30 A. M.—"The School as An Evangelizing Agency"—Rev. E. L. Weston.

1:30 P. M.—"Bible Authority for the School"—Rev. Remus Hall.

2:30 P. M.—"The History of Sunday School Development"—Thad Jones.

8 P. M.—"The Books of the Bible"—(New Normal Manual)—Rev. C. V. Brooks.

Sunday.

9:45 A. M.—Regular school session. Classes study "Israel at Mount Sinai."

11 A. M.—"Missions Should be Taught in the School"—Sermon by Rev. D. W. Herring.

3 P. M.—"What the Church and the School Can Do for One Another"—Mr. Geo. E. Leftwich.

8 P. M.—"The Teacher's Reward"—Sermon by Rev. O. N. Marshall.

Time will be given for general discussion of these topics and it is asked that every one interested in Bible teaching have in condensed form one or more suggestions to offer the Union.

WEEKLY MEETING TODAY.

Petition of Tidewater to Come Before City Council.

City Council will meet this morning at 10 o'clock in regular weekly session, and for the first time in several weeks little outstanding business is scheduled to come before the body.

One item remaining over from last week, however, is the consideration of a lengthy petition filed by the Tidewater Power Company, asking that the corporation be granted franchises over certain additional city streets. It will be remembered that an application on the part of the Tidewater for franchises to extend its lines over certain street in the city was refused by Council several weeks ago, on the ground that the additional lines would serve the same territory as that covered in the franchise recently granted the Wilmington & Carolina Beach Railway Company, which is to be voted on by the people October 7th.

At that time Councilman W. F. Jones was the only member favorable to granting the application of the Tidewater, and so far as is known the other members have not changed their positions since that time. However, the meeting today may bring some new developments.

MRS. W. F. PICKETT DEAD.

Noble Christian Woman Died at Home in Magnolia Yesterday.

Friends in Wilmington and elsewhere will learn with deep regret of the death of Mrs. W. F. Pickett, who died at her home in Magnolia yesterday morning at 8 o'clock after an illness of several weeks with typhoid fever. She was 38 years old. She was a noble Christian woman and was a devoted member of the Methodist church. She was known to many people in this city having gone to school here when a girl and since that time visited here frequently.

Surviving her besides her husband are three children, Miss May Pickett, Master Norman Pickett and Olivia Pickett. Surviving also are her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. C. Barden, of Magnolia; three brothers, Mr. J. H. Barden, of Warsaw; F. N. Barden, of Magnolia; Mr. J. T. Barden, of Wilmington, and two sisters, Mrs. S. G. Winstead, of Roxboro, and Miss Lanie Barden, of Magnolia.

The funeral will be conducted from the Methodist church at Magnolia this morning at 11 o'clock. The interment will be in the family burying ground. A number of friends and relatives from Wilmington will attend the services.

WITH NORFOLK & WESTERN.

Mr. J. R. Cooke Again Located in Wilmington—Soliciting Agent.

Scores of friends of Mr. J. R. Cooke, formerly with the Seaboard Air Line in this city, but for a year or more located in Norfolk, will be glad to know of his transfer again to Wilmington, where he becomes soliciting agent for the Norfolk & Western Railway, reporting to the district office in the Grand Theatre building, this city.

Mr. Cooke is popular with shippers and others in Wilmington and has been cordially welcomed back to the city, where they are sure a generous success will be his.

Charged With Being Nuisance.

Frank Brown, a well known white man, of this city, was arrested by the police yesterday morning on a charge of being a nuisance and gave bond in the sum of $50 for his appearance before the Recorder this morning. The warrant was issued by Chief of Police Williams at the instance of Mrs. E. M. Gary, who runs a lodging house at No. 7 1-2 South Second street. Chief Williams stated that Mrs. Gary told him that Brown had made a general disturbance in his apartments at No. 9 1-2 on Monday night.

One-step Contest Tomorrow

night at Lumina. Tonight mid-week dance.—Advertisement.

COTTON CONFERENCE INSPIRES CONFIDENCE

Mr. Wm. H. Sprunt Returns From Washington

Prominent Local Exporter Says Situation Will Be Met—Increased Home Consumption is Probable.

Mr. Wm. H. Sprunt returned to the city yesterday from Washington, D. C., where he attended on Monday, through invitation of Secretary McAdoo, of the Treasury Department, the conference of representatives of all branches of the cotton industry. Mr. Sprunt attended as a representative of the well known exporting firm of Alex Sprunt & Son. The conference was attended by a number of other prominent exporters also, in addition to representatives of the growers, manufacturers and bankers from all the cotton States.

Discussing the conference yesterday, Mr. Sprunt stated to a representative of The Star that its result would be to inspire confidence in every branch of the cotton industry. The most striking thing in connection with the attitude of all those in attendance, he said, seemed to be a realization of the unprecedented conditions under which the present crop of cotton must be handled, and a general belief that with every one doing his part, and each branch of the industry bearing its share of the burden, this situation can be met without serious consequences to any individual or any industry.

The manner in which the government, through the Treasury Department, has arisen to meet the situation, says Mr. Sprunt, has had the effect of forestalling any tendency toward a panic on the part of the growers, manufacturers and bankers, and instead of a general feeling of discouragement there was in evidence on the part of all those in attendance, a general air of confidence in the ability of the cotton industry to take care of itself through the aid the government has promised.

The construction of the law with reference to how far the government may go in extending financial aid toward the marketing of the crop, says Mr. Sprunt, rests entirely with Secretary McAdoo, and he made it plain to those in attendance on the conference that he would construe the law with the utmost liberality, but at the same time that everything done must be within the law.

The attitude of the home manufacturers, Mr. Sprunt thinks, is a most encouraging feature. Their representatives at the conference were asked as to whether or not there would be a probable increase in home consumption, in view of the fact that the unsettled conditions across the water offer the United States manufacturers a most excellent opportunity to go after the South American trade, heretofore largely supplied with cotton goods manufactured in Europe. This inquiry developed that many of the American manufacturers are already laying plans for going after the South American trade, and increasing their output in order to meet the demand from that country.

Mr. Sprunt thinks that the home manufacturers have been censured rather too severely for their refusal to continue buying at the present time at top notch prices. He pointed out that the condition of the cotton goods market had been anything but satisfactory for some months past, and that many of the mills had been operating at a loss, paying more for their raw cotton than they were realizing from the finished product, other expenses taken into consideration.

On the whole, Mr. Sprunt thinks that the problem of financing and marketing the cotton crop this year, while serious, will be handled without any harmful effects to the country at large.

"But," he adds, "it's every man's burden. The responsibility is not confined to any one class or business. Farmer, merchant, manufacturer, banker and all others must do their part."

In addition to Mr. Sprunt, Mr. H. C. McQueen and Mr. W. B. Cooper, both of this city, were also in attendance on the conference. Mr. McQueen is expected to return today, and Mr. Cooper, who has been abroad and who stopped over in Washington on his way home from Montreal, Canada, where he landed, is also expected within the next few days.

Other North Carolinians attending the conference Monday were Mr. W. B. Drake, Jr., Raleigh; Mr. A. W. McLean, Lumberton; Mr. D. Y. Cooper, Henderson; Dr. H. Q. Alexander, Charlotte; Mr. A. A. Thompson, Raleigh; Mr. Chas. N. Ives, Newbern; Mr. Stuart Cramer, Charlotte; Mr. W. C. Crosby, Charlotte.

Interest In Storage Plan.

Reports reaching the city yesterday were to the effect that there is an increasing interest in the Chamber of Commerce warehouse plan for storing cotton, South Carolina growers and agriculturists having laid aside politics long enough to organize warehouse-holding companies by counties.

Col. Walker Taylor, possibly one of the best posted men on insurance in the South, stated yesterday that the insurance people were showing every disposition to meet the crisis and that the situation would be dealt with liberally. For instance, it has already been decided to insure cotton on a basis of nine cents and, as stated yesterday, a class of warehouses will doubtless be described that may take an insurance rate as low as $1.50 per hundred per year. Colonel Taylor stated that as he saw the situation the government, the banks and insurance people were providing the growers and business men with the facilities for successfully meeting the situation and it was now up to them to act promptly for their own protection. Many towns and communities have already acted; others will do so without delay, it is expected.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Diamond Shoal Light Vessel to Be Returned to Accustomed Station.

The current issue of the Notice to Mariners, published by the Bureau of Lighthouses and the Coast and Geodetic Survey, carried the following notice in reference to the return of the Diamond Shoal light vessel:

"North Carolina—Seacoast: Diamond Shoal light vessel, to be returned to station and Relief light vessel withdrawn, about September 8, 1914."

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

The Small Saver

Finds at this bank every convenience known to modern banking and the most polite and courteous attention. He feels that his account is appreciated here; that the bank wants his business and encourages him in his efforts to save.

4 Per Cent

Interest, compounded quarterly, paid on all accounts of $5.00 and over.

Assured of absolute safety and the ability to get your money at any time; there are very few investments that will better a savings account here.

Corner Front and Princess Sts.

FORTIFIED

Behind Capital of ..... $ 100,000.00
Surplus of ..... $ 300,000.00
Resources of $2,500,000.00

This Company invites the deposits of those seeking a safe depository for their savings, and is in position to take care of its borrowing customers who maintain balances.

We have conducted a safe, conservative business in this community for the past 27 years, and have never required notice of any depositor before paying his balance in full upon demand.

4% interest, compounded quarterly, paid on all accounts.

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company
110 PRINCESS STREET

PIEDMONT PATENT FOR ARTICULAR PEOPLE.

Supreme where Quality Counts.

CORN, OATS, RICE, LARD, ETC.,

At "Before the War" Prices.

Samples sent on application.

Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers.

Men's, Ladies' and Children's
WHITE TENNIS SHOES
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'PHONE 800-J. 128-130 SO. FRONT ST.

THE WAR HAS COME
WE ARE HERE TO STAY.
EVERGLADE CAFE
113 PRINCESS STREET
RUN BY AMERICANS. FRIENDLY TO ALL NATIONS.
Regular Dinners and Suppers That Beat the High Cost of Living. We carry everything in season. Short orders a Specialty.
Shepard Bros., Proprietors. C. T. McKeithan, Mgr. 'Phone 150.

STATEMENT OF CONDITION OF
HOME SAVINGS BANK
at Close of Business June 30, 1914.

RESOURCES:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and Discounts	$209,774.83	Capital	$ 50,000.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,806.54	Undivided Profits	4,540.83
Real Estate	12,060.00	Deposits	180,204.64
Cash on hand and due from Banks	11,987.77	Cashier's checks outstanding	883.67
Total	$235,629.14	Total	$235,629.14

J. W. YATES, President. J. F. ROACHE, Cashier.
J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President.

For MILCH COWS:
Wheat Bran; Wheat Middlings; Corn Chops; Cotton Seed Meal; Cotton Seed Hulls.
A prepared feed for Cows, all this needs is energy enough to put it in reach of the Cow, she will do the rest.
For HORSES and MULES:
Whole Corn; Cracked Corn; Several grades of Oats; No. 1 Timothy Hay; Dan Patch Molasses Feed, none better. International Feed, a little cheaper, But—Jewel Feed.
All at prices that will satisfy the Purchaser.
A few bags of Rye.
Jos. H. Watters
WILMINGTON, N. C.

ALPHA PORTLAND CEMENT
We are now receiving cargo of 18,000 Bags Alpha Portland Cement, and offer this high grade material at attractive prices.
We respectfully solicit your orders.
W. B. Thorpe & Company
'Phone 789.

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THE DIAMOND BRAND
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter s Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

DE-O-DORA
AN IDEAL DEODORANT
A HIGHLY DESIRABLE ADDITION TO EVERY LADY'S BOUDOIR.
25 Cents
WRIGHT'S SILVER CREAM
Unrivalled as a Silver Polish. Undoubtedly the Best Preparation of its kind on the market today. 25 Cents.
1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1914
QUICK DELIVERY SPECIALISTS.
'Phone 55. 126 So. Front St.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Annie Banks has returned to the city after spending several weeks in the North.

• • •

Mrs. Wanna Welch and two children, of Charleston, S. C., are the guests of Mrs. W. E. Yopp.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Garland Blalock have returned home after visiting relatives in Charlotte.

• • •

Mr. A. B. Croom, Jr., returned yesterday morning from Montreat, N. C., where he has been spending some time quite pleasantly.

• • •

Miss Mary Hughes, of Newbern, is visiting Miss Luciana Poisson, No. 308 South Second street. Before returning home she will spend several weeks in the western part of the State.

• • •

Mrs. Herman Carroll, who was operated on for appendicitis at the Harper Sanitarium Sunday evening, is reported as doing splendidly. Her many friends will wish for her a speedy restoration to health.

• • •

Mrs. H. O. Wallace and little daughter, Eleanor, of Anderson, S. C., have arrived in the city and are the guests of Mrs. Wallace's mother, Mrs. W. W. Banks. Mrs. W. Lattimer Brissey, of Anderson, accompanied them.

• • •

Mrs. W. W. Taylor and little son, Harry Wells Taylor, and Miss Lula May Shepard, of Atlanta, are guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Farmer and of their brothers, Messrs. T. A. and F. S. Shepard, of this city.

• • •

Mr. P. L. Knight, of Rocky Mount, arrived yesterday to join Mrs. Knight and little daughter, who have been visiting Mrs. Knight's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Love, on South Front street.

• • •

Mr. W. Hull Moore has returned from a business and pleasure trip of several days to New York and other places of interest in the North, having been accompanied by Mrs. Moore, who has been spending the summer at her old home in Maryland.

• • •

Many friends of Mr. James Howard will regret to know that he is confined to his home on North Third street with an attack of fever. While his condition has not been encouraging for several days, it is hoped improvement will be noted from now on.

• • •

Friends will regret to learn that Mrs. Parker Quince Moore, wife of Mayor Moore, has been confined to her home, No. 104 South Fourth street, for the past week on account of illness. They will hope that she may soon be restored to her usual good health.

• • •

Several letters and postcards have been received here by relatives and friends of Mr. and Mrs. Horace Pearsall, who left America some weeks ago to spend their honeymoon in Europe. One of the cards was sent from London on August 14 in which they stated that they were having a most enjoyable time in spite of the war. They were expecting at that time to leave the next day for Scotland to spend some time.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Weathers and daughters, Misses Helen and Margaret, leave this morning for Lenoir, N. C., where they will visit relatives. Mr. and Mrs. Weathers will return in about a week, while the Misses Weathers will remain at Lenoir until the latter part of Septebmer.

• • •

Mr. Martin S. Willard returned to the city yesterday morning from Montreat, where he accompanied Mrs. Willard from Baltimore, where she has been undergoing treatment. The many friends of Mrs. Willard will be glad to know that her health is somewhat improved.

• • •

At the parsonage of St. Matthew's Lutheran church last evening at 6 o'clock, Mr. B. A. Hoft and Miss Lottie A. Hardwick were united in the bonds of holy matrimony, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, the pastor, performing the ceremony. The service was witnessed by Mr. A. R. Hardwick, brother of the bride, and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Mathis. Mr. and Mrs. Hoft left on the 6:45 train for a bridal tour to points of interest in the North. On their return they will make their home in the city. Both are popular young people, and have many friends who will extend congratulations and best wishes.

• • •

Miss Mildred Upchurch, daughter of the late Mr. Amos Upchurch, and Mr. J. T. Chesnut, who holds a position in the general offices of the Atlantic Coast Line, were married at the parsonage of Fifth Street Methodist church Monday afternoon. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street church. There were a number of friends present at the happy event. They left on the afternoon train for Western North Carolina, where they will spend their honeymoon. Both are very popular young people and have many friends in Wilmington and elsewhere.

• • •

MISS MERCER RETURNS FROM EUROPEAN TRIP.

Miss Annie Leah Mercer, daughter of Mrs. J. B. Mercer, arrived yesterday from New York, having just reached America from Europe. She sailed for New York on the Dutch steamer Noordan from Rotterdam, Holland, on August 15. She was in Berlin at the time Germany declared war on England and witnessed many exciting scenes in that city. She was accompanied by her friend, Miss Lena Spinks, of Albemarle, who went direct to her home from New York.

Miss Mercer sailed for Europe early in June to spend the summer. She first went to London, then to Scotland and thence to Paris. At the time war broke out she was in Berlin and had expected to go to Naples to resume her sea voyage, but found it impossible to reach that port. From Berlin she went to The Hague, where she spent two weeks.

Wrightsville Beach

Recent arrivals at the Seashore Hotel are W. O. Gray, S. O. Bolton and J. D. Goldsmith, Charlotte; J. L. Mason and J. H. Farley, of New York City.

Miss Chanler and Mr. West danced the American tango last night in their exhibition of dancing and were warmly applauded by the spectators.

Mr. and Mrs. Cutler Lee, of Fremont, are spending a few days at the Temple cottage. They will also visit relatives in Wilmington before returning home.

The regular mid-week dance will be given at Lumina tonight. Tomorrow night there will be a one-step contest and on Saturday night the balloon feature which recently proved so enjoyable will be repeated. There will be something well worth while at this popular pavilion every night this week.

A party of guests from the Hanover Inn, out in the launch Susanna, made quite a nice catch of fish Monday. Those in the party were Mrs. S. D. McGee, Birmingham; Marion Gregar, Atlanta; Miss Boyd Christian, Tuscaloosa, Ala.; Mrs. J. L. Morgan, Raleigh, and Miss Rosa German, Washington, D. C.

The souvenir dance at Lumina last night proved to be a decided success and was thoroughly enjoyed by a large crowd. This was the first souviner dance of the season at Lumina. All the ladies dancing were presented with neat souviners of various designs, some of them being Japanese jewell boxes and others paper cutters.

"The Masqueraders," a mammoth two-reel Kalem drama, a special release of great interest, leads tonight's movie bill at Lumina. This is one of the real feature productions so famous by the Kalem Feature Players, and comes as an extra offering on the Lumina programme. It is a drama of intense and exciting interest, full of unexpected climaxes and strong situations. "The Lovely Senorita," the second of Wood B. Wedd's sentimental experiences, fills the comedy end, and is one of the most laughable of all these big Edison screams.

ENJOYABLE PARTY AT THE PARIS COTTAGE.

Miss Bynum Paris entertained most delightfully at the Paris cottage Monday evening in honor of the guests of her house party, these being Misses Mary C. Herring, Elise Townsend, Mildred Ellis, Eunice Woodward and Messrs. Will Wray, George Warren and John Lane.

Miss Daphne Carraway, of Wilson, gave an impromptu reading; Mrs. John Cotchin, also of Wilson, followed with two songs sweetly rendered, while Mr. Baldine, a member of Don Richardson's orchestra, gave two Italian songs, both of which were particularly well suited to his rich, Southern voice.

After delicious refreshments had been served in the dining room, which was beautifully decorated in green and white, a unique contest, productive of much fun, was participated in by the members of the party. Mr. George Warrane won the prize. A rare treat was several selections by Don Richardson's orchestra. At a late hour the guests departed for their homes, voting their hostess many thanks for the pleasant evening which was so much enjoyed by all.

One-step Contest Tomorrow night at Lumina. Tonight mid-week dance.—Advertisement.

THEATRICAL

Here it is. Here's the Grand's promised big show for today and the wise theatre-goer will certainly be "among those present" at this handsome, delightfully comfortable amusement spot either this afternoon or tonight, to witness a blue ribbon show for the tiny admission of 5 cents. Theatre goers must also bear in mind that tomorrow comes another one of those superb events, which Mr. Daniel Frohman presents the noted actress, Jane Grey, in the equally as noted dramatic success, "The Little Gray Lady," Supporting this charming star will be the Famous Players Company and it will be one of the signal events of any season.

The swell show today is headed by a two-part Selig, "Reporter Jimmie Intervenes." It is the most talked of political play of the day and will cause a big stir. It is a story of bossism and graft in politics and how a railroad head attempts to fix the Council. He almost succeeds. In fact, would have succeeded but for the intervention of a young newspaper reporter. There are many thrilling scenes. The chase of the automobile after the young reporter, astride of a horse, is especially exciting and is one of the most spectacular scenes ever flashed on a moving picture screen. A star cast appears in the big production.

Edison comes to the front today with a big production: it's Edison's masterpiece. It is a story of Spain, the country of romance and escapades and the story unfolded is one of the snappiest and brightest ever offered in a "movie."

And then there's the Vitagraph's biggest and best, "The False and the True." It is a dramatic with a punch and will stir intense interest. Among the thrilling scenes is an attempt to dynamite a building. A notable cast appears. Remember that in addition to all this there is a fine programme of music. Truly, the Grand is the joy spot of Wilmington.

"Trey O' Hearts"—Bijou.

Today the popular movie theatre has made arrangements to care for another capacity crowd, which will throng its roomy interior from early till late to witness the second installment of that great movie serial, "The Trey O' Hearts." Already, from the first installment presented last week, this strong serial has struck a responsive chord in Wilmington, and if everyone who has been praising it is the means of bringing just one more to see it today, it will again break all records for attendance at a movie theatre in Wilmington. In Florence, where the picture was shown yesterday, a wire tells the news that not half the people who wanted to see the picture could get inside the theatre there, so it will be well to come early in order to get in on this big show.

The first installment was taken up largely with a prologue, which, although a necessity to a proper understanding of the story, was far from as interesting as the story itself, which begins rapidly to unfold in this week's installment, as readers of it in The Star last Sunday know. The play as presented at The Bijou gives room for some far more exciting climaxes than can be placed on paper, and it has been worked up to the utmost extent in making it the greatest film serial ever produced. Miss Cleo Madison, after playing the dual parts last week, is left with two parts to play right on through the story, those of herself and her twin sister, and she has created a sensation in the way she has carried off the honors.

"Our Mutual Girl" will also be on today's bill with the twenty-third chapter of her adventures. In this installment Margaret is found, after having been lost for some time, and it is full of exciting incidents. To make this the biggest bill of the week, still another picture, "Some Crook," a big Crystall comedy featuring Miss Vivian Prescott, will also be on, and the price will still remain at the tiny five cent figure.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Col. Walker Taylor has returned from Minneapolis, Minn., where he attended a meeting of the Western Insurance Association interests.

—Mr. D. E. Pridgen went to Magnolia last night to attend the funeral of his cousin, Mrs W.. F. Pickett, who died there yesterday.

—Mr. Will Rehder returned yesterday from Boston, Mass., where he attended the annual meeting of the American Floral Society. Mr. Rheder is vice preseident for North Carolina.

—J. O. Carr, Esq., returned last evening from a professional trip to Goldsboro, N. C. He says a heavy and much needed rain fell throughout all that section yesterday afternoon.

—Hon. Francis D. Winston, of Windsor, United States district attorney, was in Wilmington yesterday to attend the funeral of Bishop Strange. They were close friends, having been members of the same class at the University of North Carolina.

LOCAL DOTS.

—R. E. Pitt, white, was arrested yesterday by Constable Davis on a charge of stealing a watch. In default of bond in the sum of $50 he went to jail. He will be tried before Justice Harriss today.

—Chesnut street, between Second and Third, which has been in bad condition for some time, is now receiving attention by the Street Department. The crown of the street is being substantially repaired and will later be treated to a coat of tarvia.

SLANDER IS ALLEGED.

C. E. Cannady Charged by Young Lady With Defaming Her Character.

Probable cause was found yesterday by Justice Bornemann in a case against C. E. Cannady, a young white man, who is charged by Miss Grace Willoughby with slandering her character. She alleges that Cannady sent her a note in which he said she had gone to a disreputable place. Cannady was placed under a bond of $100 to appear before the Recorder this morning.

The charge of slander against Cannady grew out of a dispute between Cannady and the father of the girl, Henry Willoughby. The latter swore out a warrant several days ago against Cannady charging him with assault with a deadly weapon. He alleged in the warrant that Cannady had drawn his pistol on him. Probable cause was found by Justice Bornemann in this case also and he was required to give bond in the sum of $100 for his appearance before the Recorder.

The defendant did not make any statement about the matter in the trial yesterday. He is represented by W. P. Gafford, Esq., W. J. Bellamy, Esq., appeared for State.

FUNERAL OF MRS. H. R. KUHL.

Held From Home and Church Yesterday Afternoon.

The funeral of Mrs. Doris Kuhl, wife of Mr. H. R. Kuhl, whose death occurred Monday morning, was held from the family residence, No. 719 Bladen street, and from St. Paul's Lutheran church yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. The services, conducted by Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran church, in the absence of Rev. F. B. Clausen, the pastor, were attended by a large number of sorrowing friends and relatives.

After the services at the house and church the remains were borne to Bellevue cemetery, where the interment took place. The grave was covered with a beautiful mass of handsome floral designs.

The pallbearers were Messrs. Martin Rathjen, J. H. Heyer, J. D. Doscher, S. D. Bryant, Thomas Lossen and J. H. Bornemann.

SERVICES AT WRIGHTSBORO.

Special Meetings Being Conducted at Bethany Church This Week.

Rev. Andrew J. Wowell, pastor of Bethany Presbyterian church at Wrightsboro, is engaged in a special series of services at that church each night this week. They are being largely atended and much interest has been manifested.

Several of the pastors of the city will assist Mr. Howell in the meetings, which will continue through the remainder of the week. Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor of St. Matthew's Lutheran church, will preach tonight at 8 o'clock. Tomorrow night Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church, will preach and on Friday night Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor of Calvary Baptist church, will conduct the service. The public is cordially invited to attend.

HANOVER INN IS SOLD.

Wrightsville Beach Property Auctioned Yesterday at Noon.

The Hanover Inn, one of the most popular hostelries at Wrightsville Beach, was sold yesterday at noon at public auction by A. B. VanBuren, Esq., receiver, and was bid in by Mr. Thos. H. Wright and Mr. R. R. Stone, executor of the estate of B. O. Stone, for $9,000. The sale was made to affect a settlement for some of the holders of stock in the company, formerly owning the property.

The Hanover Inn is now closing its third season and has since its erection enjoyed a fine patronage. The season just ending has been a successful one in every respect.

Before the Recorder.

The only cases tried by the Recorder yesterday were those charged with violating traffic ordinances, of which there were a number. The court continued the policy announced several days ago of making each and every offender pay the costs. Following are the names of those who were taxed with the costs yesterday: Linwood Tindal, W. W. Cameron, J. F. Vines, all white, and the following colored persons: Ed Johnson, Julius Lee and Dan Adair. Moses Samuel, a colored boy, charged with violating the highting ordinance, was discharged on account of his youth. Adell Mill, colored, charged with a similar offense, was called but failed to appear and the warrant was returned to the police to be served again.

One-step Contest Tomorrow night at Lumina. Tonight mid-week dance.—Advertisement.

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Endorsed and Recommended by Leading Physicians
Shepard's House Fly and Insect Exterminator Kills All Flies, Mosquitoes, Ants, Roaches, Bed-Bugs, Fleas, Moths and Other Insects.
Invaluable for House-Cleaning. Not Injurious to People. For Sale by All First Class Stores.
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Wilmington, N. C.
Under the Insecticide Act of June 30, 1910, Serial No. 642.
If you are troubled with MOSQUITOES, spray a few times around where you are sitting, or around your bed.

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SECOND INSTALLMENT
THE TREY O' HEARTS
IN TWO REELS
"Our Mutual Girl"
In which Margaret is Found.
"SOME CROOKS"
Featuring Vivian Prescott
TODAY—FIVE SENTS
BIJOU

GRAND
TODAY
SELIG
A Big Two Reel Feature
"REPORTER JIMMIE INTERVENES"
Great Railroad Story Thrills From Start to Finish
Edison Offers.
"HER SPANISH COUSIN"
A Beautiful Love Story
"THE FALSE AND THE TRUE"
Vitagraph's Masterpiece Featuring a Great Cast
Admission Five Cents.
Remember Tomorrow Daniel Frohman Presents
"JANE GREY"
In
"THE LITTLE GRAY LADY"
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FINAL REDUCTION
Don't consider these low prices; think most of the immense values that HART SCHAFFNER AND MARX clothes offer, regardless of price. Let the added value in the way of price reductions simply double your conviction that now's the time to buy. There's no getting away from values like these.
$27.50 Suit now $22.50
$25.00 Suit now 21.00
$23.50 Suit now 19.50
$22.50 Suit now 18.00
$21.00 Suit now 16.50
$20.00 Suit now 15.50
$18.00 Suit now 13.50
25% off on Boys' Knickerbocker Suits.
The Largest and Best Assortment of Wardrobe Trunks in the City.
Come in and look them over; prices $20.00 up.
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Merchant Tailors, Clothiers and Furnishers

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Successors to H. L. Fennell
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1 150-H. P. Return Tube Boiler.
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1 25-H. P. D. D. Hoisting Engine
1 15-H. P. S. D. Hoisting Engine
1 Large American Saw Mill.
1 Large Steam Feed Saw Mill.
1 Small Rope Feed Saw Mill.
15 All size Steam Pumps.
150 All size Pulleys.
We have these goods in stock and can give prompt shipment. If you are interested in Machinery, Iron or Steel, you will do well to call on us. Now.
Wilmington Iron Works
"THE IRON MEN."

PERFECT BEAUTY
is impossible where there is imperfect teeth. In fact we might go farther and say that no beauty at all is possible under such circumstances.
OUR DENTAL WORK
will do more for your appearance than any toilet preparation.
Better have us examine your teeth and make them presentable.
Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty.
Painless Extraction of Teeth.
DR. CULBRETH'S Dental Parlors
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Armour's
"Star" Ham
is cured to suit your individual taste. For years in this city Armour has studied the whims of your palate.
That's why when you eat Armour's "Star" Ham it tastes just as you'd have it taste if it were made to order.
"The Ham What Am"
You'll find that there's countless ways to make it a leader in your daily menu.
Always keep a "Star" ham in your icebox.
Armour skill and thoroughness coupled with the U. S. Inspectors' requirements make "The Ham What Am" the perfect Ham.
To Serve a Whole Ham
Boil an Armour's "Star" Ham and serve it first with greens boiled in part of the liquor. For the second meal, serve with asparagus on toast and white sauce. Save nice, thin slices of the ham to broil for Sunday supper. The shank when minced and served with scrambled eggs makes a very substantial dish.
ARMOUR AND COMPANY
WILMINGTON, N. C.

LUMINA TONIGHT
MOTION PICTURES
"THE Masqueraders"
A Special Kalem Release in Two Reels—An Exciting Drama.
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:: SPORTS ::

IN THE MAJOR LEAGUES

AMERICAN

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	58	37	.678
Boston	64	48	.571
Washington	60	54	.526
Detroit	59	57	.509
St. Louis	54	61	.470
Chicago	56	61	.479
New York	52	63	.452
Cleveland	39	81	.325

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Philadelphia 9; St. Louis 0.
2nd: Philadelphia 1; St. Louis 0.
At Boston 1; Cleveland 3.
At Washington 1; Detroit 2.
At New York 9; Chicago 0.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Cleveland at Washington.
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at New York.
Detroit at Boston.

ATHLETICS COP ALL OF ANOTHER DOUBLE BILL.

Philadelphia, Aug. 25.—Philadelphia shut out St. Louis in both games here today, the scores being 9 to 0 and 1 to 0. In the opening event Bressler held St. Louis to four hits and fanned ten batsmen. Pennock not only kept the visitors' hits scattered, but he scored the only run of the second contest on his triple and Murphy's single.

St. Louis .....000 000 000—0 3 4
Philadelphia .....010 320 12x—9 15 2

Leverenz, Balchley, Mitchell and Agnew and Hale; Bressler and Schang.

Second game:

St. Louis .....000 000 000—0 7 1
Philadelphia .....000 001 00x—1 3 1

James and Agnew; Pennock and Schang.

ANOTHER WILD THROW LOST FOR W. JOHNSON.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Detroit defeated Washington today 2 to 1. Reynolds outpitched Johnson and the latter's error in a wild throw to the plate in the third inning aided in his downfall.

Detroit .....002 000 000—2 8 2
Washington .....100 000 000—1 4 3

Reynolds and Stanage; Johnson and Ainsmith.

CLEVELAND NAPS DOWNED THE BOSTON RED SOX.

Boston, Aug. 25.—Cleveland won by a score of 3 to 1 from Boston today. The visitors scored all their runs in the fourth inning, one of them being a home run by Kirke.

Cleveland .....000 300 000—3 5 1
Boston .....001 000 000—1 6 3

Mitchell and O'Neill; Shore, Wood and Cady.

CHANCE'S PEERLESS ONES TAKE TWO OUT OF THREE.

New York, Aug. 25.—New York made it two out of three from Chicago today by defeating the Westerners 9 to 0. Benz was knocked out of the box in less than an inning and the veteran Walsh also was treated badly.

Chicago .....000 000 000—0 6 3
New York .....401 040 00x—9 8 2

Benz, Walsh, Lathrop and Schalk; Mayer and Sweeney.

MANY ENTER AMATEUR GOLF TOURNAMENT.

New York, Aug. 25.—Including three foreign entrants there are 112 names on the list of entries given out today by the United States Golf Association for its 20 annual National amateur championship golf tournament which will begin next Monday and continue until Saturday, on the links of the Ekwanok Country Club, Manchester, Vt. The list includes C. T. Dunham, Mecklenburg Country Club, Charlotte, N. C.

JEFFERSON DEFENDED TITLE.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 25.—B. B. Jefferson, Memphis, today successfully defended his title of champion of the Western Chess Association, defeating G. H. Wolbrecht, St. Louis, in the deciding game of the second series of post-tournament matches.

LAWN TENNIS DOUBLES.

Newport, R. I., Aug. 25.—Maurice E. McLoughlin, of San Francisco, and T. C. Bundy, of Los Angeles, won the lawn tennis doubles championship of the United States for the third time today. They defeated Dean Mathy, of Cranford, N. J., and George M. Church, of New York, in straight sets. The scores were 6-4, 6-2, 6-4.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

North Carolina League.
At Durham 9; Greensboro 0. Forfeited).
At Asheville 4; Raleigh 1.
2nd: Rain.
At Winston-Salem 3; Charlotte 5.

Virginia League.
At Roanoke-Portsmouth, rain.
At Norfolk 3; Richmond 1.
At Petersburg 0; Newport News 1.

Southern League.
At New Orleans 5; Memphis 0.
At Birmingham 5; Chattanooga 1.
Others, rain.

South Atlantic League.
At Augusta 0; Savannah 2.
At Albany 13; Jacksonville 7.
At Columbus 1; Macon 0.
At Charleston 5; Columbia 2.

International League.
At Montreal 1; Newark 0.
At Toronto 4; Jersey City 0.
At Buffalo 1; Providence 5.
At Rochester 1; Baltimore 3.

American Association.
At Indianapolis ; St. Paul 1.
At Cleveland 0; Milwaukee 3.
2nd: Cleveland 8; Milwaukee 2.
No others.

One-step Contest Tomorrow night at Lumina. Tonight mid-week dance.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

FEDERAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Indianapolis	65	49	.570
Chicago	62	51	.549
Baltimore	58	52	.527
Buffalo	56	53	.514
Brooklyn	54	55	.495
Kansas City	51	48	.468
St. Louis	52	63	.452
Pittsburg	49	66	.426

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

No games scheduled.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Buffalo at Brooklyn.
Indianapolis at Kansas City.
Chicago at St. Louis.

How They Stand

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Birmingham	75	53	.586
New Orleans	72	53	.576
Mobile	70	58	.547
Atlanta	64	55	.538
Nashville	64	64	.500
Memphis	64	74	.463
Chattanooga	62	66	.484
Montgomery	46	85	.351

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Albany	36	21	.632
Charleston	36	21	.632
Columbus	33	25	.569
Savannah	29	26	.527
Augusta	26	32	.448
Macon	28	30	.434
Columbia	25	34	.424
Jacksonville	19	38	.333

VIRGINIA LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Norfolk	37	20	.649
Roanoke	28	22	.560
Richmond	28	25	.628
Petersburg	25	26	.490
Portsmouth	20	30	.400
Newport News	22	33	.400

NORTH CAROLINA LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Durham	64	41	.610
Charlotte	64	42	.598
Winston-Salem	58	44	.569
Raleigh	42	62	.404
Greensboro	41	63	.394
Asheville	44	73	.376

FANITORIALS

There is an old saying to the effect that revenge is as sweet as the nectar that Jupiter sips. For years the New York Giants have been thorns in the path of the Cincinnati Reds in their effort to make a respectable showing in the National League Race, and McGraw's men would always make the red-hosed warriors look like a postage due stamp on a love letter. This year, however, Charley Herzog, between whom and McGraw there has been no smoothly flowing stream of true love, has been putting the crimps into the Giants, and the sorry aggregation that represents the former metropolis of the West has done much to help Boston to arrive at the top of the National League column, culminating Sunday afternoon when they took the third straight game of the series with the Giants.

Should the Boston Braves win the National League pennant, betting on the world series would take a different aspect from what would be the result if the Giants captured the flag. It is believed from the class of ball put up by the Braves that they would be classed the favorites against the Mackmen. The fact that the Boston team is so hardened by the steady climb to the top, leads the expert to believe that they will be in better shape to go through the series than the Athletics who are having things quite easy on the stretch.

"Nothing New Under the Sun."

Few things are new in the National pastime, and a Boston team of other days accomplished the same thing that the present Braves seem apt to accomplish. John Morrill's team of 1888 was last in the race on Independence Day of that year, and yet won the pennant that season. Morrill was the first baseman as well as the manager, and that aggregation really did with two pitchers, Whitney and Buffington, what the present Boston team is doing with three. HISTORIAN.

BURGAW DEFEATS FAISON IN UNUSUALLY PRETTY GAME

(Special Star Telegram.)

Wargaw, N. C., Aug. 25.—Burgaw defeated Faison this afternoon in one of the prettiest exhibitions of baseball seen in this section of the State this season, score being two to one at the end of the sixth inning, when the game was stopped on account of rain. Features of the game were the pitching of Cooper and the fielding of Turner for Burgaw; the catching of Jackson and the all around playing of Journey for Faison.

Batteries, for Burgaw, Cooper and Rivenbark; Faison, Jackson and Faison.

One-step Contest Tomorrow night at Lumina. Tonight mid-week dance.—Advertisement.

NATIONAL

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	59	48	.551
Boston	60	49	.550
St. Louis	62	53	.539
Chicago	59	54	.522
Philadelphia	51	59	.464
Cincinnati	52	60	.464
Pitsburg	51	59	.464
Brooklyn	49	61	.445

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

At Cincinnati-Brooklyn, rain.
At St. Louis-New York, rain.
At Pittsburg 2; Philadelphia 0.
At Chicago 1; Boston 4.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Brooklyn at Pittsburg.
Boston at Chicago.
New York at St. Louis (2).

THE BRAVES WIN WHILE GIANTS ARE IDLE.

Chicago, August 25.—Boston regained part of its loss of yesterday when it defeated Chicago, 4 to 1 today, and now is within one point of the leaders in the pennant race. New York, idle on account of rain, retained the lead. A fifth-inning batting rally by Boston was responsible for the victors winning. Sweeney was hit by a batted ball in the fifth inning, Bresnahan taking his position at second.

Boston .....000 120 001—4 8 0
Chicago .....001 000 000—1 9 2

James and Gowdy; Vaughn and Bresnahan, Archer.

PHILLIES WER SHUT OUT TWO TO NOTHING.

Pittsburgh, August 25.—Philadelphia was shut out, 2 to 0 today, in the last game at Pittsburgh for the season between these two teams. Mamaux and Alexander were both effective, only five hits being made by each side.

Philadelphia .....000 000 000—0 5 1
Pittsburgh .....010 010 00*—2 5 1

Alexander, Oesgher and Dooin, Burns; Mamaux and Gibson.

MORGANTON TAKES FIRST GAME FROM RAEFORD

In Series at Charlotte, for the State Championship.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 24.—In one of the prettiest pitching duels ever seen in Charlotte, Morganton this afternoon took the first game of the championship series from Raeford by the score of 1 to 0. An error by Upchurch, a steal by White, and Winston's single, sent the only run of the game across. High passed seven men to Jaynes' fourteen. The fielding of both teams was spectacular. Both pitchers were strong both letting the opposition down with few hits.

Score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Raeford .....000 000 000—0	5	2	
Morganton .....000 001 00x—1	4	1	

High and Poole; Jaynes and Winston. Umpire: Gerard.

RAEFORD AND MORGANTON EVENED UP YESTERDAY.

In Second Game of Series for the State Championship.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 25.—Raeford came back at Morganton this afternoon in the second of the series of games for the amateur baseball championship of North Carolina and in the ninth inning took a hard fought game by the score of 3 to 2, thereby evening up the series.

The score stood tied from the fourth; a pass, a sacrifice, and an error being responsible for the Easterners' run. Pitching honors were about even, Currie for Raeford allowing six hits and fanning 13 men, while Adams for Morganton struck out 10 and was touched up for seven safeties. Tomorrow's game will end the series. The score by innings:

Raeford .....101 000 001—3 7 2
Morganton .....001 100 000—2 6 3

NO RECORDS BROKEN BUT FAST TIME IS MADE.

Buffalo, August 25.—No records were broken at the opening of Grand Circuit racing at Fort Erie, Ontario, today, but fast time was made in the four events carded.

King Couchman won the Fort Erie stake of $5,000 to :11 pacers. Ed Grees gave an exhibition of his skill as a reinsman when he won the 2:06 class trot with Guy Nello. In the last heat Robert Milroi met with an accident. After the finish the judges placed Grace, who had finished second to Greer's horse, last and gave Robert Milroi third place in the heat and fourth money. Grace, it was claimed, stepped into Milroi's sulkey, causing the horse to fall.

J. H. CURRIE PROBABLY DEFEATS J. SPRUNT NEWTON.

In Cumberland Primary for House—Other Nominations.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 25.—The Democratic primary held in Cumberland county today resulted in the probable nomination of J. H. Currie for the House of Representatives over J. Sprunt Newton. It is impossible to give a correct account of the result at this hour, 10 P. M., as returns are slow in coming in, but the indications are that the following are nominated:

J. H. Currie, for Legislature; A. A. McKeithan, for clerk of court; N. H. McGeachy, for sheriff; D. Gaster, for treasurer; Dr. J. V. McGougan, for coroner; H. L. Cook, for judge of recorder's court; T. J. Powers, clerk of recorder's court; M. O. Bullard, for surveyor; A. B. Breece, for solicitor recorder's court. Others are in doubt.

One-step Contest Tomorrow night at Lumina. Tonight mid-week dance.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

STARS * * * * * By Stallings

-AND YOUR HONOR! I'LL LEAVE IT TO PATRICK HENRY THAT I'M RIGHT.
HUGGINS IS A WELL VERSED LAWYER, GRADUATING IN SAID DEGREE UNDER SUCH PROMINENT FIGURES AS THE EX-PRESIDENT TAFT, AND GOV. HARMON OF OHIO.
STALLINGS

MY CORD!
MILLER HUGGINS CONTRACTOR BUILDER REAL ESTATE LAWYER SMOKING RUNT PALLING CHOSSER PINOCHLE
A JACK OF ALL TRADES- HE IS.

PENNANT DREAMS
THAT'S THE ROAD KID.
WE DONT KNOW WHAT SORTTA DOPE. HE'S BEEN SHOOTIN' INTO THAT AGGE'GATION OF HIS'N BUT BELIEVE DS HE'S BEEN SHOOTIN' IT.

MANY TRADES FEATURE THE PRESENT SEASON

Will Establish a Record In Purchases.

To the Advent of the Federal League is Attributed the Activity in the Player Market During the Present Season.

New York, Aug. 25.—The baseball season of 1914 already noted as a period of unusual occurrences in the National sport promises to establish a record for the purchase and exchange of players in the big leagues. Omitting entirely any reference to the sensational trades and purchases which preceded the opening of the pennant races the present season has been an exceptional one in this respect. With the exception of the world's champion Philadelphia Athletics every club in both the American and National Leagues has made unusual efforts toward strengthening one or more departments by means of exchange or cash transactions. Not alone have the minor associations been invaded for big league clubs have dealt with each other to an extent greater than has been the case in other years.

In the American League Boston secured Egan, Shore and Ruth from the Baltimore club of the International; Hoblitzel from Cincinnati; Vean Gregg from Cleveland in exchange for Coumbe, R. Johnson and Egan, as well as several minor leagues and college players. The Chicago White Sox have signed or released to date an even dozen players not including Hal Chase who jumped to the Buffalo Federals. The deal, however, has been confined to the minor and college class although Comiskey holds the present season record in his purchase of Felder Felch from Milwaukee, of the American Association, at $12,000 cash and two players.

The New York Americans have purchased, exchanged or released 16 players since April 14. Some of the big league material secured includes Catcher Nunamaker from Boston Americans; Pitcher Carroll Brown, from the Athletics, in addition to Birdie Cree from the Baltimore Internationals. Cleveland is another club which has dipped deeply into the players' mart. Closely to 20 players have been bought, sold, exchanged or lost by desertion this season. A majority of these transactions involved minor leagues. The principal major league deal being with the Boston Americans, whereby Pitcher Vean Gregg went to the Red Sox in exchange for Pitcher Coumbe and Johnson and Catcher Ben Egan.

Aside from the purchase of two minor league players and the release of Catcher Gibson, the Detroit club has stood pat to date and the same may be said of Clarke Griffith's Washington combination. The capitol club purchased Outfielder Mike Mitchell from the Pittsburg Nationals, released Pitchers Collier and Cashion and secured J. E. Blair from the Martinsburg, W. Va., club. The St. Louis Browns released two players and purchased one for future delivery.

Far more activity in this direction has been shown in the National League The Cincinnati club record shows that close to 30 players have figured in one way or another in club deals or jumped to the Federal League. Claude Derrick was bought from Baltimore and then traded to Chicago for First Baseman Mollowitz. Hoblitzel went to the Boston Americans and Tex Erwin from Brooklyn to Cincinnati and back again. Bert Daniels, former Yankee and part of Jack Dunn's $60,000 Baltimore International League assets, found his way to the Cincinnati club to say nothing of a number of minor league and collage players.

Pittsburg scouts, too, have been busy and the Pirates have 13 deals of one kind or another to their credit. Aside from the deal with the Washingtons whereby Mike Mitchell was sold, the transaction involved the purchase or release of players from or to minor leagues. The Philadelphia Nationals have ten transactions on record the principal one being the trade of Josh Devore to Boston for third baseman John Martin. Boston's record shows some 13 deals. The major transfers including the sale of George Beck to the Cleveland Americans; the trading of Hub Perdue to St. Louis for Players Whitted and Cather and Josh Devore'c acquisition for John Martin.

The Chicago Cubs have 11 transactions in the record. Eliminating the minor league purchases and releases the schedule shows that Pitcher Koestner was sold to Cincinnati and First Baseman Mollowitz traded to the same club for Claude Derrick. The St. Louis Cardinals have held fairly steady to the early season enrollment. Hageman was sold to the Chicago Nationals and Whitted and Cather traded to Boston for Pitcher Perdue. The other deals involve minor league players.

The New York Giants have a list of 13 players signed or released this season but not a single case does another major league club figure in the dealing. Brooklyn's principal efforts in this direction include the sale of Kraft to Boston; Riggert to St. Louis; Erwin to Cincinnati, and Smith to Boston.

An unusual athletic feat was recently accomplished at Putney, England, when Walter Brickett, a well known professional swimming coach, ran, walked, rowed, cycled and swam a mile, his time for the combined five miles being 45 minutes 19 1-5 seconds. Brickett, who is 49 years old, undertook to accomplish the task in one hour and succeeded in finishing in 14 minutes 40 4-5 seconds inside that mark.

The walk was first undertaken, and Brickett covered a measured mile in 10 min. 13 seconds. The mile run was made in 5 minutes, 39 seconds. Only 36 seconds elapsed and he had mounted his cycle and rode the mile in 3 minutes, 55 seconds. Entering his waiting boat he succeeded in rowing one mile in 8 minutes, 44 seconds, and then came the swim. Brickett made splendid progress all the way, and when he left the water it was found that he was 14 minutes 40 4-5 seconds ahead of the hour.

The nearest approach to this feat in American athletics is the record of 15 minutes, 42 seconds, made by L. deB. Handley at Bayonne, N. J., on September 2, 1900, for 1-4 mile walk, run, swim, cycle, row and horseback ride.

Beginning today on the Casino courts at Newport, R. I., the 34th annual National Championship tournament of the United States lawn tennis association will bring together a host of players, many of whom have earned a world-wide reputation as expert racket wielders. Since its inception in 1881 the National tourney has grown to proportions which are in keeping with the general interest which it has created. Each succeeding year the matches develop some sensational feature. Class always tells as was clearly demonstrated 12 months ago as the final lists for the championship singles, Maurice E. McLoughlin and R. N. Williams, 2nd, had just returned from England after being mainly responsible for the return of the famous Davis Cup to America.

The singles title in the last 33 years has been won by 13 players, the first of whom, R. D. Sears, held it for seven successive years. W. A. Larned also won it seven times, and A. S. Campbell and M. D. Whitman were three times winners. H. W. Slocum, Jr., took it on two occasions, while those who had one year victories were F. J. Hovey, H. Ward, R. C. Wright, W. J. Clothier and H. L. Doherty, of England, the only foreigner among the winners. Maurice E. McLoughlin, the present champion, won the title two years ago and is defending the title for the second time.

Rocksand, the famous race horse of a decade ago which died recently in Paris, was insured with Lloyds' for the sum of $150,000. He was credited with winning close to $250,000 during his turf career and many thousands of dollars in stud fees in later years. Foaled in 1900 his greatest victory was the winning of the Derby as a three-year-old. After his retirement he was sold to American breeders for $125,000. Six years later he was purchased by a French syndicate for about the same figures. In view of his winnings, purchase prices and stud fees he has recently been referred to as the million dollar equine which was not so far fetched as seems at first sight.

Bombardier Wells, the English heavyweight, has taken up golf and is showing almost as much proficiency with driver and putter as with the gloves and spiked shoes. Wells is a sprinter of rare speed running close to even time in the 100, but his golf prowess was unexpected. With less than three months' practice he has turned in some excellent cards. He is a splendid driver getting both distance and direction in his stroke. In a recent match he drove 317 yards from tee to green and his play throughout was in proportion.

SOLEMN REQUIEM MASS.

Impressive Service at St. Mary's This Morning in Memory of Pope.

In memory of the deceased head of the Catholic Church, Pope Pius X, solemn requiem high mass will be celebrated at St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral this morning at 9 o'clock. The service will be conducted by Rev. Father Dennen, assisted by Rev. Father Watkins.

The church was draped in mourning immediately after the death of the Pope last week and will remain so for 30 days, if a new Pope is not elected in the meantime.

Looking for His Brother.

Capt. Thos. D. Meares, city clerk and treasurer, received a letter from Mr. James F. Beaman, No. 423 Best street, Buffalo, N. Y., inquiring about George W. Boaman, whom he had just been informed at the time of writing had been placed on trial the first of the year on a charge of murdering his wife. The writer stated that he had a brother by that name whom he had not heard from in two years. The man whom he referred to as having been tried for murder here was convicted of the charge and sent to the State penitentiary for 20 years.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS.

Action Taken by Our Representatives in The National Capital.

Washington, August 25.—Senate met at 11 A. M.

Debate was resumed on the Clayton Trust bill.

Recessed at 6:05 P. M. to 11 A. M. Wednesday.

House.

Met at noon.

Representative Underwood introduced a resolution to withhold pay from absent members and cancel all leaves of absence.

The Seamans bill was up for debate.

Passed Underwood resolution to deduct pay of absent members.

Rules committee informally agreed to report a special rule, probably next Thursday, for immediate consideration of war risk marine insurance bill.

Washington, Aug. 25.—Arrangements were made today for hearings on the administration bill to authorize organization of a government controlled shipping company to engage in foreign trade. Chairman Alexander, of the House merchant marine committee, announced that the committee would meet Thursday and a general invitation had been extended to all interested to appear.

NEW COMMERCIAL SUPREMACY OF THE SEAS FOR THE UNITED STATES

Seen by New York, Commerce of Whose Port is Rapidly Vanishing—"Moratorium" Puzzles Wall Street—Prices Leap on Champagne, Imported Cheese nad Beer, but America is Sure of Food—Other Items.

New York, August 13.—The vanishing of the commerce of New York, once the greatest port in the world, predicted as a result of the European war, has already practically arrived. In an effort to bring good from evil, however, and not only to restore that commerce but enormously to increase the whole country's foreign trade, steps are already under way. In the opinion of experts the opportunity of a century is at hand for America to achieve the commercial supremacy of the seas. Whatever the result of the European conflict, it is believed that either German or British foreign trade will be prostrated, one completely and the other partially. It is held that more than two billion dollars worth of foreign trade can be Americanized if is is sought promptly and intelligently. A great part of the merchandise hitherto supplied by Europe can be produced in this country, given ships to handle it. Realizing this, business men and bankers are already organizing for the purpose of considering the quickest and most effective way of handling the situation, and there are many who predict that America, to which country all others prostrated by the war will look at its conclusion for supplies, may again assume the commercial supremacy of the seas which she once held.

While many persons throughout the country were doubtless puzzled as to the word "moratorium" when it first began to find its way into print in connection with the suspension of specie payments abroad, it seems a bit odd that the word should have stumped Wall Street. However, that is exactly what it did. A big bond house received a cable from one of its foreign correspondents which ended "moratorium expected." The message was not in code but the word "moratorium" completely puzzled the cable clerk. Finally he consulted his code book and discovered that it was the symbol for "we shall draw on you for $7,000." As this interpretation did not fit in with the rest of the message expert advice was sought, the office manager and then the partners being consulted in turn. As none of them could shed any light on the matter, the cable company was requested to repeat the message, which it did with no further results. Finally it occurred to the office boy to look for the word in the dictionary, and then the mystery was solved. This volume defined "monatorium" as an emergency suspension of specie payments by government banks made possible by special legislation.

The effect of the war on traffic in food stuffs is already developing many novel angles. It now seems certain that this country will have to do without imported cheese. One firm here which has imported on an average of 20,000 pounds of cheese a day is now without any prospect of fresh stock. Ninety per cent of imported cheese comes to this country from Switzerland, it is stated. As a result of its scarcity the prices jumped 50 per cent with the certainty that when the present supply is exhausted there will be none obtainable at any price. The fact that caviar, which comes from Russia, will no longer be obtainable is another item which will doubtless cause epicures to groan, while thousands of followers of the German Emperor in this country are already wondering what will happen when the present supply of imported beer from their native country is exhausted for after that there will be no more available. The price has already been advanced in some hotels here of imported wines since the supply on hand is said not to be great and also because of a rather unsatisfactory year in the foreign grape-growing districts. It is significant, however, that America will probably have more food than any of the European nations and that while certain delicacies may be missing from the hotel bill-of-fare there will be no need to fear a shortage of the staple articles of consumption.

That embezzlements aggregating forty million dollars every year take place in this country and that 80 per cent of them are due to what may be called "conscience salving" is the statement made by the president of one of the city's large bonding and surety companies. "Four-fifths of the cashiers, bookkeepers and other financial trusted employes in the first stages of embezzlement," says he, "tell themselves they honestly intend to pay back their unauthorized borrowings." Few go to shaw that ever-growing speculations, each with the idea of recouping sufficiently to replace all money, take place until the inevitable disclosures of theft arise. LONGACRE.

The Press As a Public Utility

Springfield (Mass.) Republican.

The Republican has examined most of the attacks on the Associated Press with lively interest. The tendency to regard a news collecting agency as a monopolistic public utility that should be regulated and restrained by the government like inter-State railroads is one of the notable aspects of recent criticism. In no case, however, has this idea been developed logically, so as to reveal clearly the sharp contradiction between it and the principle of free speech and a free press, which is a bulwark of a democratic civilization. The superficiality of the anonymous writer on the Associated Press in the July Atlantic is particularly apparent in his easy solution called "government restraint" for a news agency which "has much in common with the ordinary public utility monopoly," and which "should therefore be treated like a public utility corporation."

Newspapers are already under the restraint of the libel laws. Within a year The Republican has been the defendant in a libel suit, which it lost. To establish a new form of government supervision, regulation and restraint along the lines suggested, however, with the inevitable government press commission to do the supervising, regulating and restraining, would mean nothing less than the revival of the medieval censorship, which still flourishes in such a despotic and backward country as Russia or in such a capital as Mexico City during a military dictatorship. "If its news were none the less unfair," says the medievalist Atlantic writer, "some arrangement could presumably be made for government restraint."

The Associated Press itself prints nothing. Individual papers print the news furnished by it, and the owners of those papers are legally responsible for the printing of "unfair" statements of inaccurate reports. Government regulations or supervision that begins before the news is printed is necessarily a government censorship in the United States quite as much as in Turkey or Russia. And the supervision would necessarily have to begin before the news was printed, if the government were to supervise the output of the Associated Press. One can see in this plan nothing, in effect, but a government official in every Associated Press office censoring the dispatches sent to the newspapers taking the Associated Press service. How else could government regulation be made practical and effective?

If the Associated Press were supervised, all news agencies should be supervised, whether they were large or small, co-operative or proprietary. There are all kinds in this country. In principle, also, it is certain that the government supervision should extend to every individual newspaper, because in its important local field each newspaper does its own news gathering and is often the source of important news dispatches sent forth to the country. When it is recalled that the Associated Press depends to a large extent upon its members for reports of events in the localities of those members, the vital importance of establishing a censorship over the newspapers individually should be apparent to those who advance the government regulation idea. We shall not labor this point, but we are convinced that direct government supervision of the publishing of the newspapers themselves is as crying a need as government supervision of an agency like the Associated Press. For the worst abuses chargeable to the press are to be seen in their rankest growth on particular journals often very widely circulated and rich enough to gather their own news from the ends of the earth independently of all other agencies.

Even if government regulation of the press were in the least consistent with the constitutional guaranties of freedom of speaking and printing, the vicious absurdity of the suggested government censorship over news could be demonstrated. What is "unfair" news? Who can be presumed to be an infallible arbiter of such a question? A military censorship in time of war is permissible and often desirable for obvious reasons. The military censor of news dispatches cuts out anything that might aid the enemy. But in the civil life of a democracy, no possible analogy to a military system exists. A government censorship of news is as repugnant to a free and democratic society as is a government censorship of editorial opinions. For, under no circumstances, could there ever be a fixed standard of what is the truth, or what the facts may be, in relation to any happening of human concern and interest. All incidents and events of whatever nature must be reported through a human medium, and, in view of the unavoidable imperfection of all human mediums, it is nonsense to set up a government supervisor as a judge of the truth in the news of the day. The historic vice of official censorship, as everyone knows, is that the government censor has a government bias. Socialists occasion ally complain of the Associated Press. Would they submit to the press censorship of a government official representing a capitalist administration? Would capitalists or employers be satisfied with the news that had filtered through the censorship of labor union or social government?

It seems ridiculous to discuss such a question in this generation. The news of the day is history while it is hot, just out of the bowl of chaos; and the truthful presentation of it is infinitely difficult for the most conscientious observers. The historians perpetually wrangle over the news even when it is in cold storage. No protestant and Catholic writers could ever agree upon the history of Martin Luther's rupture with the papacy. Republicans and Progressives are never likely to agree as to the simple facts of the division of 1912 in the Republican party. In view of these incontestable facts, freedom to gather, distribute and print news should be unrestrained by an officialdom itself as sure to be biased or selfishly interested as any or all of us concerned in these affairs. There are as many news aspects to an event as there are possible interpretations of it, and the most practical way of getting all those aspects presented to the world is to maintain a free press.

But condemnation of the government regulation idea as an undemocratic flareback to a medieval censorship commits no one to the defense of the existing abuses of the press. In a very vital sense, moreover, the press in a nation under democratic government is a public utility exercising functions of publicity indispensable to the success of government by the people. Yet it cannot be regarded like a gas company, in the printing of the news of the day, without re-establishing a government censorship as fatal to the underlying principle of freedom in printing and speaking as government supervision of public worship would be fatal to the cherished principle of the free exercise of religion.

SWAMP LANDS SUBJECT OF CONFERENCE AT RALEIGH.

They Lie in Pender, Onslow, Carteret and Other Eastern Counties.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 25.—There was a lengthy conference yesterday between the State Board of Education and Thomas D. Warren and A. D. Ward as counsel for the Allison and the Dennison heirs relative to conflicting and complicated interests of the State and these heirs in Eastern Carolina swamp lands in Carteret, Jones, Craven, Onslow, Pender and other counties.

One special group of swamp lands involved is that in Carteret in which the State board a number of years ago gave an option to A. B. Lukins for $37,500 for the State's interest. Lukins allowed his option to lapse last December and now the Allison and the Dennison heirs, through Messrs. Warren and Ward, as counsel, have made the State an offer to purchase the rights of the State to whatever title in the lands the State claims.

The State board at the meeting yesterday expressed its approval of the offer made through Warren and Ward and appointed Attorney General Bickett and Superintendent of Public Instruction J. Y. Joyner a special committee to close the deal, which was done.

Those are the lands in which the title has been in question for several years. The State attempted to take title absolute through legislative act several years ago and failed through an adverse ruling an dthen did establish a clai mfor five years back taxes in lieu of title. Now this claim is vacated through the deal with the Allison and the Dennison heirs, the State board to receive money consideration in cash and deferred payments for whatever claims the State has on interest in the lands in question.

DUNN IS PREPARING FOR THE STORAGE OF COTTON

Will Use Warehouse Already Built and Secure Additional Space.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Dunn, N. C., Aug. 25.—At a meeting of the Dunn Chamber of Commerce Saturday night called for the purpose of perfecting plans to store cotton, it was decided to use the charter of the Dunn Tobacco Warehouse Company as it gives the power to engage in the warehouse and storage business, and has a paid capital of $8,000, to give bond in addition for $10,000 and use a large brick stable belonging to the town, which can be secured for the present and the two large brick tobacco warehouses later in the season, and prepare to store cotton under the State law regulating the warehouse business.

The tobacco warehouses have joined in the movement and have consented to give floor space when the tobacco season is over. There are several large buildings used for storing fertilizers which have been secured if needed so it is safe to say that Dunn can store at least 10,000 bales of the 17,000 sold here annually.

Messrs. N. A. Townsend, Clarence J. Smith and E. F. Young were appointed as committee to secure all space possible and perfect plans. If Mr. Wilson and Mr. McAdoo will perfect plans by which the Dunn farmers can get money on their cotton, Dunn will not sell any cotton until a satisfactory price can be secured.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

See properties listed in ad this issue to be sold at auction September 1. —Advertisement.

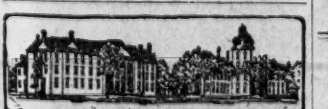
Make No Engagements.

"Trey O' Hearts"—Bijou today.—Advertisement.

Pepsi Cola gives you the most wholesome sort of brain refreshment, and body vigor. Each benefit which it brings is everlasting benefit, because Pepsi Cola is pure—healthful. Fruit, pepsin and stimulating oils, in it, quench thirst, aid digestion, relieve fatigue. Everybody likes its tart, rare flavor.

Pepsi Cola gives you what you want most on a hot, stifling, summer day. It's original. It's different. Keeps you happy and clear-headed for any work which you should do. It is safer to drink than water, for it is filtered, purified, tested and proved. Drink Pepsi Cola when your body wants refreshment. Ask yourself the question, "Am I thirsty now?"

At any soda fountain, or carbonated in bottles, 5c.


ELON COLLEGE
FOR WOMEN AND WOMEN
CHARACTER — HEALTH — CULTURE
Lowest rates in the South. Delightful location. Deep well water. Twenty-four years without a single case of dangerous sickness. Clean athletics. Two gymnasiums. No hazing.
A distinguished Bostonian writes—"Of all the colleges I have visited in six years as International Field Secretary of Christian Endeavor, the Spirit of Elon College seems to be the most *genuinely* Christian."—Karl Lehman. Write now for Catalogue and views.
Pres. W. A. HARPER,
Box 61. ELON COLLEGE, N. C.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS
SANTAL MIDY
CAPSULES
RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

CONTEMPT PROCEEDINGS CONTINUED TO SEPT. 28.

Peebles-Brown Case Something of a Dog-fall—Hearing at Jackson.

(News and Observer.)

Jackson, August 23.—"The King of France marched up the hill and then marched down again." The Peebles-Brown contempt proceedings at Jackson, Saturday, had more the appearance of a dog-fall than anything else.

The two Browns, George W. and Charles A., brothers, editors and publishers of the Goldsboro Weekly Record, say they have no personal grievance against Judge Peebles. They are peaceable men and are not spoiling for a fight, however, they have got mixed up in this affair and propose to see it out.

They claim that Judge Peebles was indiscreet while holding court at Goldsboro and did some things that is unbecoming in a judge of the Superior Court of North Carolina. They published these things in their paper-result, the judge took notice of it and cited them to appear before him at his home town in Jackson and show cause why they should not be punished for contempt of court.

They came to Jackson Saturday morning accompanied by their counsel, former Judge W. S. O'B. Robinson, who was on the Superior court bench during the fusion days in North Carolina.

After Sheriff Joyner had opened the court at 10:30 o'clock Saturday morning the game was on. It was not regular court week at Jackson, and the crowd in the courtroom was small, not more than fifty people being present at the inquisition if such it might be called.

Judge Robinson opened the ball by springing an affidavit on Judge Peebles, together with a number of decisions backing up the affidavit, one of them being that of Judge Peebles' own rendition which stopped the wheels of the court for awhile until Judge Peebles could get his bearings.

The affidavit which the defendants' counsel presented which has already been printed but will bear repetition, was as follows: "Charles A. Brown and George W. Brown, the contemnors, named in a rule to show cause entitled as above and issued by R. B. Peebles, judge, requiring them to be and appear before him on Saturday, August 22, at Jackson, move to dismiss the proceedings as for contempt entitled as above and to discharge the aforesaid rule as to them for that the said rule was not based upon affidavit setting forth the matter upon which they were cited to appear or the cause of contempt as to which they were required by said rule to show cause. (Signed)

"ALLEN & ROBINSON,
"Attorneys for the Contemnors."

To back up this affidavit Judge Robinson quoted from several decisions of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, one of them being a case in Sampson county, where Judge Peebles himself had held the man to be in contempt, but was afterwards reversed by the Supreme court.

Judge Peebles wanted a little time to look over these decisions and took a recess until two o'clock calling two of the young members of the local bar, Messrs. F. R. Harris and W. H. S. Burgwyn, to assist him in comparing these decisions, with the present case.

After dinner the court re-convened and Judge Peebles refused to dismiss the proceeding and issued the following order: "Motion to dismiss refused and rule is amended by swearing to the rule. The respondents except and reserve their exceptions. The respondents move for a continuance and the motion is granted and Monday, September 28, is agreed upon for the next hearing."

Although Judge Robinson insisted that the hearing on the 28th be held at Weldon, Judge Peebles would not listen to this and stated that it would have to be in Jackson.

THE RAMBLER.

Thinking of an important factor in the business world today. Possibly the most important factor—MEN. Business success is the dominant dream of almost every creature. Various elements enter into business life. There is money—very necessary, but, money is to be had—it is waiting anxiously for the man. No matter what the financial condition may be nationally—if the right man appears the money is ready. There is machinery—another necessary factor. Great factories will gladly run twenty-four hours without a rest in order to furnish the machinery to the right man. There is material—very important, and yet, there is no appreciable scarcity of material—particularly if the right man seeks the material. But given money, machinery and material—the absolutely essential factor is still wanting—there must be men.

This is not a man-less world—no indeed. But it is certainly true that there is a marked shortage of the right men. The demand is in excess of the supply. Men of brain, trained brain, equipped brain. Men of character, strong character, developed character. Men of heart, tender heart, pure heart. Men of ability, natural ability, controlled ability. Men of will, massive will, mastered will. Men who are willing, always willing, happily willing. Machines do things right and do them right every time. Men do things right when they are willing to do them right, capability understood. The crying need is men.

The distinct object in business life is not the same as in former years. Once the object was production. Methods of manufacture were crude. The market was ready and reaching anxiously for the product and the thought was to produce more efficiently. Nowadays the distinct object is that of distribution. It is getting the product where it is needed and where it should be handled. This great purpose of distribution implies two factors. There is the advertising—the creation of the desire. Then there is the salesmanship—the stimulation and satisfying of the created desire. It is easy to buy merchandis—enot so easy to sell it. It is easy to produce an dnot so easy to dispose of the production. Money buys merchandise and money buys machinery to produce. Money can be had.

It is easy, comparatively, to open up a store. To secure the building, select and purchase the proper fixtures and then purchase the stock. The real problem comes after this is accomplished. It is the problem of distribution. It is a fact today that people seldom run after a man and beg him to sell them merchandise. The people are busy trying to keep out of the way of the man who is determined to sell. The hustler, who energetically and successfully persuades the people that they just must have his merchandise.

Advertising is the biggest builder of confidence known. Big advertising books big sales. Sometimes people mistake advertising for merit—advertising never adds one cent to the intrinsic worth of the article but it does tell the story of merit to a waiting people. Merchandise must have merit first if they are to be sold and stay sold. The sale is not completed with its first making—the sale does not end so long as the purchaser is using the article sold.

"Trey O' Hearts"

Second chapter Bijou today.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

COMBINATION AUCTION SALE

—OF—

REAL ESTATE

We will on September 1, 1914, commencing promptly at 10 A. M., on the premises, at 104 N. Water Street, and moving from place to place, in the order below mentioned, sell to the Highest Bidder,

ABSOLUTELY REGARDLESS OF PRICE AT AUCTION

the following described pieces of property in the City of Wilmington, on Very Easy Terms:

NO. 1—No. 104 N. Water, three-story building, next door to Maffitt building. Very valuable business property, this, and near the new Custom House. A rare opportunity to get valuable business property at your own price.

NO. 2—N. W. Cor. Second and Grace. Fine renting two-story residence, with excellent future for business or apartment location.

NO. 3—110 N. Tenth (near Princess). Nice cottage in section where big increases in value are a certainty. Don't overlook this one.

NO. 4—Two lots, 33x124 each, on East side of Twelfth, between Princess and Chestnut; also in section where values will soar in near future. 200 feet from Winoca Terrace, and near new County High School.

No. 5—3 houses on Castle street, 509, 511, 513, between Fifth and Sixth This property is an excellent renter on best paved street in the City, on Car Line. GOOD INVESTMENT and in Neighborhood where values are increasing.

NO. 6—Hanover Street, 301, 303 and 305. Splendid renting property, being only a few steps from the A. C. L. Shops; having both water and sewerage, and facing brick street; 12, 10 and 8 rooms. A Bargain here for somebody.

ALL OF THIS PROPERTY MUST BE SOLD TO SETTLE AN ESTATE. This sale is not subject to a 10 per cent. raise or rejection of bid.

FREE CARRIAGES will be furnished for those attending the sale, and will leave Front and Princess streets promptly at 10:00 A. M., and but a few minutes will be consumed at each place, moving from place to place in the order mentioned.

At 3 o'clock P. M. at Seventeenth and Dock, 5 Valuable Residence Lots will be sold to the high bidder, on very easy terms. This property will be positively sold to settle a partnership. These lots front on car line, and are bound to increase in value.

Carriages leave Front and Princess promptly at 2:45 P. M. Terms, easy.

THE UNITED REALTY COMPANY

"Auction Real Estate Sales a Specialty"

ANNOUNCEMENT

This is to announce that the garage and service department of the Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Company has been sold to Mr. R. F. Johnson of the Ford Automobile Company who will continue to operate this business at the same location No. 5-11 North 3rd Street, and will continue to give the service which the Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Company has given to its patrons.

We will ask that all accounts due to the Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Company be handled promptly, payment of the same being made at the office of the Queen City Cycle Company, No. 209 Market Street.

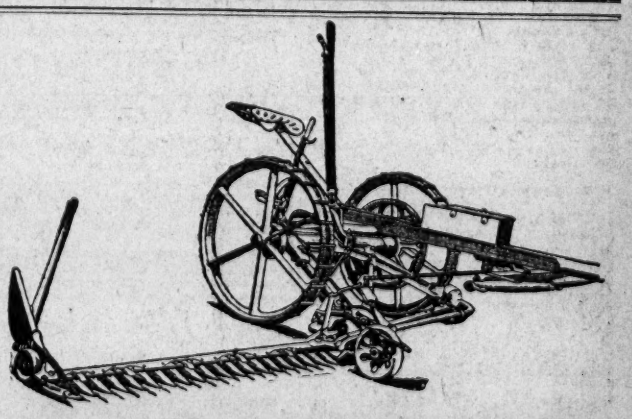
All outstanding accounts against the Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Company should be presented at once to the above office for payment.

We thank our friends for the patronage and support which they have given us.

Pickard-Bleecker Automobile Co.
au 19-7t.

MADE BY NR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK

BLUE-PRINTS



WALTER A. WOOD MOWING MACHINES AND HORSE RAKES

We are this day receiving our first carload of these Superior Machines. We will put them up against any machine sold and controlled by the great Harvester Trust.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

East Carolina Distributing Agents.
PURCELL BUILDING. WILMINGTON, N. C.

We give back your money If our New Remedy Does not end your Skin Trouble

Saxo Salve

There is no remedy that will cure every disease—but there are some that we know to be honest, reliable, and of great curative value. Such is Saxo Salve.

No Skin Sufferer should therefore hesitate to try it. We take all the risk and bear all the expense if Saxo Salve fails—but as it succeeds in over 90% of the cases our risk is not so great after all. Will you try it?

ROBERT R. BELLAMY, Druggist
Wilmington, N. C.

¶ *If you value superior service, let us be your pharmacist. Prices are reasonable and alike to all.*

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

DAILY PORT MOVEMENT

New Orleans—Receipts, 10; stock, 50,163.
Galveston—Receipts, 21,60; stock, 37,934.
Mobile—Receipts, 5; stock, 2,303.
Savannah—Receipts, 488; stock, 7,-197.
Charleston—Stock, 1,156.
Wilmington—Stock, 7,753.
Norfolk—Stock, 13,856.
Baltimore—Stock, 2,887.
Boston—Receipts, 82; stock, 4,100.
Philadelphia—Exports, 130; stock, 2,282.
New York—Stock, 93,826.
Minor ports..Stock, 1,823.
Total today—Receipts, 2,745; exports, 130; stock, 224,831.
Total for week—Receipts, 5,360; exports, 3,215.
Total for season—Receipts, 10,445,-856; exports, 8,880,673.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Receipts, 7,334; shipments, 4,971; stock, 31,911.
Memphis—Receipts, 30; shipments, 4,971; stock, 15,039.
Augusta—Middling, 8¾; receipts, 314; shipments, 75; stock, 9,343.
St. Louis—Receipts, 27; shipments, 38; stock, 14,249.
Cincinnati—Receipts 39; shipments, 38; stock, 12,317.
Little Rock—Receipts, 2; shipments, 6; stock, 5,484.
Total today—Receipts, 7,746; shipments, 5,137; stock, 88,343.

BIG GAIN IN WHEAT.

Market Responded to Call and Gain of Over Three Cents is Result

Chicago, August 25.—Wheat again responded to the call today and registered a gain of 3¼ to 3⅜c on the theory that Europe would have to pay the price. The prices constituted new high levels for the crop. Corn advanced ⅝ to 1⅝c, and oats ⅞ to 1¼c while provisions concluded the session 7½ lower to 22½ higher, except September pork, which was neglected and dropped 65c.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—September, 103; December, 107; May, 113½.
Corn—September, 80; December, 70⅞.
Oats—September, 46⅝; December, 48⅝.
Pork—September, 2135; January, 2155.
Lard—September, 1005; October, 1022; January, 1055.
Ribs—September, 1257; January, 1122.

Cash grain: Wheat No 2 red 103@107; No. 2 hard 102@104½. Corn No. 2 yellow 82½@¾. Oats standard 47@47¼.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

New York, August 25.—While no increased activity was report in the matter of closing out of commitments, there was a larger attendance on the floor of the Cotton exchange today, attracted probably by the hope of a definite announcement of the Washington cotton conference. Reports that the amount loaned to growers would depend upon individual banking transaction afforded little basis for conjectures as to probable minimum values, but the Washington news was quiet generally regarding as indicating that enough currency could be issued against warehouse certificates to permit of liberal advances.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, August 25.—Cotton seed oil was steady early on support from refiners, but later eased off slight under selling against crude and lack of outside demand. Final prices were unchanged to three points net lower. Sales 5700 barrels.

The market closed firm. Spot 680@90; August, 680@90; September, 668@70; October, 665@68; November, 651@53; December, 653@54; January, 655@656; February, 656@62; March, 660@65.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, August 25.—The demand for unfinished cottons from converters and jobbers showed improvement today. Prices on colored goods were held firm, but some kinds of grey goods, especially certain constructions of print cloths, were easier. Woolen and worsted mens wear values tended upward. Bright full dress satins were the leading broad silks called for by the retailers.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, August 25.—Hogs strong, bulk, $90@925; light $95@940; mixed $70@890; heavy $50@870; rough $50@870; Pigs $50@860; Cattle steady. Beeves $60@10.05; Steers $25@930; stockers $35@810; Cows and heifers $70@910; calves $50@10.60. Sheep weak $50@575; yearlings $70@670; lambs $25@810.

NAVAL STORES MARKET.

Savannah, August 25.—Turpentine nominal 45½, no sales; receipts 741, shipments 186, stocks 29,352.

Rosins nominal, no sales, receipts, 1,413, shipments 308, stocks 119,897. Quote: A and B, $50; C and D, $52½; E, F, G, H, and I, $55; K, 4.15; M, 4.50; N, 600; WG, 625; W, W, 635.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

Liverpool, August 25.—There was a good inquiry for spot cotton today and quotations were well mainained, especially for the higher grades. Sales 1500 bales including American on the basis of 6.20 for middling. Receipts 6,000 bales including 25.00 American.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, August 25.—Raw sugar easy, molasses 511; centrifugal 576. Refined steady. Butter firm, Cheese quiet.

FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, August 25.—Mercantile paper 6½@7. Sterling exchange nominal, for cables $5.0550; for demand $5.0250. Bar silver 53⅝.

WANT AMERICAN TROOPS TO LEAVE VERA CRUZ

Party of Mexicans Urge Carranza to Demand Their Removal at Once.

Vera Cruz, Mex., August 24.—A committee of residents of Vera Cruz who have sympathized with the Constitutionalist cause, has gone to the capital to urge Provisional President Carranza to demand the withdrawal of the American troops. So confident are they that the Americans will be taken out of the State September 1st, that they have organized a local city government the services of which they intend to offer to General Carranza.

The advance line of the Federal troops, which had faced the American troops since April 23rd, was withdrawn today to Cordoba, preparatory to being mustered out.

Fugitives of the better class of Mexicans, thousands of whom are here, report conditions in the capital far from settled.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,289 tons, Hollasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.
Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Linke, Heide & Co.
Str. Brilliant (Amer.), Packer, Standard Oil Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulbourn, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Aug. 25.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.
ROSIN—Nominal
TAR—Quiet; 2.00 per barrel; per gallon, 9c.
CRUDE TURPENTINE — Nominal, 3.00 per barrel for soft; 3.00 per barrel for virgin; 2.00 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 37½, rosin, firm, 3.60; tar, firm, 2.20-10c.; crude, firm, 3.00, 3.00, 2.00.

Receipts.

Spirits Turpentine.. 1
Rosin.. 3
Tar.. 4
Crude Turpentine .. .. (—)

Receipts same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 16 casks; risin, 53 barrels; tar, 20 barrels; crude turpentine, 14 barrel.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Spot, middling, nominal; last year, nominal.
Receipts—(—) bales; same day last year, (—) bales.
Total receipts since September 1st, 398,877 bales.
Total receipts same day last year, 317,857 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, Aug. 25, 1914.

Atlantic Coast Line—1 cask spirits turpentine; 3 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

Total—1 cask spirits turpentine; 3 barrels rosin; 4 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Aug. 22.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.
POTATOES—Irish potatoes, $1.00 per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, $1.25 per bu.
PEAS—Out of season.
BEEF—Native dressed, 8@9c.; very dull.
PORK—Small, 10@12 cents; large, no sale.
SHEEP—No sale. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head.
WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.
HIDES—Green salt, 12c.; dry flints, 17@19c. lb.; dull.
NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 20c., dull; sides and shoulders, 15c. per lb.
BEESWAX—Firm, 28@29c. per lb.
POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 12½@30c. per head. Very dull.
EGGS—20c.@21c. per doz.; good demand.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., July 27.

Spanish—Market Steady—Farmers' Spanish $1.10 per bushel.
Virginias—Firm—Jumbo 4c per lb. Fancy Hand Picked 3¾ to 4c per lb. Extra Prime 3½c to 3¾c per lb. Prime 3½c per lb. Machine Picked 3½c to 3¾c per lb.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C Aug. 22.—North Carolina Peanuts: Market weaker; receipts, light; fancy hand-picked, 85c.; No. 1, machine picked, 80c.
Virginias — Steady. Fancy hand picked, $1.00; No. 1, machine picked, 95c. per bushel.
Spanish—Weaker, $1.00 per bushel.

FOODSTUFFS AND FEED.

(Quotations of Monday, by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

Patent Flour—$5.50 to $6.25 per barrel.
Corn—Domestic, $1.10; Imported, $1.00 to $1.05.
Meal—96 lbs., $2.10 to $2.15.
Oats—Mixed, 60c.; white, 60c. per bushel.
Middlings—$34.00 to $35.00.
Hay—No. 1, Timothy, $25.00; No. 1, Mixed, $24.00.
D. S. Sides—14¼ to 14¾; Plates, 13c. to 13½c.
Lard—9c. to 9½c.
Coffee—11½c. to 16c.
Rice—3¾c. to 6½c.
Sugar—Fluctuating. (Present cost in New York, 7⅝c.)
Molasses—As it stands, 40c per gallon.

SHOOTING AFFRAY IN GREENE.

One Man at Point of Death, Another a Fugitive.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., August 25.—Arnold Mills is at the point of death and Pinkney Grant, who shot him, is a fugitive in Greene county, according to a report from Brownsville. The men are residents of the notorious mullato colony at Brownsville, and Grant bears a bad reputation.

The men had been enemies for some time. Mills had previously suffered injury at the hands of Grant. A man who sought to elope with Mills' sister was aided by Grant, who set out to secure the license. Mills intercepted him and was assailed by the other with a bludgeon and severely beaten.

The direct cause of the recent difficulty is not known. Mills was shot in the left breast, a pistol bullet lodging dangerously near the heart.

TO BUILD NEW CHURCH.

Preparations Being Made by Colored Free Will Baptists of Kinston.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., August 5.—The colored Free Will Baptist congregation in the northeastern part of the city is preparing to build what will probably be the finest home owned by a church of the denomination in the country. The building, to be erected at East and Blount streets, will cost $1,000 or $15,-000, and will be the handsomest negro church in Kinston.

The colored Free Will Bapitsts are stronger in this section than anywhere else in the United States. The denomination is confined principally to the Southern States.

One-step Contest Tomorrow night at Lumina. Tonight mid-week dance.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

QUIET REST AND BEAUTIFUL SCENERY OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Something of People and Events in the Blowing Rock Country.

(By Old Hurrygraph.)

Green Park, N. C., Aug. 25.—Think of being at a place where you do not hear the chatter of English sparrows; the bark of a dog, or the crow of a rooster. The absence of these familiar sounds in the early morning is something peculiar, but this is peculiarly characteristic of Green Park, in a frame of forestry, presenting a beautiful picture of living green, and animated life with the 150 guests enjoying the quiet rest and beautiful scenery of this famous Blowing Rock country, 4,300 feet above sea level; with weather ideal in coolness and balminess that is invigorating and refreshing; roads as beautiful and as fine as one would desire to ride over, and giving the greatest pleasure to the scores and scores of autoists who are now in these grand mountains taking in all of its lovely scenery. Visitors are rushing up to take advantage of witnessing the grandeur here revealed in nature before the season closes.

Among late arrivals at the famous hotel are Hon. John D. Bellamy, who is the center of interest by his interesting conversations and recital of events; Miss Mary H. Bellamy, and Miss Margaret Bellamy, of Wilmington; Mrs. R. G. Lassiter and Miss Katherine Lassiter, of Oxford; Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Meelis, of High Point; H. L. Lee and J. H. Pou, of Raleigh; Mrs. W. O. Miller and Misses Ruth and Lena Reeves, of Richmond, Va.; Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Cannon, of Concord; Miss Mary Osborne, of Savannah, Ga.; John S. Williams, Jr., of Memphis, Tenn.; Lee C. Bradley, Jr., of Birmingham, Ala.; Henry B. Tompkins, of Atlanta, Ga. They are brilliant additions to the already large and delighted crowd at this resort.

The dance last Saturday evening was the largest and most interesting social event of the season on the mountains. The beautiful Green Park ball room was a lively scene, with 24 couples dancing at one time, and there were several relays of as many couples in order to accommodate the dancers. Fifteen machines from a distance poured their occupants into the vortex of pleasure, and with the hotel guests it made the largest and most interesting assemblage seen up here in many a day.

The guests daily form themselves into driving parties, both machines and surries; horse back parties; walking parties, and visit the various mountain peaks, and places of interest; with many straw rides, and numerous little social functions of many kinds, such as watermelon slicings, marshmallow roasts, and such like. It is gay in this respect. A very unique birthday party was pulled off Friday afternoon. Little Eugene Wily, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Wily, of Durham, was the host. He celebrated his fifth birthday, and 21 of his little friends of the hotel were guests. A table was beautifully arranged under a tree in front of the Morehead cottage, and it was spread with all kinds of good things to delight the heart of childhood, and in the center was a large iced cake with five wax tapers burning, representing his age. After a hay ride of more than an hour the young people returned and did full justice to the table's burden.

Several artists have charmed the summer visitors with fine music on Sunday evenings, and have given delightful sacred concerts in voice, violin and piano. Last Sunday evening, after one of these entertainments, Mrs. Bessie Leak, of West Durham, formed a choir of the entire guest body and as accompanist, had some good old-fashioned singing of familiar hymns. All entered heartily into the spirit of the occasion and it was one of the most delightful evenings spent in the hotel.

One-step Contest Tomorrow night at Lumina. Tonight mid-week dance.—Advertisement.

"The Rose for Love."

"Trey O' Hearts" Bijou today.—Advertisement.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

August 26, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 80 degrees; at 8 P. M., 81 degrees; maximum 92 degrees; minimum, 77 degrees; mean, 84 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .04; rainfall for the month, to date, 7.11 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 1.9 fet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Local thundershowers Wednesday and Thursday; cooler Wednesday east portion.

The Port Calendar, Aug. 26, 1914.

Sun rises.. .. ..5:41 A. M.
Sun sets.. .. ..6:46 P. M.
Day's length.. .. ..13 hrs. 5 min.

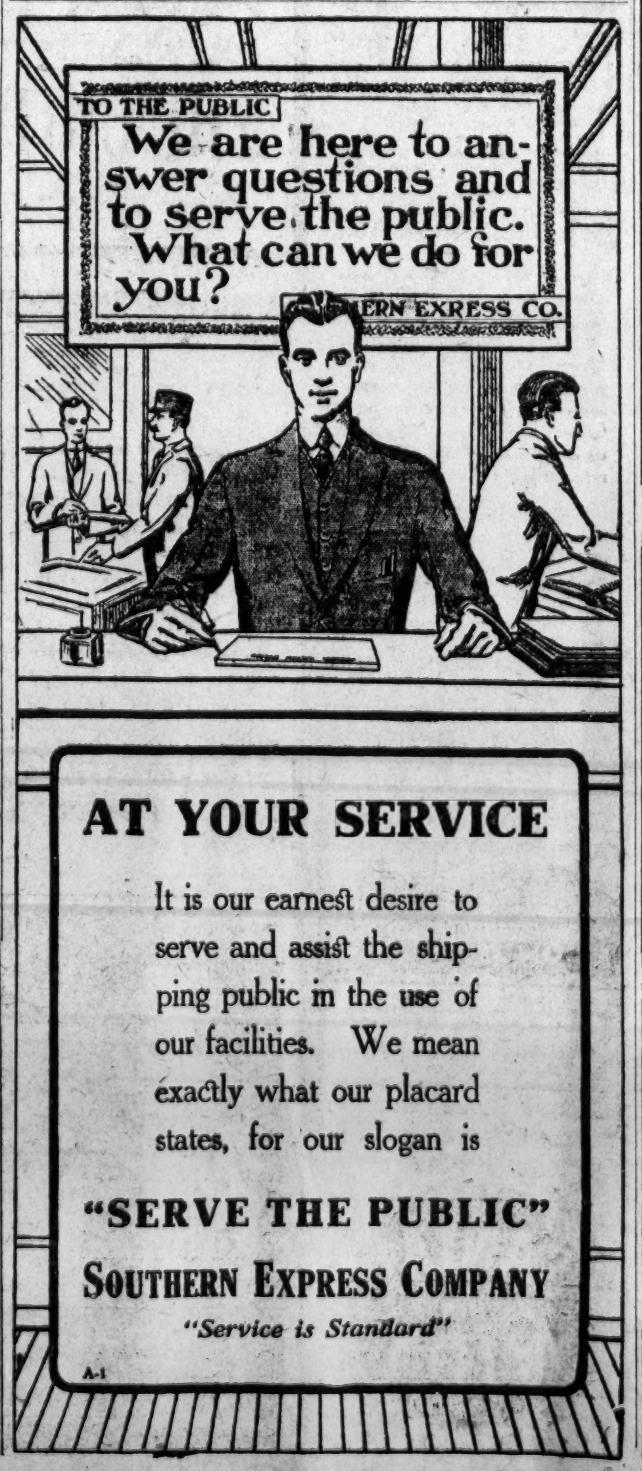
The Tides.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington. . .	1:06	1:52	8:26	9:15
Southport. .	.11:31	11:53	5:20	6:06
Masonboro Inlet	11:20	11:42	5:00	5:46

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

August 25, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M
Abilene... .	cldy	82	70	.36
Asheville. .	cldy	82	64	1.88
Atlanta. . .	cldy	88	68	.0
Augusta. .	pt cldy	92	72	.0
Birmingham .	cldy	90	70	.02
Boston . .	clear	76	56	.0
Charleston. .	clear	90	78	.0
Charlotte. . .	cldy	92	72	.02
Chicago . .	clear	68	66	.0
Galveston. .	clear	88	80	.04
Jacksonville.	clear	92	76	.0
Memphis . .	cldy	84	72	.26
Mobile... . .	cldy	84	76	.14
Montgomery .	cldy	88	72	.46
New Orleans	cldy	90	76	.0
New York . .	cldy	74	62	.0
Oklahoma. .	cldy	82	74	.01
Palestine pt	cldy	92	76	.0
Pittsburg . .	cldy	70	60	.0
Raleigh.. . .	cany	90	76	.08
Savannah. .	rany	92	74	.0
Shreveport . .	cldy	90	72	.0
St. Louis. . .	cldy	74	66	.86
Washington .	rany	64	62	.08



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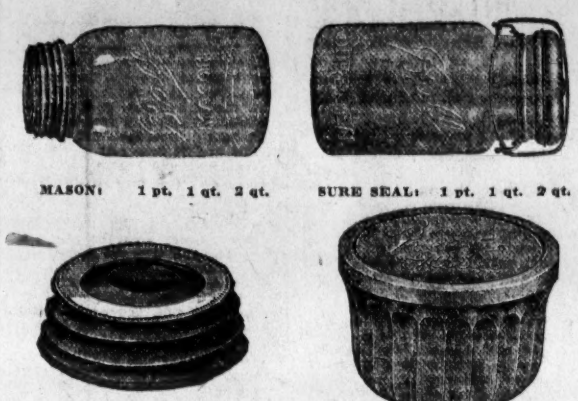
SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY

"Service is Standard"

A-1

FRUIT JARS

THEY ARE RIGHT HERE IN STOCK. ORDERS FILLED DAY RECEIVED.



MASON: 1 pt. 1 qt. 2 qt. SURE SEAL: 1 pt. 1 qt. 2 qt.

JAR TOPS: For each kind of Jars. JELLY GLASSES: ½ pt. size.
JAR RUBBERS — All grades for Ball and Sure Seal Jars.
PRESERVING KETTLES — Iron, Agate or Aluminum.
APPLE PARERS—A complete line. APPLE CORERS—
DON'T DELAY——ORDER TODAY.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 and 12 So. Front St.

First Of Its Kind

Wilmington at Last to Have a Hat Show, Where the Latest Styles, Shapes and Colors Will be Demonstrated Free of Charge.

On tomorrow we will have on exhibition on our counters Samples of the celebrated

KNOX AND STETSON HATS

for the coming season—1914-1915. We invite the public to call in and look and get an idea of the styles and colors that prevail for the coming season. It is our pleasure to show and instruct you in the latest fashions.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

One Price Clothiers and Furnishers.

'Phone No. 617. No. 9 N. Front St.

An Expert Cutter, Representing

HOPKINS TAILORING CO.

of Baltimore, Md.,

Will be at our store Saturday and Monday, Aug. 22nd and 24th, with a full line of Fall and Winter Samples. We respectfully invite you to call and examine this beautiful line of merchandise.

FLEET-DAVIS CO.

'Phone 673. Next to the Bijou

Kermath Marine Motors

The 12 h. p. Gasoline engine that has no equal. Woodruffs up-to date Stationary Gasoline Engine that runs 21½ hours on 2 gallons of gasoline.

GENUINE OLD TOWN CANOES

Aluminum ware, guaranteed for 20 years. Tools for every body. Motor Boat supplies, Fishing Tackle that's fit for fishing, Cable Ranges, Furnaces and Heaters.

WINTER'S COMING

The Foard Hardware Store

29 SO. FRONT ST.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

MILL—RAILROAD—STEAMBOAT WORK

FOUNDERS—BOILER MAKERS—MACHINISTS.
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On the 24th day of December we will absolutely GIVE away FREE, a handsome PLAYER PIANO.

In the meantime, we will give away FIVE GOLD WATCHES and quite a lot of Silverware; Spoons, Forks, Knives, etc.

Remember, all these things will be GIVEN away.

Come to us and we will tell you all about it.

Ammen's Prickly Heat Powder. The best remedy for the purpose on the market.

Come and take a look at the latest thing in Toilet Waters and Perfumes. The perfect flower preserved in each bottle. The Most Beautiful Thing you have ever seen.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

The Specializers in Drug Store Goods.

Special Prices on Fireless Cookers

For 10 Days Only.

See Us for a Bargain.

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SEED RYE

200 bags Seed Rye.
200 bags Burt Oats.
500 bags Rice.
500 bbls Fancy Patent Flour.
500 bbls. Standard Patent Flour.
500 bbls. Self-Rising Flour.
200 bags Coffee.
300 bags Arab Horse Feed.
Send orders and prices will be Right

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TO SECURE GROWING OF MORE FOODSTUFFS

Southeastern Food Crops Conference in Atlanta

Big Meeting to be Held Early in October Planned by Georgia Chamber of Commerce—Call for Hundreds of Delegates.

(Special Star Correspondence)

Atlanta, Ga., August 25.—The Georgia Chamber of Commerce is arranging to hold a big meeting in Atlanta in the early part of October, which will be known as the Southeastern Food Crops Conference. The object of the conference will be to secure the growing of a larger amount of all foodstuffs, both for man and animals, in the cotton producing states of the southeast. At the same time, the cotton states lying west of the Mississippi will be requested to hold a similar conference in some suitably located city within easy reach of their territory.

The plans, as outlined by the state chamber, call for between 500 and 600 delegates. The commissioner of agriculture in each state will be requested to appoint a delegate from each county in his state, with alternate delegates in case of inability to attend on the part of the first one named. These men will be selected by reason of their influence among the farmers of their home counties.

Foolishness of One Crop Idea.

The importance of raising sufficient foodstuffs so that the southeast will not have to import any next year will be earnestly impressed upon the meeting. Since the coming of the European war, the entire South is getting an object lesson on the foolishness of depending too much on any one crop, no matter how strong a crop that may be. It is necessary that every county shall grow at least enough to feed itself next year. It is impossible to say how long this war may last. Earl Kitchener, the British Minister of War, who is probably the most reliable source of information, states that it will extend over a period of eighteen months. That will mean two crops for us. It is imperative that the South shall be absolutely independent of outside sources of supply for next year. Then, no matter what price cotton may bring, we shall be immune from the effects of high prices for food stuffs in other parts of the world. The South can do it. Before the Civil War it was practically an unknown thing for a Southerner to buy any meats, grain or other staple foods from anywhere outside the South.

Meeting Inspirational.

The date for the Conference will probably be October 5 and 6. It is possible that it will be found advisable to change these dates a little, but it will be held at about that time in order that the effect may be felt before the fall crops of small grains are planted. The meetings will follow the same general plan of those held during the Boll Weevil campaign of last year, when diversity of crops was so strongly urged. They will be inspirational in character. At the close, each delegate will be asked to personally undertake to create an effective organization in his home county. These local organizations will make a personal canvass of all farmers and secure their promises to plant largely increased acreage in foodstuffs for next year.

In order to make a campaign of this nature bring results it is essential that it be made wide enough to cover all the cotton growing states. The Georgia Chamber of Commerce in undertaking to call conference is doing a work for the entire south that compels the heartiest cooperation from every individual who calls himself a son of Dixie.

Careful plans are being made to ensure the attendance of at least one delegate from every county in each state affected. Therefore the effect will be such as to turn the present war scare into a blessing and to set a new date from which to mark the prosperity and independence of the Greater South.

ARMY TRANSPORTS NOT TO BE NEEDED

(Continued from Page One.)

Lloyd steamer Kronprinz Wilhelm was in the vicinity of Santo Domingo.

The Kronprinz Wilhelm left New York last month under cover of darkness and heavily coaled. Later she was interrupted off Bermuda while supplying fuel to the German cruiser Karlsruhe. The British cruiser Bristol engaged the Karlsruhe in a short battle and the Kronprinz Wilhelm fled. She had not since been heard from definitely.

The Lenadores operator was unable to decipher the messages in full, but they were addressed, he thought, to the Karlsruhe and seemed to come from a station which the operator believed the Germans have taken charge of in Santo Domingo and refitted with high power instruments.

The Ward liner Havana arriving today from Cuba, reported its wireless operator had not overheard any wireless communication on their voyage north. The Havana brought among its 100 passengers, James L. Rodgers, United States consul general at Havana, who will consult State Department officials.

Unless the United States government interferes the British freighter Francisco, of the Wilson Line, will sail for Hull, England, tomorrow, with two small guns on the stern deck. She will carry 6,000 tons of cargo, mostly grain.

Southampton, instead of Liverpool, will again become the home port of the White Star liner Olympic and the American Line steamers beginning with the sailing of the Olympic and the St. Paul from September 2, it was announced today.

—Rosie Howard, colored, was arrested last night by Officers B. W. Jacobs and Frank George and locked up on a charge of violating the prohibition law.

Big real estate auction sale Tuesday, September 1, 10 A. M.—Advertisement.

Delicious Concord Grapes — Phone your grocer.—Advertisement.

THE MERRY-GO-ROUND OF PROSPERITY

(By DOUGLAS MALCOLM.)

"There are men in my neighborhood," said a country merchant, "whom I call 'endless chain farmers,' while there are others whom I call 'breakers,' the latter so-called because I know that there will be certain periods of each year in which they will have a break in their incomes. The first always pay as they buy, while I look out that the second only buy as they pay."

This merchant was not a farmer himself, but he had grown rich doing business with them and the knew the financial standing and the farm methods of every man in his community. In a little speech which he once made he explained his endless chain theory: "Farming" said he, "entails every law of political economy ever mentioned by John Stuart Mill. There is unearned increment, a margin of utility, the law of supply and demand, the manufacturers' profits, consumption of raw material, plant depreciation, and the labor question. Over some of these economic principles the farmer has present control, while others he has none. He can more or less control raw materials, manufacturers' profits and plant depreciation—in fact, his success as a farmer depends on the way he handles corn and fodder, and his manufacturer's profits are determined by the way his cattle and hogs turn this raw material into marketable beef and pork, and his plant depreciation depends on the disposition he makes of the humus in building up his soil. A farmer who sells his corn as he harvests it, leaving his fodder to shrivel up in the field, who gives no thought of replacing the plant foods which each crop takes from the soil, makes a profit only from his raw material, and when that is sold his income ceases.

"On the other hand, the farmer who saves his fodder, shredding it for the mow or chopping it for his silo, has cheap raw material wherewith to feed cattle and hogs who manufacture it into butter fat, beef and bacon, the sale of which brings in a steady all-year income. These in their turn provide fertilizer which next year makes the soil richer, so that there is more raw material for feed, more cattle and hogs to sell, more money constantly coming in, and so on, year after year. These are what I call 'endless chain farmers'. They are the ones who live comfortably, enjoy farming, and send their boys and girls to college."

Probably the most comfortable farmers of this country are the corn-raising farmers, because, as the little black dots on the government map show, they have more hogs and more cattle per capita than the others. There are approximately 100,000,000 acres of corn to be harvested this fall—the richest, most productive crop our country knows—and yet in connection with this harvest there is an equal probability that a fair per cent of the value of this crop will be wasted. Sad as it is, it required centuries to find out that from 30 to 40 per cent of the nutritive value of the corn is in the stalk, leaves, and husks, and it has not been learned entirely yet that even without a silo the corn stalks on the farm, when properly shredded, have a feeding value practically equal to timothy hay and prairie grass and a fertilizing value far in excess of either.

All farmers do not have silos, but more and more are seeing the light, and each year thousands of these profit-getting obelisks are being erected. The value of the corn stalk is being widely advertised, but still there are those who do not realize that it is the finest auxiliary roughage when fed with either ensilage, clover or alfalfa, as a balanced part of the grain ration. For instance, in a recent experiment at the Agricultural College of Nebraska, it was found that—"stover fed with alfalfa returned a value of $4.57 per ton, in comparison with alfalfa at $6.00 per ton as the sole roughness." In another experiment, this time at the New Jersey Station, it was found that of 200 pounds of corn stalks fed to a cow during ten days, 60 pounds, or 30 per cent remained uneaten. This corn was unshredded but carefully harvested The editor of Farmers' Bulletin No. 107, of the United States Department of Agriculture series, in summarizing the results, says—"shredding would no doubt result in more complete consumption of the stalks."

In none of these trials, however, has it been claimed that shredded fodder is as good as ensilage, for it is not, but the demarkation line between the two as rough feed for cattle is closer than the ordinary believer knows.

In the Pennsylvania Station Bulletin, No. 83, corn stover and corn silage were compared with two lots of six steers each. They were fed with the concentrates corn and cottonseed meal In 126 days of the test the average gain on corn stover was 214 pounds per steer and on silage 240 pounds. The total cost of the corn stover ration was $108.73 and of the corn silage ration $109.91.

Husking and shredding machines will not efface the silo, far from it, but they will efface a portion of the enormous waste of our corn crop, both of silo owners and of others. How great this waste has been can only be conjectured as a whole, but by the acre a pretty accurate calculation can be made. Thus, for example, if the value of the ear corn from an acre of ground amounted to $25.00 the value of the shredded corn stalk from the same acre would be normally $14.68. Multiply this by every acre of corn left (unshredded) and the amount would be enough almost to support the poor of our big cities.

The average yield of corn stover is between two and three tons per acre. Were we only to allow it one-third of the average feed value of good hay, we should require only three acres of this fodder to equal one acre of hay. Now hay is one of the most negotiable commodities coming from the field. There is always a market for it, and of late years it has commanded good prices, and yet in nearly every part of the country where shredded fodder has become customary it required a short hay crop to awaken the community to the fact that shredded stover was hay or is hay in everything but name and reputation.

Selling the hay and feeding the fodder is one link in the endless income. Cheap food and high-priced butter and beef is the second link. A third link, so to speak, is in the nature of a rebate. We get back part of what we give. In farming, as in business, we must render unto Caesar what we take from him, and in this case Caesar is the soil. Without going into the detail of soil chemistry, it is sufficient to say that unless we return nitrogen and salt containing humus to the field from which we gather our corn crop, our corn yield will grow less each year, just as the wheat yields are diminishing in the prairies.

Stable manure is by far the best natural fertilizer within the reach of the average man, but the way it has been handled would cause a chemist to weep. Liquid manure is laden with gold bearing nitrogen, but to be saved and utilized it must come in contact with something of an absorbant nature. Corn stalks do not absorb at all, many straws absorb poorly, but shredded stover, singularly enough, acts like a blotting paper. It is the king of beddings. It is easily handled, goes through the spreader nicely, and rots easily. It is next year's insurance for next year's income and it does not lessen any the returns for the current year. The signs of the agricultural times indicate to those who can read signs that it is only a matter of time when barnyard humus will be as jealously conserved in this country as it is now in Japan and India, and that the farm in the future without a spreader will be as unique as the farm today without a wagon. The United States Agricultural Department and the State Schools in advocating the wider use of shredded stover are playing safe, because they are not advocating a policy which is going to cost those who practice it extra money. Many tests have proved that husking by hand in the field as compared with cutting the corn with a binder and husking it with a machine, allowing for machine depreciation and all that, costs practically the same. The shredding is thrown in and the corn fodder is practically velvet. From 250 to 1,000 bushels of corn can be husked hand and binding and husking by machine is so near identical that there is no choice.

The main difference between the two methods is that one gives you rheumatism and the other gives you rheuder.

CRAIG WIRES 10 GOVERNORS

Asking Them to Meet With Him in Conference September 3rd on Cotton Situation.

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 25.—After a conference with representative farmers, bankers and manufacturers held here today, Governor Craig wired the governors of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, South Carolina, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Tennessee requesting them to meet with him and appoint 50 delegates from each State, at a conference to be held in Atlanta September 3rd, to devise plans for saving from sacrifice and prevent, if possible, the threatened disaster to the cotton crop of the South.

The North Carolina executive is expecting favorable replies from each of the governors addressed and there is little doubt that the meeting will be held.

PROMISE "LEGISLATIVE REST."

Democrats of Ohio Adopt Platform—Progressives and Republicans.

Columbus, O., Aug. 25.—Ohio Democrats and Progressives adopted platforms at conventions here today, but Republicans adjourned tonight until tomorrow to take final action.

The Democrats' declaration of principles promised a period of "legislative rest." Prohibition and woman suffrage were not mentioned. Party pledges of two years ago were re-affirmed and State and National prohibition and the proposed stated equal suffrage amendment were endorsed in the platform adopted by the Progressives.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone — but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERienced shoe clerk. Can give best of references as to ability and habits. Address "M," care Box 572, city. au26-2t

LARGE IRISH POTATOES, 40c peck; country eggs, 28c doz; good table butter, 3 pounds, $1; pippin ap-75c; corn and tomatoes, 3 cans, 25c; 75c; cornand tomatoes, 3 cans, 25c; chickens anywhere from 25c up. Large grown hens, 60c each. Phone 1938, L. T. New. au26-1t

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS, ONE WITH private bath. Near car line, centrally located. Address, Box 805, Wilmington, N. C. au28-2t

WAR ON PRICES—10c FOR LARD— best it? We sell for cash and that's why we are cheaper. Phone 672, 109 South Front, Cape Fear Grocery. au26-1t

WANTED—POSITION BY A YOUNG country boy. Age 18. Prefers a position in a grocery store. Some experience. Can give best references. Address F. N. Edens, 513 S. Wooster street, Wilmington, N. C. aug26-1t

WANTED TO KNOW THE WHERE-abouts of my boy, Samuel Mitchell, aged 14 years, color light ginger cake. Estelle Mitchell, R. F. D. Hallsboro, N. C. au26-1t

CHANGING PRICES EACH DAY DOES not affect our sale of 10 cent can goods, now 3 for 25 cents. We can do this for we sell for cash. Cape Fear Cash Grocery, Phone 672, 109 South Front street. au26-1t

4 QUART ENAMELED URESERV-ing Kettle, Free today with each $2.00 order. Fine lot of Eggs, Apples and Irish Potatoes. Phone 853 for quick delivery, C. H. Bornemann. au26-1t

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED ROOM in private family. 303 North Second street, Phone 1199-W. au26-1t

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD draught horses, first class condition, also two heavy wagons and harness. Will take in exchange real estate. U. A. Underwood. au25-tf

WANTED—MODERN SIX OR SEVEN room residence in desirable location. Not too far out. October 1st. Phone 663. au26-1t

WILL PARTY WHO MONDAY MORN-ing took by mistake kodak from transportation office of Tidewater Power Company please call and exchange. au25-2t.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN 25 YEARS of age, with experience in railroad work, wants place as stenographer. Address "A. B.," care Star. au25-2t*

WANTED—ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN with knowledge of shorthand, to act as stenographer and assistant bookkeeper. Apply at Swift & Co.'s, Nutt street. au25-2t

JUDGMENTS FOR SALE—I AM AUTH-orized to sell at considerable discount judgments aggregating $173 against the Germania Manufacturing Company, of Wilmington, N. C., in favor E. H. Fuhr and W. B. Grice. au25-1t

FOR RENT—SEVERAL ROOMS WITH privilege of good table board. Can also accommodate a limited number of regular or transient table boarders with good service at reasonable rates. 'Phone 1126-W. au25-7t*

WANTED — YOUNG COUNTRY BOY to work in grocery store. State age and experience, if any. Address "U. M. C.," care Star. au25-6t*

WE ARE HAVING A BIG SALE EV-ery day. Fresh meats, fruits, early vegetables and fancy groceries. 'Phone us, or come and see. We have the goods, variety and quality. Quick delivery. Palace Market, 108 So. Front street; 'Phone 72. au25-tf

WANTED — STUDENTS TO LEARN telegraphy. Positions guaranteed. Big demand; only short time required. Expert management. Terms reasonable. Board cheap. Charlotte Telegraphy School, Charlotte, N. C. au22-6t*

NOTICE — TO HAVE A PLEASANT, smiling face, you must eat pure food. The only way you can keep yours, by getting your food, groceries, delicatessen, vegetables, etc., at May Bros.' Delicatessen, 130 Market st.; 'phone 1322. au21-7t

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS FOR rent; light, airy and attractive; in private residence, newly painted and papered throughout, on Second street between Chestnut and Walnut. Rent reasonable. Address "P. Q. R.," care Star. au21-tf

NICE, COOL, NEWLY FURNISHED rooms, with board. All conveniences. No. 7 1-2 South Second street; 'phone 1116-J. au21-7t

FOR SALE—PRINTER'S IMPOSING stone, several type cases and other printing material displaced by new equipment. Address Morning Star, Wilmington, N. C. je30-tf

FOR RENT — RESIDENCE 218 SOUTH 2nd street, seven rooms, bath room and pantry. Possession at once. Apply to H. L. Fentress, 621 N. 4th st. 'Phone 228-J. au21-tf

ANNOUNCEMENT—THE DuBOIS LAB-oratory is now located at 202 North Front street, third floor front, in considerably enlarged quarters. A new department has been opened for Urine Analysis exclusively, this being in addition to the regular Industrial department. For the opening, and as a means of getting better acquainted with the public, a $5.00 urine analysis will be made for only $1.00 until further notice. Consultation free. Laboratory open from 8:00 A. M. to 5:00 P. M. au20-7t*

FOR RENT—BUILDING AND BASE-ment annex formerly occupied by Morning Star office. Twenty-two feet front by 60 feet depth; three floors. Possession given at once. Apply to J. H. Hinton, or at Morning Star office, 109 Chestnut street. aps-tf

ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE Agents wanted everywhere in N. C. Write today for full particulars. To delay means both of us will lose money. Business Men's Casualty Co., Winston-Salem, N. C. au16-eod6t

REDUCED OFFICE RENT IN THE Maffitt's Marine Wireless Building, Northeast corner Water and Princess streets. See C. D. Maffitt, Room No. 10; 'Phone 112. au23-tf

FOR SALE — GASOLINE TRAM EN-gine, 12 horsepower; also two lumber trucks. All in good condition. Will sell at a bargain. Address "Engine," care Star. au20-7t*

BUTTER—PROTECT YOUR HEALTH by purchasing "Catawba Gem" Butter, packed in sanitary cartons containing one pound. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. au11-tf

FOR SALE — HOUSE AND LOT, 107 South 7th street. New and modern. For a quick sale, $3,500.00. See M. C. Darby & Co., Sole Agents. au20-tf

WANTED— TO BUY A VICTROLA Cheap. State price. "M. L." care Star. au19-tf

OLD PAPERS—A LIMITED NUMBER of old newspapers suitable for wrapping or placing under carpets or matting, for sale at five cents per hundred. Apply at Star office.

WAR DID NOT AFFECT UNCLE Charlie's prices on leather goods or G. & S. trunks. 'Phone 642, or call No. 6, South Front St. au13-tf

EGGS—WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO supply the grocers with the "Ridgefield Brand Guaranteed Eggs," put up in cartons. Your dealer is authorized to give you twelve perfect eggs for a dozen. Order by name. Independent Ice Co., Distributors. au11-tf

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES RE-paired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 2nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

FRONT ROOM FOR RENT — FUR-nished; southwest exposure; one block from post office. Gentlemen preferred. Call at 216 North Second street; 'Phone 773. au2-tf

NOTICE—THE CAPPS-GRIFFITH Plumbing Co., has just received a car load of Warm Air Furnaces. Get ready for the cold weather. For metal roofing, slate or plumbing, see Capps-Griffith Plumbing Co. jy23-tr

STORAGE! STORAGE!! WE HAVE storage for anything and everything you want in brick building, concrete floor, on belt line, until October 1st only. Rates, reasonable. Address STORAGE, Morning Star, City. jy16-tf

Two best iron safes in the City of Wilmington, at present used by Navassa Guano Company. Will sell low to save expense of moving to our store.

Also twenty-five other iron safes of various sizes and makes for sale

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

Wholesale Grocers

WILMINGTON, N. C.

EL KAY

ONE PIECE CUFF BUTTON

GUARANTEED UNBREAKABLE

Geo. W. Huggins

JEWELER

105 Market Street.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

SECURITY 4% SERVICE

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK

Capital and Surplus $1,600,000

H. C. McQUEEN, President — C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier.
J. V. GRAINGER, V.-Pres. — M. F. ALLEN, Ass't Cash.
J. W. YATES, Vice-Pres. — W. S. JOHNSON, Ass't Chr

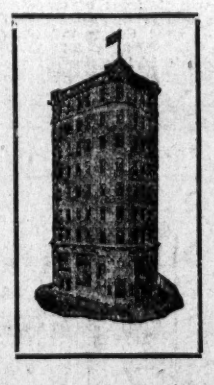
TAR BARRELS FOR SALE

CAPE FEAR OIL COMPANY

Wilmington, N. C. Phone 873

Atlantic Trust & Banking Company

WILMINGTON, N. C.



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Poverty, in most cases, is one's own fault. Start a savings account with this strong bank, add to it regularly and become independent.

We pay 4% Compound Interest every three months.

We act as Trustee, Guardian, Executor, Administrator and Fiscal Agents.

Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent, $1.50 a year and up.

MILTON CALDER, President.
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.
THOS. E. COOPER, Vice-President.
R. L. HENLEY, Cashier.

OFFICE EQUIPMENT!

Let Us Furnish Your Office.

We carry a full line of Wood and Steel Desks, Filing Cabinets, Card Index Cabinets, Typewriters, Dictaphones, Adding Machines, Mimeographs and Neostyles.

Also Office Stationery and Blank Books of all kinds.

Sole Agent for the Royal Typewriter, the Wales Adding Machine, and Columbia Dictaphone

C. W. YATES & CO.

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OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

209 North Front Street

Business Men's Lunch	15c
Breakfast	25c
Dinner	25c
Supper	25c

The Cleanest and Most Sanitary Place in the City, at Low Prices.

All White Help.

We Invite Your Inspection of Our Kitchen. The Most Up-to-Date Cafe in Wilmington.

Keep Cool

In a Pair of Our

Ladies'

Tan Oxfords and Pumps

Special $1.98

HEWLETT & PRICE

24 NO. FRONT STREET

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47 kegs 5d wire nails.
18 kegs 6d Wire Nails.
78 crates No. 2 Ax Handles.
106M Paper Bags.
69 Rolls Wrapping Paper.
63 Eagle Paper Cutters.
93 doz Daylight Burners.
17 Cases Toilet Soap.
43 Cases Argo Starch.
427 doz. Assorted Staple Drugs.

You can have above without paying war prices.

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Wilmington, N. C.

FRUIT JARS

Fruit Jars, all sizes enough for every body and at prices to suit the times

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Wholesale Grocer — Wilmington, N. C